

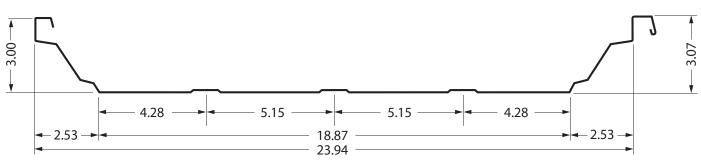
StrongSeam TS-324 Panel



Installation Manual

July 2022





nominal 24" coverage with clip insertion



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METAL PANELS

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1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Purpose of the Installation Guide

This installation guide is provided to **Metal Panels Inc.** customers and their eret ors as the reo mmended proe dure for the o rret as mbly of the **Metal Panels Inc.** Standing Seam Roof St em.

This guide is intended to be used in onjunction with the projet is erection drawings to help plan and organize the intended allation of the **Metal Panels Inc.** Standing Seam Roof Streem. The erection drawings identify the appliable roof conditions and govern specific part arrangements. The intended rule intended in the intended allation sequence, demonstrate or rectase mbly, and point out any areas or projections.

This installation guide applies to the standard **Metal Panels Inc.** Standing Seam Roof System. Custom roof conditions, inb uding a s om details and ins rubions will be o red by the erebion drawings. In case of conflict between this installation guide and the erection drawings, the erection drawings will have precedence.

1.2 Customer's Responsibility

The a somer is rep one ble for proper installation of the roof in ao rdane with the erection drawings and this installation guide, and in ao rdane with good engineering and one ruction practices

The a somer mus take the rep on bility for e leting a o mpetent eret or, in s that the work be performed by qualified and experienced standing seam metal roof installers, insist that the erector take time to study and understand this guide, then as re that the eret or o rret ly follows the guide's into rut ions

Metal Panels Inc. does not guarantee and is not liable for the quality of erection. **Metal Panels Inc.** is not responsible for building defects that may be attributed to improper erection or the negligene of other parties

Clarification concerning the **Metal Panels Inc.** roof installation **b** ould be direct ed to the **Metal Panels Inc.** Cub omer Serive Manager.

Contact the Metal Panels Inc. office:

Tulsa Office

131 S. 147th Eas Ae . Tula , OK 74116 Free: 866-MPI-PNLS Phone: 918-641-0641 Fax: 918-641-0640

Kansas City Office

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2.0 SAFE ROOF INSTALLATION

2.1 Erector's Responsibility

The erect or of the roof s em is rep on ble for the a fe exea tion of this int allation guide. Thee int rut ions are intended to des ibe the s quene and proper plae ment of parts. They are not intended to prescribe comprehensive a fety proe dures

If the erector cannot safely assemble the roof in accordance with thee intructions it is the rep one bility of the erect or to stop the work and contact Metal Panels Inc. to determine alternate as mbly proe dures

2.2 OSHA

The Oco pational Safety and Health At (OSHA) has promulgated many regulations applied ble to the intermediation of this or any other roof system. These regulations, identified as Part 1926, Safety and Health Regulations for Cont ruction, are as ilable from any government book ore. The objet is of the OSHA's andards is to protet the work r from injury or illnes Thee OSHA regulations b ould be recognize d as job is te requirements and be fully o mplied with.

Failure to do so may result in substantial fines in the event of an OSHA inp et ion. Safe intrallation pratie s may be further defined and made mandatory by state or local ordinane s

Maintaining good housekeeping on the jobsite is recognized as being important to both OSHA o mpliance and to s ce & ul job o mpletion.

2.3 Walking & Working on Roof Panels

A. PLACING PANELS ON THE STRUCTURE

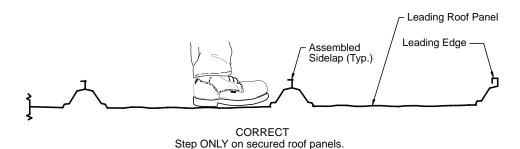
Do not place bundles of panels on the roof structure without first verifying the structure will safely support the o ne ntrated weight of the panels and the weight of the installation crew. Some roof structures may not be designed to support the weight of a full panel bundle without additional s rut ure s pport.

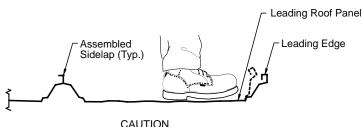
Do not walk on the last installed panel run, as the unsecured edge could collapse under a person's weight. When int alling tips or making endlap o nnet ions etc. t and where the roof s em as mbly will s poort v ur weight.

An approved and safe walking platform should be used in high traffic areas to prevent the roof panel from being deformed, scratched, or scuffed.

B. WALKING ON ROOF PANELS

Do not use a roof panel as a working platform. An unsecured panel o uld o llape under the weight of a pero nt anding between purlins or at the panel end or bide off of the roof.





DO NOT step on leading (unsecured) roof panel.



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2.0 SAFE ROOF INSTALLATION

2.3 Walking & Working on Roof Panels (Continued)

C. SAFETY EQUIPMENT

The use of safety equipment for the roof panel installation is reo mmended at all times during the installation proess. However, when using langards ensure that the bas, belt hooks and wire a bles are overed in substantially dragged along the panel.

D. CREW SIZE

The length of the indiv dual roof panels \mathbf{b} ould be \mathbf{o} ns dered when determining the \mathbf{c} ew \mathbf{s} \mathbf{e} . It is reo mmended that under normal conditions, there be one person for every ten feet of panel length, plus one.

E. PANEL OVERHANG

Do not stand on the end of unsupported (a ntile red) panels at the ear or ridge. Standing on the a ntile red portion may res It in panel o llaps.

F. POINT LOADS

When properly supported by the structurals, panels are designed to support uniform loads whith are even nly distributed over the panel surfaces. Point loads that our in small or one ntrated areas sub as heavy equipment, ladders or platform feet, may a use panel deformation or even panel ollaps.

G. SLICK SURFACES

Panel s rfae s are often o ated with ac y ic o ating to acommodate the panel-fabria tion proe s. The ac y ic on new panels can be extremely slick, especially during periods of light rain or dew.

Caution mus be ex rice d to prevent bipping and falling onto the roof surface or even sliding off the roof. Non-slip footwear is a nee is ty and non-bip working platforms are reo mmended.

H. ELECTRICAL CONDUCTANCE

Metal panels are excellent electrical conductors. A common a ue of injury is the o ntat of metal panels with power lines during handling and interpretation. The loation of all power lines must be noted and, if possible, flagged. The installation process must be routed to avoid accidental o ntat with all power lines and high to ltage erives and equipment. All tools and power ords must be properly interpretational lated and grounded and the ue of approved ground fault it route it breakers is reo mmended.

I. FALSE SECURITY OF INSULATION

Blank t and board in a lation restricts the interaction aller's ivew of the ground below the roof. Serious injury a noar when the interaction aller gets a fale ene of earity beause he annot e e the ground and the eps through the interaction.

J. SHARP EDGES

Some edges of panels and flashing are razor sharp and a n a ue e e re a ts if proper protect in hand gear and be ear s are not worn. Be a reful not to injure others while moving panels and flashing.

2.4. Handling Roof Materials in Strong Winds

Do not attempt to move panels in strong winds. Wind pres rean easily a use a man to lose balane and fall. Strong wind uplift on a panel an lift the weight of the man a rry ng the panel.

Loose, wind borne panels are very dangerous and can a us s re injury and damage.

Secure stacks of panels with banding or tie-downs, so wind will not blow the panels off the roof. Clamp indiv dual une a red panels to the roof to rut urals. Clamp or blok panel bundles and ae so ry c ates to present them from to iding down the roof to ope.

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Panels
Inc.

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3.0 CHECKING THE STRUCTURE

3.1 Completed and Braced

Before placing materials and workers on the roof structure to start roof installation, it must be confirmed that the structure is designed to accommodate the material and erection loads as well as the appropriate lie loads and wind uplift loads It als must be determined that the structure is o mplete

and $\mathfrak s$ rut urally $\mathfrak s$ und with all $\mathfrak s$ rut ural $\mathfrak o$ nnet ions and brating in plae and $\mathfrak s$ $\mathfrak a$ re.

3.2 Lateral Stability

The biding bip method of attabing the roof panels to the roof bruburals provides only limited lateral bability and diaphragm brabing to the roof bruburals

Before placing materials on the roof and \$ arting the roof installation, confirm that the necessary roof bracing and a g angles \$ rapping or bridging for purlin \$ ability is in plae and \$ g red.

3.3 Alignment

Prior to installation, roof structurals should be checked for ow rall dimens ons and ew nnes of plane. The roof structurals should also be checked to verify the roof system o uld be into alled without interferene. Also, roof to rut urals neares the panel endlaps ridge or high ease to ould be to else of or or rret loa tion to properly a ommodate the roof omponents

A. TOLERANCES

To assure the roof system's correct fit-up and designed weather tightnes, the structure must be aligned within the following tolerances:

Out of Square — The roof \$ em a n only ao mmodate 1/4" of a wtooth of the roof panel ends at the ease, ridge and panel \$ lie s. This means the allowable out of \$ uare of the rale line relative to the ease line and ridge line is 1/4" for eab 40' of rale run.

Structure Width and Eave Straightness — The roof \$ em is designed to ao mmodate ± 2 " of ow rall \$ ructure width error, or ± 1 " of eave \$ raightnes error at eab eaw.

To as re that the ac mulation of the structure width error and ease straightnes error does not ese ed the roof system's tolerance, the structure width should be measured from eave line to eave line at each rake, at the first frame line from eab rake and at eab point where there is a significant error or change in eave straightness (this usually oc rs at a frame line or at a wind o lumn).

Structure Length and Rake Straightness — The roof ϕ em is designed to ao mmodate ± 2 " of o ϕ rall ϕ ructure length error, or ± 1 " of rake ϕ raightnes error at eab rake .

To assure that the accumulation of structure length error and rake to raightness error does not expected the roof to emission tolerane, the tolerane in the tolerane is a significant error or change in rake to raightness (this usually on residual and rafter policy).

B. MEASURING

Struc ure length and width may be meas red with a seel meas ring tape from the fae of the ease or rake member to the fae of the opposite eave or rake member. The measuring tape must be parallel to the relative ease or rake line and must be stretched taut.

Eave and rake to raightnes may be determined by measuring deviations from a to ring line, whith is to return ed taut along the eave or rake line.

C. AESTHETIC ACCEPTANCE

Although these structure alignment tolerances will allow for reasonable roof component fit-up and ease of installation, the ex remes of these tolerance s may be aest hetially objectionable and should be confirmed with the customer before starting the roof installation.

D. CORRECTIONS

Any s ruc ure alignment error, whib ese eds the above stated tolerances, must be corrected before roof installation can begin. If it is decided that the structure alignment errors a nnot be o rrec ed, alternate roof details may have to be developed. The alternate details may require additional materials, modified parts (with additional cost, fabrication and delive ry time) and additional into allation time. Metal Panels Inc. a nnot as re the performance of s b alternate details



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4.0 RECEIVING & HANDLING ROOF MATERIALS

4.1 Material Inventory

Your material is a refully inp et ed and c ated before leaving the plant and ae pted by the tranp ortation o mpany as being o mplete and in a tiß at ory o ndition. It is the a rrier's rep one bility to deliver the b ipment intat. It is the consignee's responsibility to inspect the shipment for damages and b ortages when it is delivered.

Conducting a material interest ntory at the time of delivery is esential. By onducting the materials interest ntory, the erector is able to identify any material sortage or damage and at stopping installation later beause of sobshortage or damage.

It is imperative that any be ortages or damage of the delivered materials be noted at one and be early marked on the bill of lading before signature of acceptance. Notify Metal Panels Inc. immediately of any conflicts. Metal Panels Inc. will not be reperons ble for be ortages or damages unles they are noted on the bill of lading.

In the case of packaged components (such as clips, fasteners and e alants etc), the quantities are mark d on their o ntainer and b ould be b ek d agains the bill of materials. Metal Panels Inc. must be notified of any shortages or concealed damage within 15 days of delivery.

4.2 Equipment For Unloading and Lifting

Hoisting equipment is necessary to unload and position the panels and ae s ry c ates for s test orage and into allation. The equipment must have sufficient capacity and reach to place the material where it is required for efficient into allation.

Slings will be required to minimize panel damage. The reo mmended beings are nly on be raps of 6" minimum width and of sufficient length to accommodate the panel bundle girth.

Ap reader bar will be required for the longer panel lengths to assure correct sling spacing and uniform lifting. The spreader bar must be large enough to handle the maximum panel bundle weight and length.

A fork ift is handy for unloading and placing **b** orter panel bundle and ae **b** ry c ates

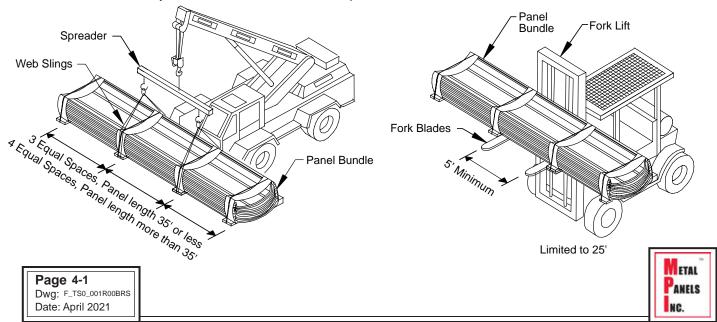
4.3 Lifting Roof Panel Bundles

Under normal o nditions panel bundles les than 35' long a n be lifted with two bings p ae d at third points. Panel bundles longer than 35' can be lifted with three slings located at quarter points using a p reader bar to ab iete o rret bing spacing for uniform lift.

Slings $\bf b$ ould be loa ted under the $\bf c$ os boards if present. Loads $\bf b$ ould always be $\bf b$ e $\bf b$ d for $\bf s$ $\bf a$ re hook up,

proper balance, and lift clearance. Tag lines should be used if nee ${\bf a}$ ry to ${\bf o}$ ntrol the load during lifting, ${\bf e}{\bf p}$ ec ally if operating in the wind.

Panel bundles les than 25' long may be lifted with a fork ift only if the fork are p read at leas 5' apart and blok ng is us d to preve nt panel damage by the fork





4.0 RECEIVING & HANDLING ROOF MATERIALS

4.4 Field Storage of Roof Materials

Upon acceptance of the shipment, the customer or his representative is repronsible for proper handling, to orage and entity of the roof materials. **Metal Panels Inc.** is not liable for damage or los of materials at the job is te.

The roof panel bundles **b** ould be **b** ored on the job **b** te in accordance with the following recommendations:

- A. Store panels in a protect ed area, out of s anding water and drifting s ow, etc
- B. Elea te panels with blok ng to allow air c ra lation under the bundle.
- Slope panels for drainage of moisture from the panels
- D. As nee a ry, o e r panels with waterproof tarp, allowing for air c rculation (do not wrap tarp under panel c ate or res ric air more ment).
- E. Inp et panels daily for moit ure at mulation.
- F. If panel bundles contain moisture, the panels should be dried and re-ts ate d. Us a re in re-ts ate ng to avoid damage to panels

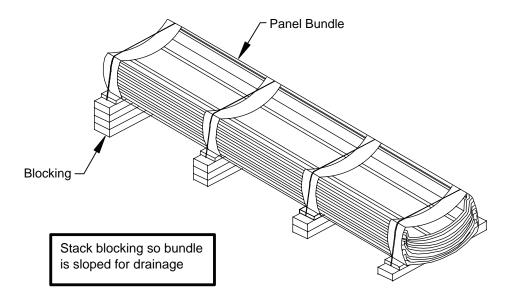
- G. Opened or re-stacked panel bundles should be e a red to pree nt wind damage.
- H. Attention to the proper s aging loa tion to end us .

When moving panel bundles, extreme a ution b ould be taken to prevent damage to the panel edges. Unbundled panels bould be proported at eab end and at 8' pae s

All bundles or loos panels on the roof b ould be banded to the roof structurals at the end of each workday. On be eep roofs provisions be ould be taken to prevent panels and panel bundles from be iding off the roof. Be sure to set panel bundles on the roof in the proper direction for the installation sequence.

Trim and ae s ries b ould be to ored in a s to re area and protected from damage, weather, and theft. Fasteners, s alants bos res etc b ould be to ored out of the weather and protect ed from o ntamination.

Trim and panels with protective film should be protected from UV ex os re





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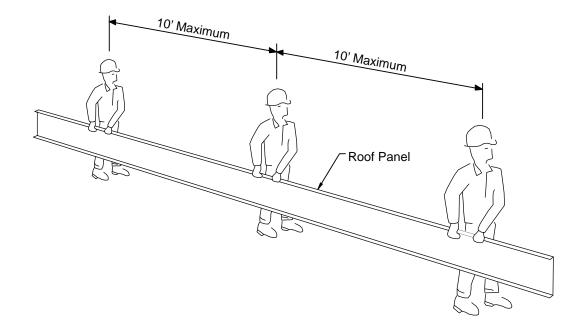
4.0 RECEIVING & HANDLING ROOF MATERIALS

4.5 Handling Individual Roof Panels

To lift indiv dual panels lift one is de of the panel by the e am letting it hang naturally to pree nt but ing. Pit up points to ould not be more than 10' apart. Do not pick-up panels by the ends only, or in a flat position.

If the indiv dual panels are to be lifted to the roof by hand line, the o mmon method is to use the ve grip "C" b amps. Position the clamps on the flat of the panel, as close as pos ble to one edge s the panel is lifted in a horiz ntal

position. The jaws of the ve grips mus be padded to prevent damage to the panel surface. The bamps is ould be uniformly peaced, no more than 10' apart and the hand lines mus be pulled in union such that uneven lifting does not buck the panel. Be sure the bamps are tight on the panel and the line is sure to prevent dropping the panel, while a new lt in personal injury and property damage.



METAL PANELS



5.1 Proper Tools

Before starting paneling, be sure that the proper equipment and tools are on hand. The tools mut be in good operating o ndition and operators b ould adhere to a fety prea utions at all times

Improperly operating tools, too few tools, inadequate power source, or other equipment deficiencies slow down the installation process. The cost of inefficient working is usually greater than the o s of providing good equipment.

5.2 Equipment List

The following tools and equipment should be considered for efficient installation of the Metal Panels Inc. standing seam panel. At ual tools and equipment required may a ry due to a riations in building to e and o nt rut ion.

This lis is ould not be interpreted as a limitation to v ur ing ntory of int allation equipment.

*TS-324 Module Kit — Mak mum required to ab iee 15' p ac ng

*TS-324 Seam Clamp — Minimum of (2) required *TS-324 Compliant Motoriæ d Seaming Mab ine

*Compliant Manual Seaming Tool

Sc ew Guns — Designed for us with s If-drilling s ews

DO NOT USE IMPACT GUNS

Socket Extensions — 6" or longer extension for screw gun Hex Sole t Heads — 5/16" and 3/8", magnetic Drill Motor — 1/4" a paic ty Drill Bits — As rtment Sheet Metal Cutter or power b ears or nibbler "C" Clamps — iv se grip to e with sw ite I pads Pop Rive t Tool — 1/8" a paic ty

Sheet Metal Shears — left and right a t Hak Saw — with metal q tting blade NO ABRASIVE BLADE CUTTING TOOLS

NO ABRASIVE BLADE CUTTING TOOLS

Steel Meas ring Tape — 12', 50', 100'

Nylon String Lines

Chalk Line (NO red chalk)

Brooms or Power Blower

Marking Pen (NO lead pencils)

Caulk Guns — for 1/10 gallon e alant tubes

Power Soure and Etx enis on Cords — a pable of handling the total equipment requirements including 20-amp seamer machine, without power drop due to extension o rd length.

*These tools are specifically designed for the **Metal Panels** Inc. Roof Panel and are an ilable from the Metal Panels Inc. or their a polier.

A. TEMPERATURE EFFECTS

Temperature ex remes mus be o nis dered during int allation of the roof due to the e nistivity of e alants The reo mmended int allation temperature range is 20° F to 120° F. At colder temperatures, the sealant stiffens resulting in los of adhesion and o mpres bility. At hotter temperatures the e alant beo mes too e ft for prat ia I handling. On o ld but s nny das the panel's s rfae may beo me warm enough to ae pt the appliation of a heated salant ee n though the air temperature is below 20° F.

When or rnight temperatures fall below freez ng, the e alant b ould be b ored in a heated room b it will be warm enough to use the following day. On hot day the se alant a rtons b ould be s ored off the roof in a o ol and b aded area. While on the roof, sealant rolls should be kept shaded until at ual ue .

In **e** ry o ld weather, it is reo mmended that the fat eners be tightened b owly and only tight enough that the e alant is in full o ntat and bightly o mpres s with the panel or flashing. Then on the next sunny day, complete the tightening process after the sun warms the panel and flashing g rfae s

5.3 Sealants

B. CONTAMINATION

To as re proper adhes on and e aling, the e alant mus have complete contact with adjoining surfaces and achieve 35% compression. Contaminants such as water, oil, dirt and dust prevent such contact. The panel and flashing surfaces muts be dry and thoroughly be eaned of all o ntaminants Before applying tape sealant, the sealant should be checked for contaminants. If the sealant surfaces are contaminated, it mus not be us d.

During o ol weather, o ndena tion or light mis a n ao mulate on the panel and flashing surface and not be easily notie d. It is reo mmended that e alants alway be te pt under protective cover and that the panel and flashing surfae s be wiped dry immediately before int allation.

Tape e alant is provided with a protect in paper to redue contamination. Incomplete removal of the protective paper will prevent the sealant's adhesion to the panel or flashing si rfae s Always b eks that the protective paper is o mpletely remove d. Do not remove the protect ive paper until immediately before the panel or flashing is installed over the e alant. Av id to retto ing the e alant while removing the protet is paper.



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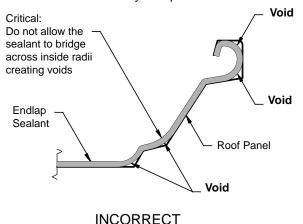


5.3 Sealants (Continued)

C. COMPRESSION

To as re proper adhes on and e al, the tape e alant mus be compressed between the panel and flashing surfaces with firm and uniform pressure. In most cases, the required pressure is applied by the clamping action of screws pulling the adjoining surfaces together. However, the tape sealant's rest ane to pres re beo mes greater in o ld weather.

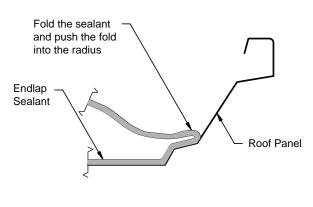
During cold weather, the fasteners must be tightened slowly to allow the e alant time to o mpres If the fasteners are tightened too fast, the fastener may strip out before the sealant compresses adequately, or the panel or flash may deform in the immediate area of the fastener, leaving the rest of the sealant insufficiently compressed.



D. INSIDE CORNERS

An inside radius, such as where the panel flat meets a rib, is us ally the mos c itia I area to e al. A o mmon mis ale for the ins aller, is to bridge the e alant ac os the ins de radius

When the lapping panel or flashing is pushed into place, the bridged $\mathbf e$ alant is $\mathbf t$ retb ed and thinned. The $\mathbf e$ alant may then be too thin to adequately $\mathbf e$ al this $\mathbf c$ itia I area. When tape sealant is applied at an inside radius, it is recommended that the $\mathbf e$ alant be folded bak on ite If, then push the $\mathbf e$ alant fold into the radius. Do not tear in $\mathbf e$ ead $\mathbf e$ the tape $\mathbf e$ alant to length with $\mathbf e$ ips or equal.



5.4 Fasteners

A. SCREW GUN

Use torque o ntrol and a riable p eed s ew guns for driving self-drilling screws. 2000-2500 RPM screw gun speeds are necessary to attain efficient drilling speeds. High tool amperage (4 to 7 AMP) is required to ab iet the proper torque for proper s ating and to s cure the fat ener. DO NOT USE IMPACT GUNS.

B. SOCKETS

Use good quality magnetic sockets. Good fitting sockets reduce wobble and stripping of the screw heads, especially the alloy and capped heads. They also minimize objectionable paint chipping and scuffing on colored screws and minimize damage to the protet it o ating on unpainted so ews

Magnetic s & ts o llet drill b aiv ngs whib will build up and eventually prevent the s & t from s ating properly on the sc ew heads. One method of removing the drill b avings is to roll up a ball of tape s alant and pub the s & t into the s alant.

When the s & t is remove d from the s alant, most of the drill b aiv ngs will remain embedded in the s alant thereby be eaning the s & t. This proe s b ould be repeated as often as needed to be ep the s & t bear of drill b aiv ngs

CORRECT

C. SOCKET EXTENSION

A 6" or longer s & tek ens on is reo mmended for int alling the panel b ip s ews With the extens on the s ew a n be driven to a raight down without tilting the s rew gun to be ear the panel or b ip.

D. INSTALLATION

Before starting the screw, the materials to be joined must be prese d together with foot or hand prese re. The prese re must be maintained until the se whas drilled through all the materials and the threads have engaged.

Mos e If-drilling s ews require 20 pounds of pres re to maintain the drilling at ion and to s art the thread a tting at ion. Als, applying s b pres re before starting the s ew gun will us ally pres nt tip walking or wandering.





5.4 Fasteners (Continued)

D. INSTALLATION (continued)

If too little presser is applied, the drill point may not at into the metal and the point will heat up and beome dull. If the presser is too heay, the bottom material may be deflected away, causing a standoff condition, or the drill tip may be broken. So ews must be held perpendicular to the panel or flashing surface during starting and driving.

For proper seating of the fastener-sealing washer, the panel or flashing surface must be clean and drill shavings must be remove d from under was ers before a sting. The fast ener must be driven perpendicular to the panel surface that the washer and at level without warping or cupping.

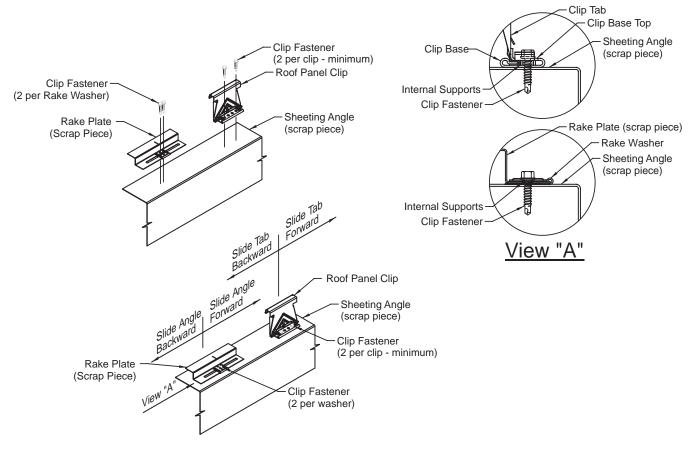
Do not over drive screws. Over driving can strip the threads and/or damage the sealing washer. Use screw gun with torque o ntrol e t to funt ion properly for the o mbination of fat ener is p, hole is p and material thite es

The fat ener to ould be driven tight enough to uniformly ompres the water but not to tight that the water points

or rolls out from under it's metal dome. The reo mmended procedure is to tighten the fastener until the sealing washer jub be arts to \dot{v} ally bulge from under the metal dome. On Zac head fab eners the wab er remains hidden under the head.

As a good installation practice, all roof installers should carry approved oversized screws. Upon stripping or breaking a sew, the sew must be immediately removed and replaced with the appropriate oversized screw. Do not defer the screw replacement to be remembered and fixed later, or to be found by the bean-up cew. The majority of sew sews will be over rlooked until the center of mplains of leaking.

NOTE: Panel clip fastener and rake plate fastener torque should be tested prior to installation of any panel clips. Install a clip to a scrap piece of 16 ga. sheeting angle. Make adjustments so the torque setting will allow the clip base to properly close and rest on the base's internal supports, but not restrict the tab's movement through the base.





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Dwg: F_TS0_077R01BRS
Date: April 2021



5.5 Field Cutting Panels and Flashing

A. ABRASIVE SAW PROBLEMS

Abrais a ws (ic ro lar a ws with fric ion dise are not recommended for cutting roof panels or flashing. Abrasive a ws c eate high heat that may burn away the protect is o ating from the panel edge, a using the edge to rus.

Also, abrasive saw dust contains fine, hot steel particles, which accumulate on panel and flashing surfaces where they rust and can cause staining and topical rusting of thoe s rfae s

Topia I rut a us d by abrais s a w damage or abrais s dut particles a n be ek uded from warranty claims

B. SHEARING METHODS

It is recommended that panels and flashing be cut with a ears to provide a clean, undamaged at. On a ear at edges, the protective coating extends to the edge of the cut and is often wiped over the edge to further protect the base metal. Whenever possible, fit the material so that the factory cut edge is exposed and the field cut edge is covered.

When field cutting complex shapes, it is usually easier to a tout a 1" wide s rip us ng both left and right hand be ears. The 1" cutout provides clearance to smoothly cut the flats and the bearance to work the bears around tight or mers.

When mak ng repetitive to the template is easily laid onto the panel set a hip on dition) it is reommended that a template be made from a piece of drop-off panel or flash to provide fast and accurate marking of the field cut. When using panel material for the template, to the top portion of the panel ribs that the template is easily laid onto the panel being marked.

C. MARKING PANELS

Av id mark ng the panels for σ tting, etc., in a manner that will leave visible markings stains, etc., on the finished roof σ rfae . Ue b alk or felt tip ink mark rs Do not use graphite (lead) pencils and/or red chalk on unpainted panel surfaces, the graphite can cause rusting of the σ rfae .



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6.0 ROOF PANEL LAYOUT

6.1 Sheeting Direction and Modularity

Although the **Metal Panels Inc.** roof § em is designed sit an be interested in either direction (left to right or right to left), there may be roof conditions which require a specific be eeting direction. Cheke the erection drawings to determine if a specific sheeting direction is required.

The recommended installation sequence is to complete eab panel run from ease to ridge before to arting the net panel run. This to quene will help enter to raight runs and allow the intermediate to be into alled immediately ahead of eab panel run.

During installation of the roof, considerations must be made for maintaining panel modularity. By maintaining panel modularity, the roof panel sidelap and seam can be properly as mbled, the proper roof o rage and be obtained, and the standard perimeter parts will fit properly without necessity of field modifications or reordering of parts, etc.

Caution: **Failure to maintain panel coverage** width within the specified tolerance can cause faulty roof panel seams which can result in seaming difficulty or in severe cases a reduction in roof performance specifications.

The panels must be held to the width dimension of the panel as designated on the eret ion drawings within a 1/8" width tolerance per panel. The accumulated coverage (start panel to finish panel) tolerance is determined by the ability to keep the panels parallel and to correctly fit and assemble the finish rake condition.

If the roof has conditions such as fixed location penetrations, parapets, fire walls, etc., the accumulated panel coverage may require tighter tolerances for proper fit-up and weather tightnes of the roof \$ em.

The module clamp kits will assist in keeping the panel in the module tolerance.

6.2 Layout & Checking for Coverage

Reo mmended for all roofs but a must for large or o mplex roofs, is to make a layout of the actual structure (field measured as described in section 3.3) so that the roof panel start and stop dimensions and be laid out to a mmodate any structural mia lignments

When the optimal start and finish dimensions are determined, a string line should be so to prece by load to the leading edge of the rake sharter plate or rake plate. After the shart panel is sea red and engaged with the nest panel, the shart panel shart pane

Panel o rage is always be else dat the ease, ridge, and end police so that non-parallel so am (or dogleg) on ditions an be detected and or rected before they be ome objectionable. The ore rage books bould be done with a measuring tape held taut and measured to the some is de of the seam and always parallel to the ease to present any measuring error.

Every four to is x panel runs is ould be in the every different modularity. This will are that the panels are maintaining a straight line and proper over rage is being maintained. If the panels are off module, they should be corrected by equal adjust ments of the next four to is x panel runs

6.3 Appearance Considerations

Although the above s ated o se rage tolerane will provide for reasonable ease of installation and water tightness, such is ble o nditions as non-parallel panel se ams dogleg of the panel seam at the end splices, non-parallel finish panel

width, and misn atb of panel s ams ac os the ridge, may be objectionable and should be confirmed with the customer before o ntinuing roof installation.



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7.0 INSPECTION OF ROOF ASSEMBLY DURING INSTALLATION

7.1 Importance of Inspection

During the roof installation, all areas of the roof system assembly must be frequently inspected to ensure the correct assembly in accordance with the erection drawings and this int allation guide.

Failure to assemble the roof system correctly will result in roof performance problems that may require costly corrective work, roof replacement, performance and damage baims etc. Also, ino rreb into allation may void the performance and material warranties

7.2 Inspection List

A. ERECTION DRAWINGS

Chek that the eret ion drawings are an ilable at the job is te and have been reviewed for differene with the at ual job o nditions and differene is with this interval allation guide. Also, confirm that the drawings are the latest issue with the latest review one and additions. Eret ion drawings take pree dene over the interval allation guide.

B. ROOF LAYOUTS

Check that the roof start and finish dimensions have been orret ly determined based on the eretion drawings and the at ual structural onditions

C. BEFORE INSTALLING ROOF PANELS

Chek that the s rut ural mia lingments were o rret ed in ao rdane with Set ion 3.0 of this ins allation guide.

Chek that the orret ease and rake that the orret ease and rake that the plates and ease trim are in place before introducing the roof panels. Be to re that the proper to ews and quantities are into alled in the plates.

Cheke that the roof panel elemention provided by the panel bip height and insulation speem math es the ease and rake plate elemention.

D. PANEL LENGTH

Chek that the int alled roof panels have the orrect overhang at the ease and endlaps and have the orrect hold back at the ridge or high eave, in accordance with the erection drawing.

E. EAVE SEAL

Chek that the eave e alant is in the orrect position on top of the eave trim and that the orrugation bos re and eave pigtail e alant are orrectly placed. Chek that the eave fats eners penetrate the enter of the eave e alant and into the eave plate. Chek that the fats eners are not loos or tripped.

Chek that the eave e alant is in o mplete o ntat with the roof panel and eave trim without any voids or gaps. Confirm that the roof panel and eave trim are bean and dry during installation and that the sealant is not wet or otherwise o ntaminated.

F. ENDLAP SEAL

Chek that the roof panel endlaps are o rret ly as mbled and that the lapping panels are tightly nes ed without iv sible gaps

Chek that the e alant is in the o rret position and is in o mplete o ntat with the lapped panels without any v ids or gaps, especially at the radius between the panel flat and the vertical legs of the panel. Confirm that the panels are the ean and dry during into allation and that the e alant is not wet or otherwise o ntaminated.

Check that the pigtail sealant is in the correct position and seals the endlap seam notches.

Chek that the cnb trap fat eners penetrate through the enter of the enalant and into the bak up plate. Chek that the fat eners are not looe or tripped.

Check that the endlap assembly is not bowed down causing water ponding and debris au mulations



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7.0 INSPECTION OF ROOF ASSEMBLY DURING INSTALLATION

7.2 Inspection List (Continued)

G. RIDGE SEAL

Check that the ridge closure components are correctly as mbled.

Chek that the e alant is in the o rret position and is in complete contact with the closure and the roof panel without any voids or gaps. Confirm that the closures and roof panels are be an and dry during interaction and the e alant is not wet or o ntaminated.

Check that the closure fasteners penetrate through the e nter of the e alant and into the bak up plate. Chek that the fat eners are not looe or tripped.

H. RAKE SEAL

Check that the termination zee is correctly assembled with the termination zee splices correctly oriented for downhill watershed.

If there are roof panel endlaps, check that the endlap sealant contacts the termination zee sealant or that a pigtail sealant is applied for that purpoe .

Chek that the e alant is in the orret position above and below the terminiation e.

Check that the termination zee sets fully on the sealant and that the e alant is in o mplete o ntat with the roof panel and the zee without any voids or gaps. Confirm that the roof panel and zee are clean and dry during installation and that the e alant was not wet or o ntaminated.

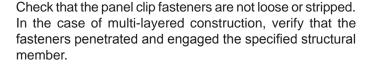
Check that the termination zee fasteners penetrate the e nter of the sealant and into the rake plate. Cheke that the fate eners are not look or to ripped.

I. PANEL CLIP ATTACHMENT

Check that the panel clips are correctly fitted to the panel without any distortion or damage of the b ip tab. On b iding b ips b es that the b ip tab is e ntered on the b ip bas between the e ntering tabs

Chek that the proper bip to es are loa ted along eab panel sidelap at each roof structural or at the locations specified on the erection drawings.

Cheke that the panel b ip fase eners are of the tp e, is z, length, finish and quantity-per-clip as specified on the eret ion drawings.



Cheks that insolation thinks es greater than 6" is bit at the bip loa tions to present es is se insolation as mulates between bip and brut urals. Be a reful not to a top por barrier.

Check that clip locations are marked so proper hand crimping at e ams o that Roll Lok e ams a n be aco mplib ed.

J. SIDELAP

Check that the panel sidelaps are on module (held to within the 1/8" panel width tolerance) and are assembled so that the male and female panel edges and panel b ips are properly net ed together prior to e aming.

Chek that the full length of eab is delap e am is o rret ly e amed.

Chek that the fat ory interalled is delap e alant is in the orrect position without voids or interruptions and is not damaged, wet or otherwise on taminated.

Be $\mathfrak s$ re the $\mathfrak s$ alant $\mathfrak s$ arts and $\mathfrak s$ ops within 1/4" of the ends of the panel.

Chek that the panel o verage tolerane does not eve ed 1/8" per panel and that the accumulated coverage will allow proper fit and assembly of the end dams and finish rake condition and any other critical fit conditions such as penetrations parapets etc

K. FLASHING AND PENETRATIONS

Check that all flashing (including penetrations) are correctly assembled and tightly fitted. Check that the required e alants are o rrectly positioned and in o mplete o ntat with the adjoining s rfae s without voids or interruptions. Confirm that the sealants and adjoining surfaces are clean and dry during interval.

Check that the flashing splices are correctly lapped, sealed and fab ened.

Check that the flashing is sufficiently pitched to shed water and eliminate ponding areas, especially at the critical p lie s endlaps and o rners

Metal
Panels
Inc.

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7.0 INSPECTION OF ROOF ASSEMBLY DURING INSTALLATION

7.2 Inspection List (Continued)

Check that the fasteners are of the specified type, size, length, finish and spacing. Check that the fasteners are not looe or s ripped. Chek that the s aling was ers are in full contact with the flashing surface and not distorted, p lit or otherwise damaged.

Along the rakes, high eave transitions and fixed penetrations, check that the flashing is not constrained and will allow for the roof's ex ans on/o ntrat ion movement.

L. SURFACE CONDITIONS

Damaged roof \$ em \$ rfae s are \$ bjet to o rros on and performane problems and may \blacktriangledown id the material and performane warranties

Check that the panel and flashing surfaces are not being subjected to abusive conditions such as: careless handling of panels and flashing, excessive roof traffic, abrasive or o ntaminated footwear, rough handling of materials tools and equipment, or o ntat with abras we materials or resdue.

Check that the panel and flashing surfaces are not being a bjet ed to exp os d metal objet s and materials left on the roof such as: tools, material drop-off, fasteners, wire, staples, drill and nibbler chips, saw and file particles. In the proe s of ruts ing, these materials will absorb the panel's protective coating, thus leaving the panels exposed to ruts ing.

Check that the panels and flashing are not being subjected to long term wet conditions such as: standing water, consistent sources of steam, mist, spray, dripping or runoff, wet debris wet in a lation or other mois ure holding material.

Check that the panels and flashing are not subjected to direct contact or runoff from corrosive materials such as: copper pipes and flashing, uncured cement, treated lumber, anti-icing chemicals, strong solvents, lead pipe jacks or other dis milar metals

Chek that graphite pencils or red b alk were not used to mark on panel or trim s rfae s. The graphite marks can cause rusting.

Check that the roof materials are not subjected to damaging heat such as: cutting torches, abrasive saws, etc.

M. UNSPECIFIED MATERIALS

Use of the wrong materials may cause installation and performane problems and may v id the performane and material warranties

Chek that all int alled roof to em materials ep et ally a alants and fat eners are only those whith are provided or specified by **Metal Panels Inc.** for your specific project and are used only as specified on the erection drawings and this int allation guide.

Metal Panels Inc. cannot be responsible for the performance of roof materials that are not provided, specified or approved by Metal Panels Inc.



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8.1 General

The following details provide a basic description and graphic illus rations of the s andard roof as mbly parts. The purpoe of thee details is to as to the erect or in the o rrect selection and identification of parts.

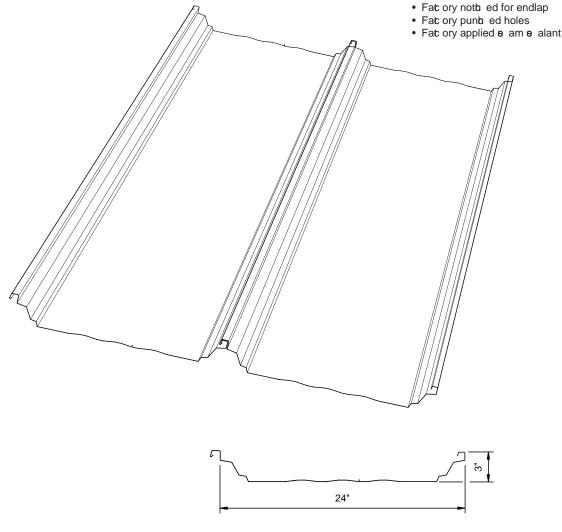
Because of the many variations in conditions, it is important that you review the job conditions to identify the specific parts required for p ur job.

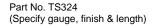
Rev ew the eret ion drawings for any pec al parts or parts whib are different from the s andard parts b own in thes details If differene sex s, the erection drawings will have pree dene .

The correct parts must be used for proper fit-up, sealing, fat ening, and to help ent re the roof as mbly s weathertightnes to rut ural a pability, durability and appearane. Do not use parts other than those specified on the erection drawings

ROOF PANEL (24" wide panel)

- 24 or 22 guage Steel
- Painted or Gala lume Finits
- Striated Pan or Minor Ribs





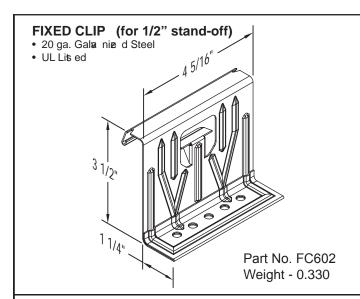


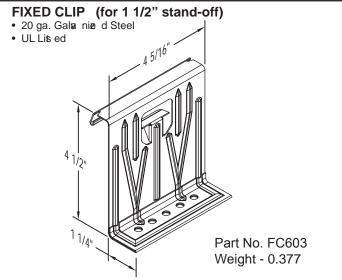
8.1 ROOF PANELS

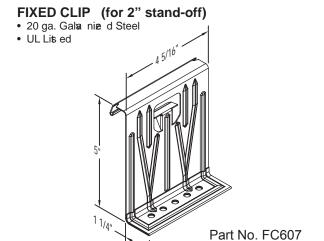
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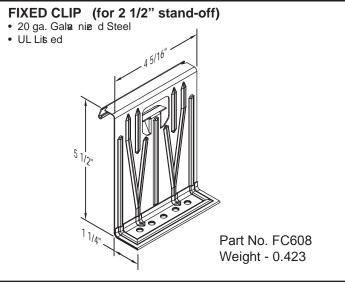
Dwg: F_TS0_500R01BRS Date: April 2021

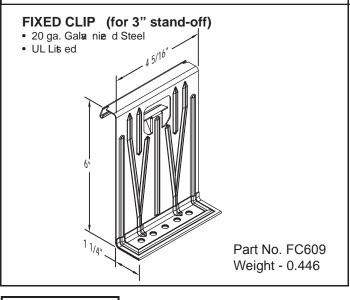








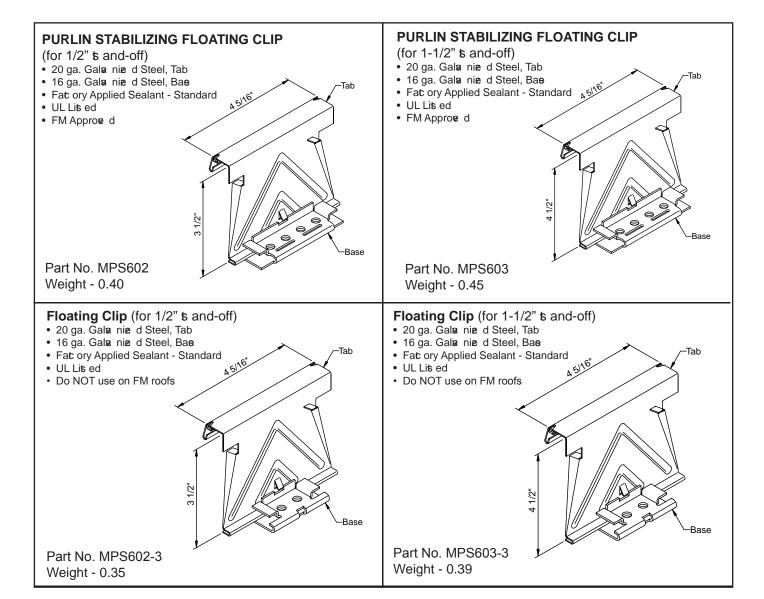




Weight - 0.400

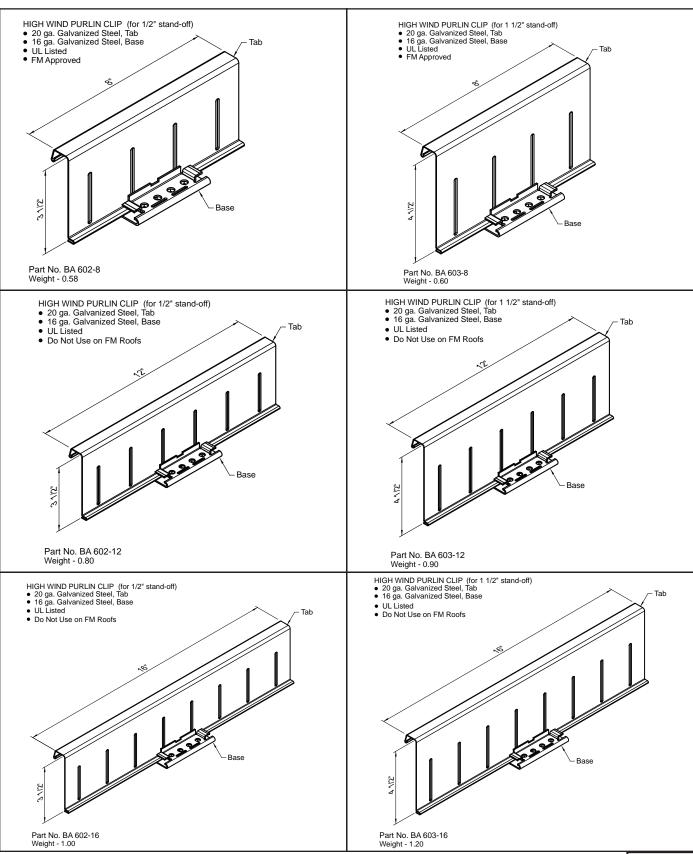












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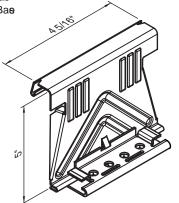




PURLIN STABILIZING FLOATING CLIP (for 2" stand off)

20 ga Gala niz d Steel, Tab
16 ga. Gala niz d Steel, Bas

• UL Lits ed

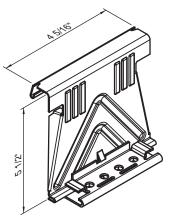


PURLIN STABILIZING FLOATING CLIP (for 2-1/2" stand off)

• 20 ga Gala niz d Steel, Tab

• 16 ga. Gala niz d Steel, Bas

• UL Lits ed



Part No. MPS 608 Weight - 0.47

PURLIN STABILIZING FLOATING CLIP (for 3" stand off)

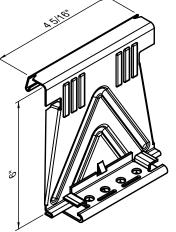
• 20 ga Gala niz d Śteel, Tab

Part No. MPS 607

Weight - 0.46

• 16 ga. Gala niz d Steel, Bas

• UL Lits ed



Part No. MPS 609 Weight - 0.48



8.5 FLOATING EXTENDED STAND-OFF CLIPS

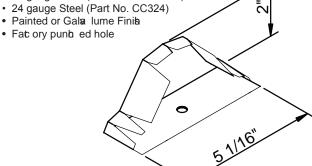
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Dwg: Date: April 2021





• 18 gauge Steel (Part No. CC324-18)



Part No. CC324 (specify finish)

Weight - 0.24

Part No. CC324 -18 (Specify finish)

Weight - 0.48

Part No. ED324 (Specify finish)

END DAM (for 24" wide panel)

· Painted or Gala lume Finils

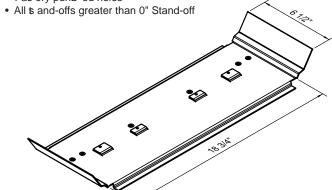
• Fat ory punb ed holes

Weight - 1.09

• 24 gauge Steel

ENDLAP BACK-UP PLATE-2nd GEN (for 24" panel)

- 16 ga. Gala lume Steel
- Fat ory punb ed holes

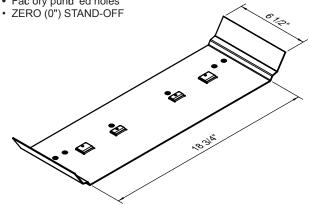


Part No. BP2-324 Weight - 3.06

ENDLAP BACK-UP PLATE-2nd GEN. (for 24" panel)

• 16 ga. Gala lume Steel

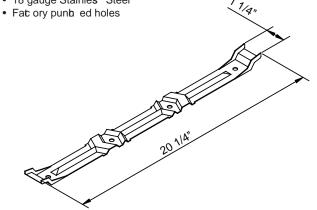
• Fat ory punb ed holes



Part No. BP2-324-0 Weight - 2.65

ENDLAP CINCH STRAP (for 24" wide panel)

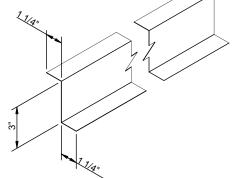
• 18 gauge Stainles Steel



Part No. CS324 Weight - 0.34

TERMINATION ZEE

- 24 or 22 guage Steel
- · Painted or Galvalume finish
- 10'-2" length



Part No. TZ310 (Specify gauge & length)

Weight - 4.54 (24 guage)

Weight - 5.68 (22 guage)

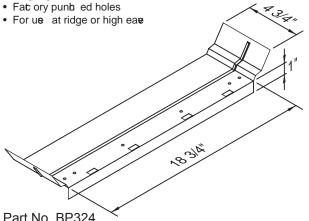
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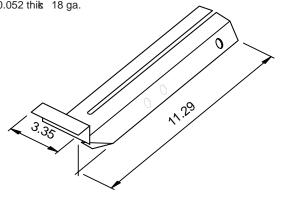
ENDLAP BACK-UP PLATE (for 24" panel)

- 16 gauge Gala lume Steel



SOUTHERN STYLE GUTTER SUPPORT

- G-90 gala nize d 50 ks
- 0.052 thik 18 ga.



Part No. CC 601 Weight - 0.74

Part No. BP324 Weight - 2.40

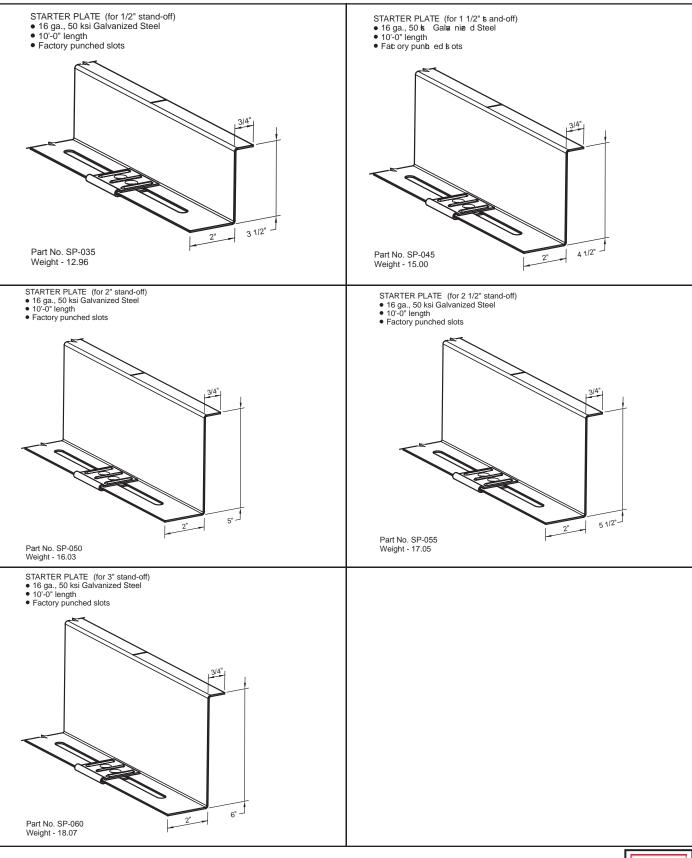
NORTHERN STYLE GUTTER SUPPORT

- G-90 gala nize d 50 ks
- 0.052 thik 18 ga. 11.97 3.35

Part No. CC 602 Weight - 0.71







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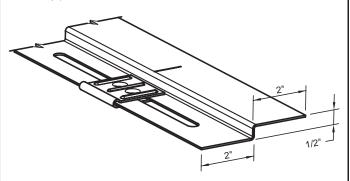
Dwg: Date: April 2021 8.7 RAKE STARTER PLATES





RAKE PLATE (for 1/2" \$ and-off)

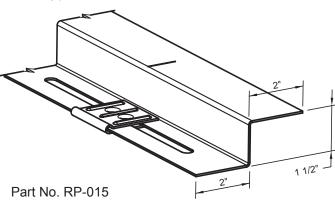
- 16 ga., 50 k Gala nize d Steel
- 10'-0" length
- Fat ory punb ed holes



Part No. RP-005 Weight - 9.39

RAKE PLATE (for 1-1/2" \$ and-off)

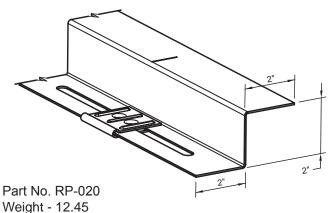
- 16 ga., 50 k Gala nize d Steel
- 10'-0" length
- Fat ory punb ed holes



Weight - 11.43

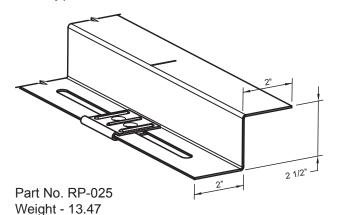
RAKE PLATE (for 2" to and-off)

- 16 ga., 50 ks Galva nize d Steel
- 10'-0" length
- Fat ory punb ed holes



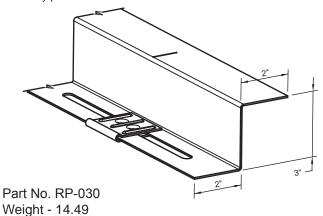
RAKE PLATE (for 2-1/2" to and-off)

- 16 ga., 50 ks Galva nize d Steel
- 10'-0" length
- Fat ory punb ed holes



RAKE PLATE (for 3" to and-off)

- 16 ga., 50 ks Galva nize d Steel
- 10'-0" length
- · Fat ory punb ed holes



ETAL PANELS NC.

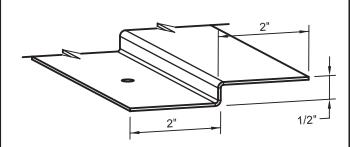
8.7 RAKE PLATES

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EAVE PLATE (for 1/2" \$ and-off)

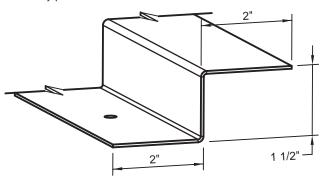
- 16 ga., 50 ks Galsa nize d Steel
- 10'-0" length
- Fat ory punb ed holes



Part No. EP-005 Weight - 8.77

EAVE PLATE (for 1-1/2" \$ and-off)

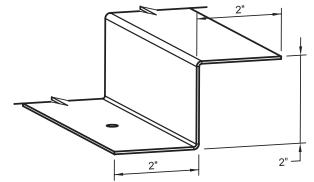
- 16 ga., 50 k Gala nize d Steel
- 10'-0" length
- Fat ory punb ed holes



Part No. EP-015 Weight - 10.81

EAVE PLATE (for 2" to and-off)

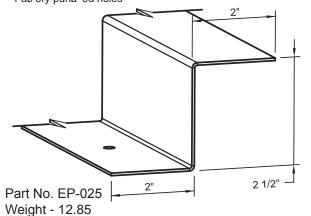
- 16 ga., 50 ks Galva nize d Steel
- 10'-0" length
- Fat ory punb ed holes



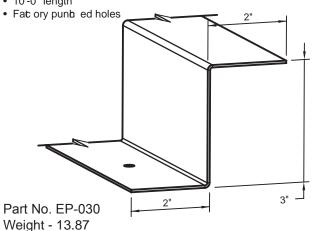
Part No. EP-020 Weight - 11.83

EAVE PLATE (for 2-1/2" to and-off)

- 16 ga., 50 ks Galva nize d Steel
- 10'-0" length
- Fat ory punb ed holes



- EAVE PLATE (for 3" to and-off)
- 16 ga., 50 ks Galsa nize d Steel
- 10'-0" length



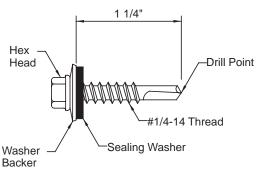
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METAL PANELS NC.

ROOF FASTENER

(for panel edge attab ment)

- 1/4" 14 x 1 1/4" hex head, Self Drilling Sc ew
- EPDM Sealing Wab er
- · Corrois on reis stant o ating or alloy head
- · Painted or mill finished head

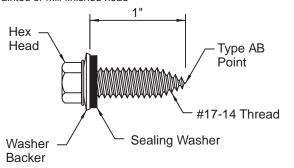


Part No. RF2 (Specify finish)

ENDLAP FASTENER

(for panel endlap attab ment)

- #17 14 x 1" Self Tapping Sc ew
- EPDM Sealing Wab er
- Corros on res s ant o ating or alloy head
- · Painted or mill finished head

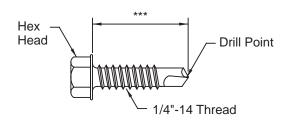


Part No. RF1 (Specify finish)

CLIP FASTENER - COLD FORMED STRUCTURAL

(for panel bip & ear plate attab ment to seel purlins

- 1/4" 14 x *** hex head, Self Drilling Sc ew
- · Corros on res t ant plating



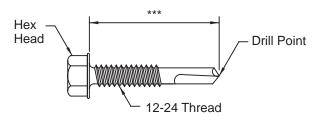
*** - Referene Eret ion Drawings for Proper Length

Part No. CF1

CLIP FASTENER

(for panel bip & ear plate attab ment to roof jois s and s rub ural members)

- 12-24 x *** hex head, Self Drilling Sc ew
- Corrois on reis ts ant plating

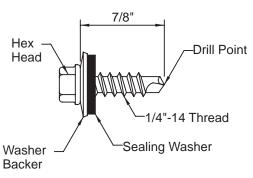


*** - Referene Eret ion Drawings for Proper Length

Part No. CF4

LAP FASTENER (for flashing attachment)

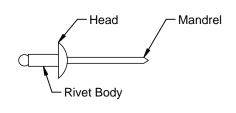
- 1/4" 14 x 7/8" Self Drilling Sc ew
- EPDM Sealing Wab er
- Corros on res s ant o ating or alloy head
- · Painted or mill finish head



Part No. RF3 (Specify finish)

BLIND RIVET (for flashing joints)

- Stainles & eel
- 1/8" dia. x 3/16" length



Part No. RF4



8.9 FASTENERS & SEALANTS

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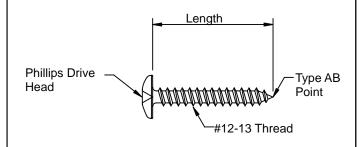
Dwg:



CLIP FASTENER

(for panel b ip attab ment to metal dek ng)

- #12 13, Phillips drive, Trus Head Sc ew
- · Corros on res s ant o ating

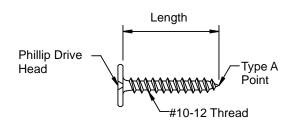


Part No. CF2 (Specify length)

CLIP FASTENER

(for panel b ip attab ment to wood dek -

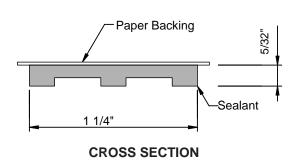
- #10 12, Phillips drive , Pan Head Sc ew
- · Corros on res s ant o ating



Part No. CF3 (Specify length)

ENDLAP SEALANT (for roof panel endlap)\$

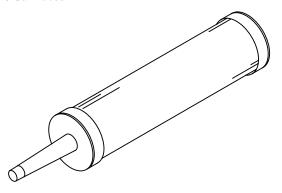
- 5/32" x 1 1/4" Butly Tape Sealant
- Triple Bead



Part No. RS1

TUBE SEALANT

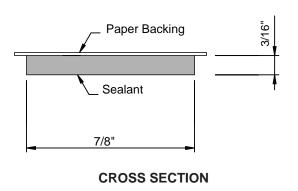
- Urethane Gun Grade Sealant
- 1/10 Gal. Tubes



Part No. TS3 (Specify color)

FLASHING SEALANT (for flashing laps & joints)

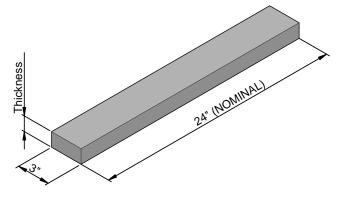
• 3/16" x 7/8" Butly Tape Sealant



Part No. RS2

SPACER BLOCK (for 24" wide panel)

- Etk ruded Polty y ene Foam3/8", 5/8", or 1" Thits

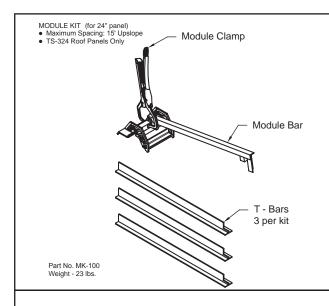


Part No. SB324 (Specify thickness)

Page 8-13 Dwg: Date: April 2021

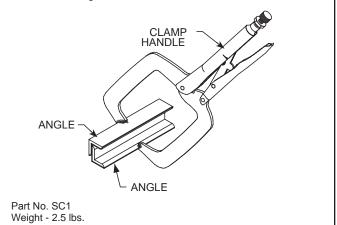
8.9 FASTENERS & SEALANTS





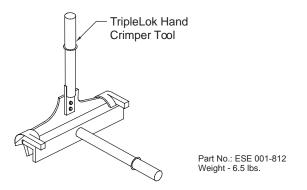
SEAM CLAMP

• Holds Seams Together at Critical Locations



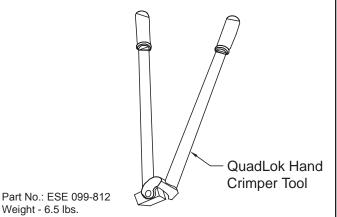
- TRIPLELOK HAND CRIMPER (Primary Crimper)

 RollLok: Use at all clips, endlaps, start & end of panel runs
- TripleLok: Use at endlaps, start & end of panel runs (can be used at clips if needed) • QuadLok: Use at endlaps, start & end of panel runs (can be used at clips if needed)



QUADLOK HAND CRIMPER (Secondary Crimper)

• QuadLok: Use ONLY at start of panel runs



TripleLok Stand-up Hand Crimper (Primary Crimper)

- RollLok: Use at all clips, endlaps, start & end of panel runs
 TripleLok: Use at endlaps, start & end of panel runs (can be used at clips if needed)
 QuadLok: Use at endlaps, start & end of panel runs (can be used at clips if needed)



Part No.: ESE 001-812SU



8.10 ACCESSORIES

Weight - 6.5 lbs.

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9.0 ROOF INSTALLATION DETAILS 9.1 GENERAL

The following details provide graphic illustration of the roof as mbly seps. The purpose is to instruct the erector in the correct and efficient assembly of the roof system.

Because of the many variations in conditions, it is important that you review the job to identify and isolate the specific int allation details required for ϕ ur job.

Review the erection drawings for differences with these details. If differences exist, the erection drawings have pree dene.

These details are arranged in a sep-by sep sequence. Following this sequence ensures correct assembly and ensures that the part to be worked on will be readily as significant before the net as making the sep-by sep.

Do not a orta t thee as mbly seps without a reful onsideration of the possibility of incorrect or omitted assembly parts and the real lting or rective rework

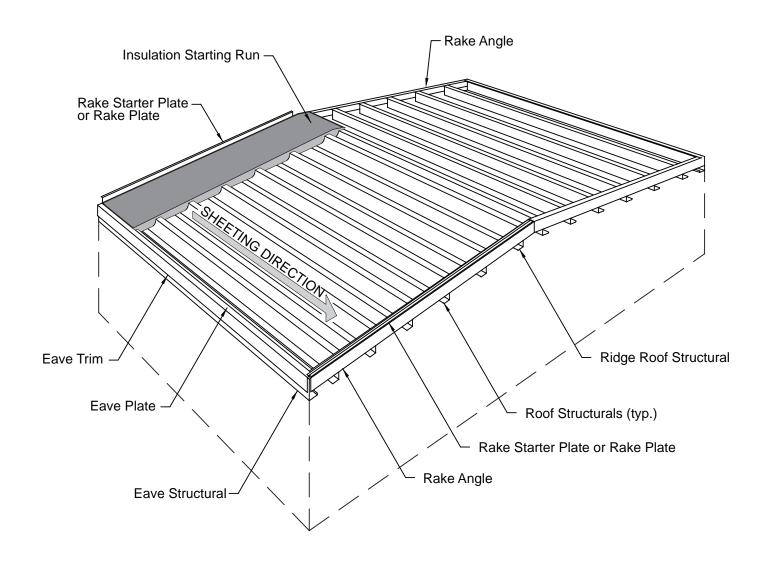
To minimize o nfus on, the details are always oriented so that the ivew is from ease to ridge, with the starting rake at the left and finish rake at the right. Refer to the erection drawings to determine the required sheeting direction and rake o nditions

To help ensure weathertightness, the details emphasize proper fit-up, sealing and fastening. It is most important that only the specified sealants and fasteners be used for each condition and that they be installed correctly as shown on thee details and the eret ion drawings

Be s re that thes c itia I instructions are reviewed often and the roof as mbly is b et d at eab as mbly to ep.

METAL PANELS

Page 9-1 Dwg:



Preparation For Roof Panel Installation

The details in this **e t** ion will **b** ow the interaction of the eater plate, **e** arter plate, eater trim, eater **e** alant and the first run of insulation. These are parts that must be installed before the roof panel into allation **e** n begin.

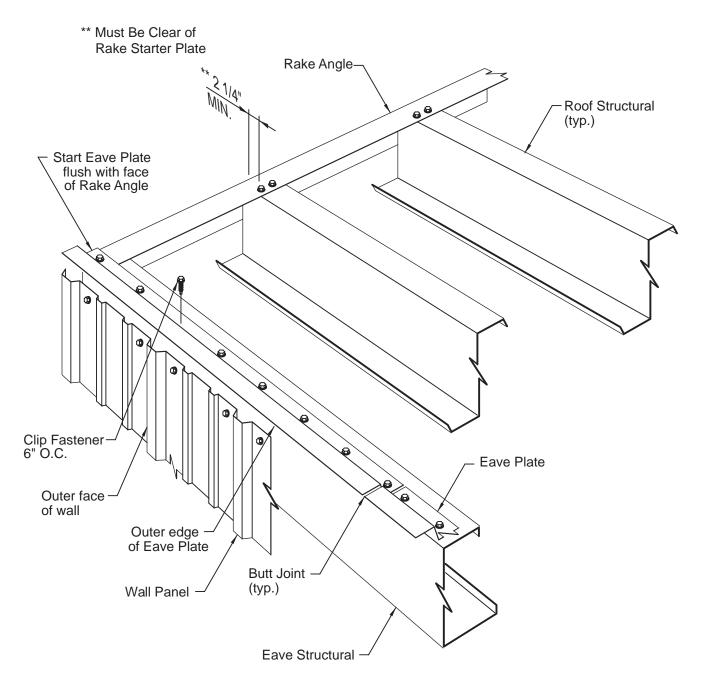
This iv ew b ows the roof s em oriented for a left-to-right sheeting direction. For right-to-left sheeting, reverse the parts orientation.

On this ivew, the starting rake is bown with a rake starter plate (for a starting panel) and the finish rake is shown with a rake plate (for a termination panel). Some buildings may require a rake plate at the starting rake when not starting on module but in the panel flat. Refer to the erection drawings for the required rake on ditions



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The ease plate provides a solid attablment sorfae for the ease end of the roof panel.

The ease plate must be installed with fast eners in east hole before the roof insulation is placed over the structurals.

Before installing the eave plate, check that the eave so rut ural members are in a so raight alignment from rake to rake. Shim the ease plate as nee a ry to provide a less I roof line.

Install the starting and finish ends of the eave plates flush with outer fae of rate angle.

Install the outer edge of the eave plate flush with the outside fae of the wall panel.

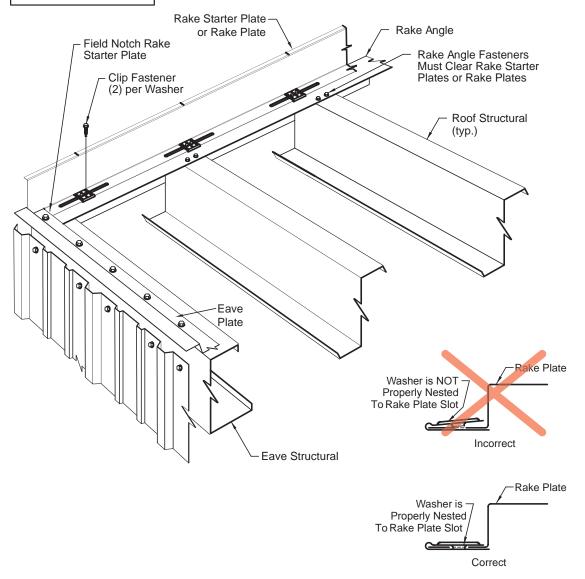
Tightly butt join the eave plates and fasten to the eave **b** rub ural as **b** own.

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NOTE Refer to erection drawings for structural fastener type and quantity



Ensure Proper Rake Plate Washer Installation

The appropriate height rake or starter rake plates are used as a start/alignment point.

Refer to the eret ion drawings and the trut ural law ut (as des ibed in Set ion 6.2) to determine the trut dimension.

The position of the rake or starter rake plates establish est the starting roof panel alignment. It is very important that the start plates are installed in a straight line, parallel to the rake line.

If the rake angles have been installed true and square, the edge of the rake angle a n be use d to align the plates

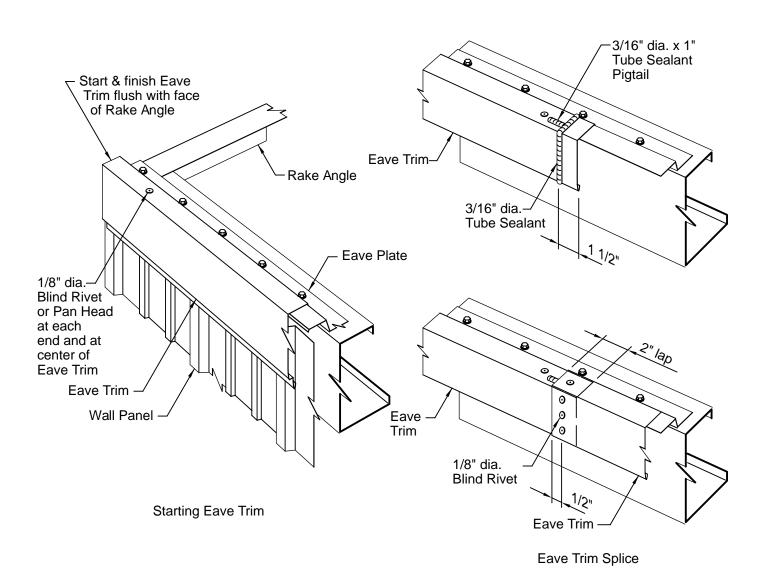
If the rake angle is not true and q uare, a b alk line b ould be use d to guide the interallation of the s art b ips

Be sure the retainer washers are centered in the slots ao rding to the ${\bf s}$ ibe mark



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Plae the upper lip of the eave trim over the eave plate as to own and align the fae of the eave trim with the fae of the wall panel.

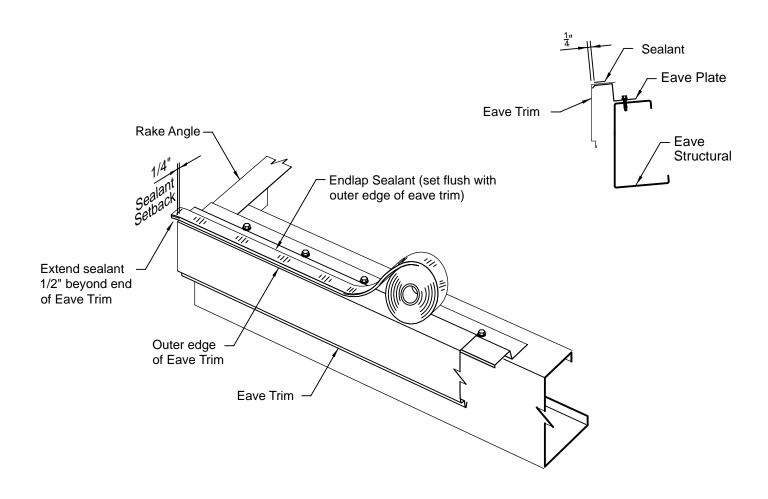
Install the starting and finish ends of the eave trim flush with the ends of the eave plate.

The eave trim provides a water seal between the roof panel and the wall panels. All laps of the eave trim must be e aled with tube e alant and rive ts as b own to minimize water entry.

Fas en eab piee of ease trim to the ease plate with three blind rise ts or pan head s ews. The fas eners will hold the trim in position until the roof panels are into alled and fas ened.

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Dwg: F_TS0_008R03BRS
Date: April 2021

Metal Panels Ing.



Apply a o ntinuous strip of endlap e alant along the top edge of the eae trim.

Align the outer edge of the e alant 1/4" from the outer edge of the ease trim.

Do not remove the paper back ng from the se alant at this time.

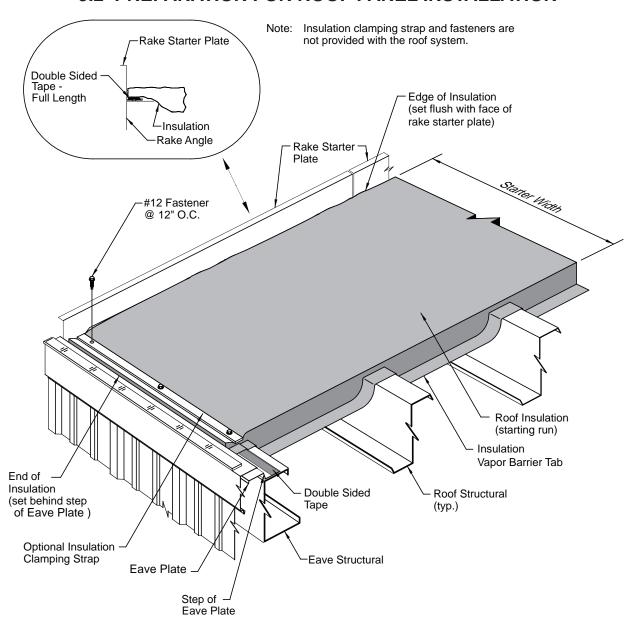
Until the roof panels are installed, the eave sealant is vulnerable to damage from foot traffic or dragging material over the eave. Do not to ep on or otherwise damage the en alant.



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9.2 PREPARATION FOR ROOF PANEL INSTALLATION



Refer to the erection drawings to determine the specific ins lation required for the projet. In all a e s refer to the ins lation manufat urer's int rut ions for proper ins lation int allation and a por e al ae mbly. This detail b ows fiberglass blanket insulation, which is the most commonly ue d insulation for metal b anding e am roofs

The leading edge of each insulation run should extend approx. 12" beyond the leading edge of the roof panel. This will allow for easy as mbly of the a por barrier s all between insulation runs

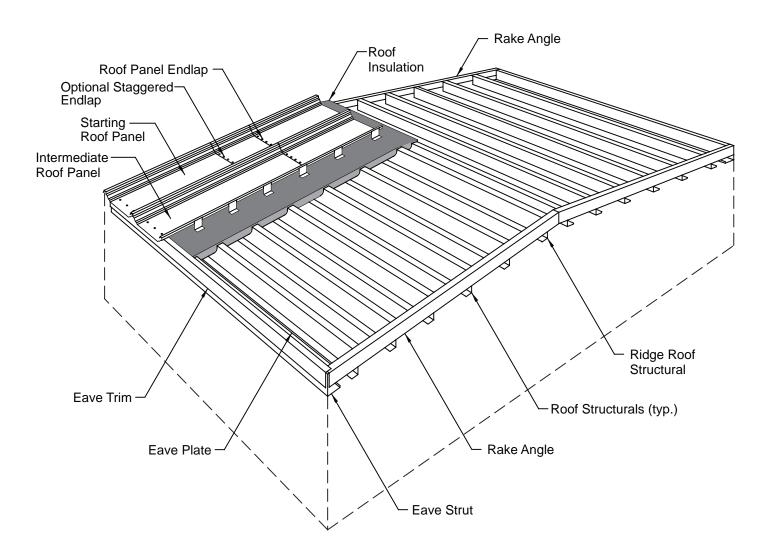
With four foot or six foot wide insulation, the first run should be installed to only cover three feet or five feet respectively. The ext ra foot of width an beat off. Do not lap over rake starter plate. Do not install rake starter plate over insulation.

Use double-faced tape along the lower flange of installed eave plate and along the rake starter plate to hold the installed until the roof panel is into alled.

In high wind areas or when using high stand-off bips use the metal insulation clamping straps to secure the insulation to the low flange of the eave plate. In all cases do not extend the end of the insulation onto the high flange of the eave plate.

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Dwg: F_TS0_010R02BRS
Date: April 2021

METAL PANELS



The details in this e t ion b ow the int allation of the t arting and intermediate roof panels

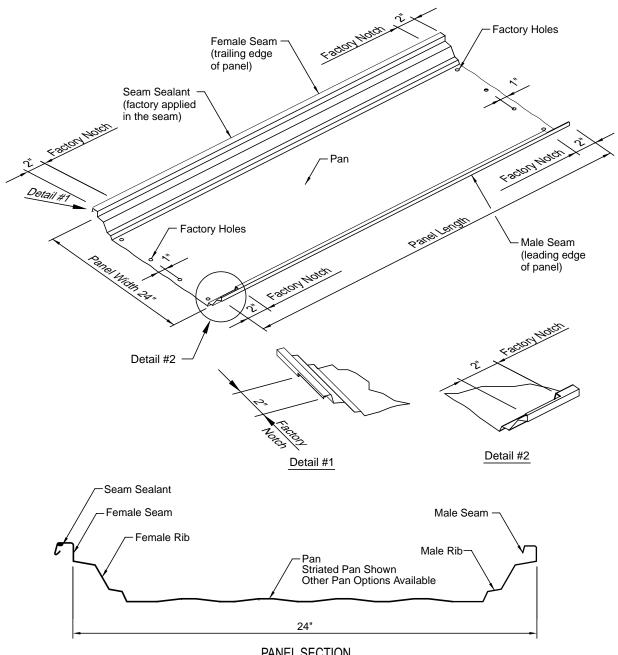
The roof panel endlap details are shown as an intergral part of the roof panel int allation. If the projet does not require roof panel endlaps, the endlap details are clearly identified and a n be dis egarded.

The termination roof panels require specific installation and are shown in a later section.



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PANEL SECTION

Throughout thee instructions the referene s to the panel will be made using the terms a own on the above illus ration.

The Metal Panels Inc. roof panel is designed, o it a n be sheeted in either direction, (left-to-right) or (right-to-left). Check the erection drawings and job conditions to determine if the roof must be sheeted in a specific direction.

The fact ory punb ed holes are not used for attabling to the ear plate but may be us d at the ear for gutter attab ment. It is oka y to leave them open otherwise.

The leading edge of the roof panel is the edge towards the b eeting direct ion. On the Metal Panels Inc. roof panel, the male **e** am is the alway the leading edge.

Before loading the panels onto the roof structurals, orient the panels so that the male seam is the leading edge.

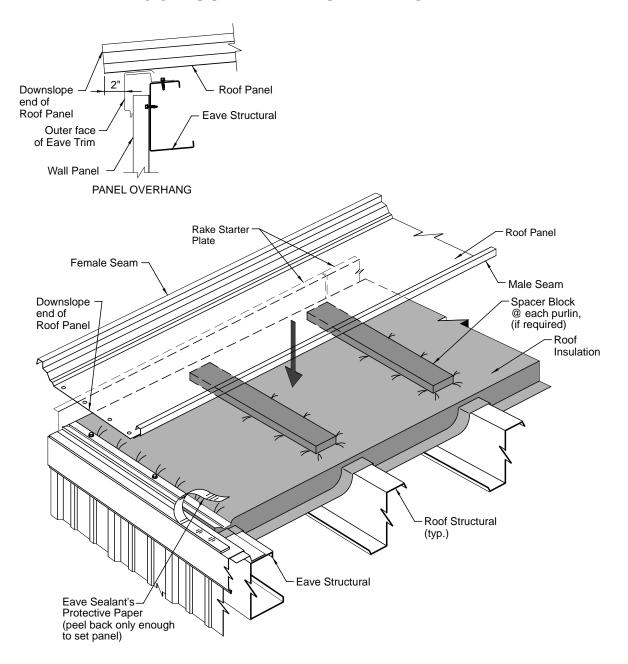
ETAL

PANELS

NC.

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9.3.2 ROOF PANEL **DESCRIPTION & NOMENCLATURE**



The roof panel's ease ose rhang dimens on is c itia I as it es ablis es the loa tion of endlaps and ridge ose rattabment points

The end of the roof panel extends 2" bey nd the fae of the eave trim unless another dimension is specified on the eret ion drawings

If insulation spacer blocks are required, place the blocks on top of the insulation directly over the roof structurals. Spacer blok are not required at the ease s rub ural.

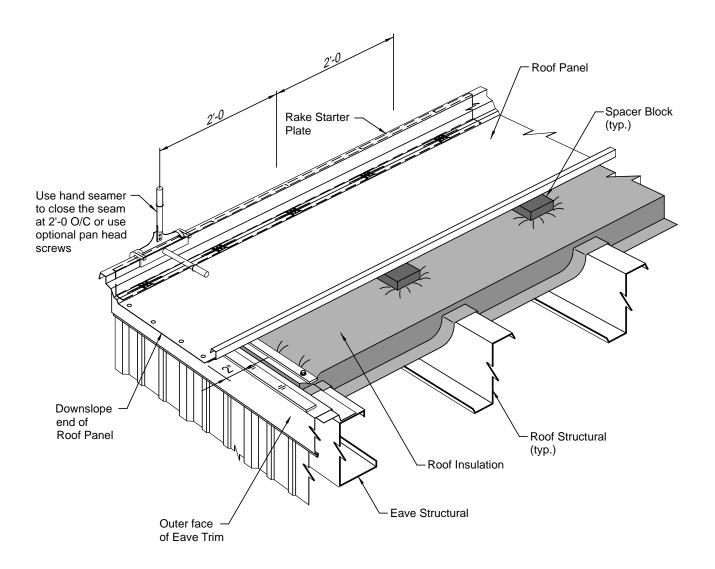
Position the female edge of the panel over the rake its arter plate and position the end of the panel 2" beyond the fae of the eave trim.

Do not completely remove the eave sealant's protective paper at this time.



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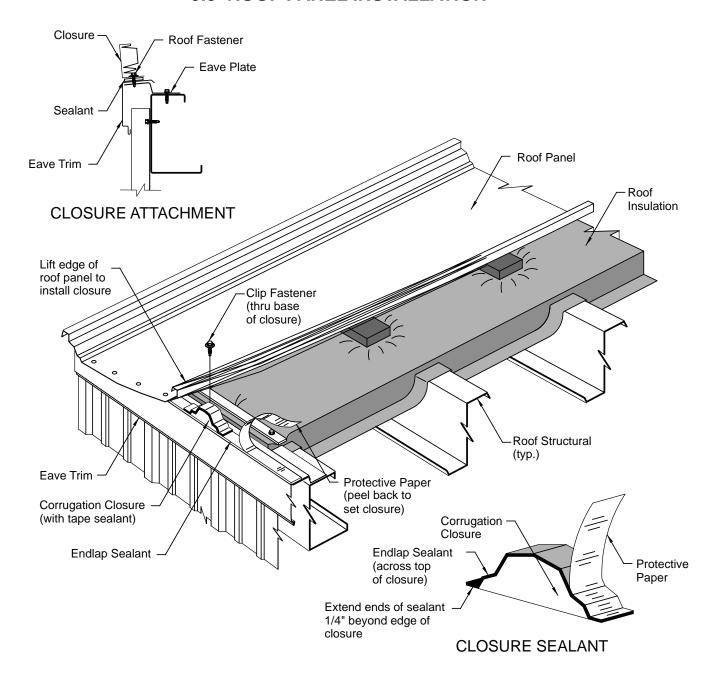
Verify that the roof panel's ow rhang dimens on is o rret and we rify that the roof panel is aligned parallel to the rake line. Raise the leading or ner of the panel and remove the protect is paper from the ease se alant.

Rotate the panel down to rest on the spacer blocks or instillation.

Using the hand e aming tool, close the panel seam over rake starter plate at 2'-0" centers or use optional pan screws. For proper operation of the e aming tool, refer to the Seaming Ins rubions e t ion.

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Prepare the corrugation closures by applying end lap sealant along the top surfaces as shown in the above illust ration. Remove the protective paper.

Peel bak the protetive paper from the eave s alant as so own to bear the orrugation bos re.

Pik up the o rner of the roof panel and plae the box re into the panel o rrugation and on top of the ear ${\bf e}$ alant.

Chek that the bos re is entered to the roof panel's edge.

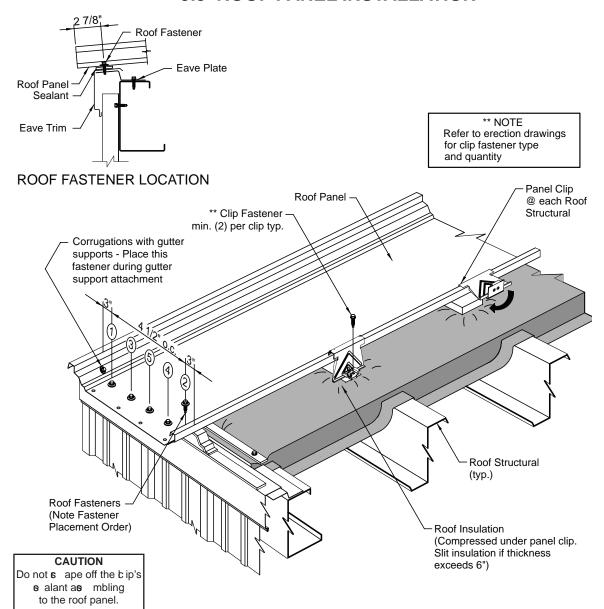
Fas en the bos re to the ease plate with a bip fas ener intermediate in the base of the bos re.

Eaw box res a n be preint alled on 2'e nters using the initial closure for a start reference. Do not install more than enough to math leading edge of instalion as minor o rretions in paing may be required.



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Before fastening the roof panel to the eave plate and fastening the leading edge of the panel with the panel clips, check that the panel o & rage is o rret and the leading edge of the panel is \$ raight and parallel to the rake line.

For taller \$ and off bips module k ts are required

Fas en the eave end of the panel with (5) roof fas eners p ae d and in order as b own. Rev ew s rut ural plans for b anges as more s ews may be required

Position the fasteners to penetrate through the center of the e alant, through the ease trim and into the ease plate.

Int all roof panel clips to the leading edge of the roof panel at eab roof to rut ural. Panel to ips are not required at the

eave ts rut ural.

To int all the bips tilt the bips that its tab an be hooked over the edge of the roof panel's male seam. Position the bip's bases that the bip fat eners and be intalled through the holes in the base and into the roof to rub ural, when rotated down into the retial position.

When fiberglass roof insulation is used, the panel clips normally e t on top of the insulation and the insulation is compressed between the clip's base and the top of the roof the trutural (bit insulation if this es total exe eds 6".)

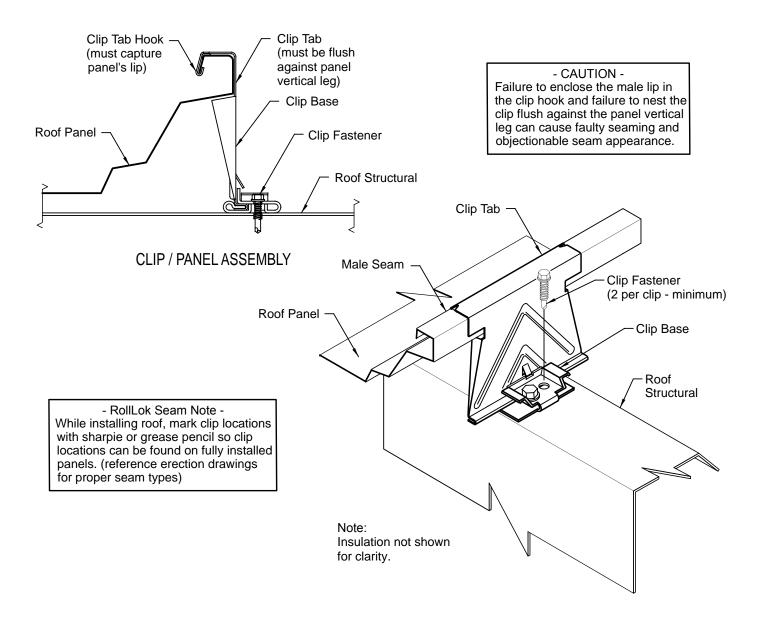
Specific panel clip details are shown on the following page.

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PANELS

NC.

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Panel clips are available as floating clips, fixed clips or floating wind clips and are available in different stand-off heights and lengths. Refer to the erection drawings to determine the top e of bip location and quantity of fast eners required for eab roof o ndition.

Chek that the panel b ip's tab is e ated tightly around the roof panel's e am and that the panel b ip's hook has a ptured the panel's lip.

Chek that the bip's tab is & rtia I and that the bae is e t square and firmly over the roof structural.

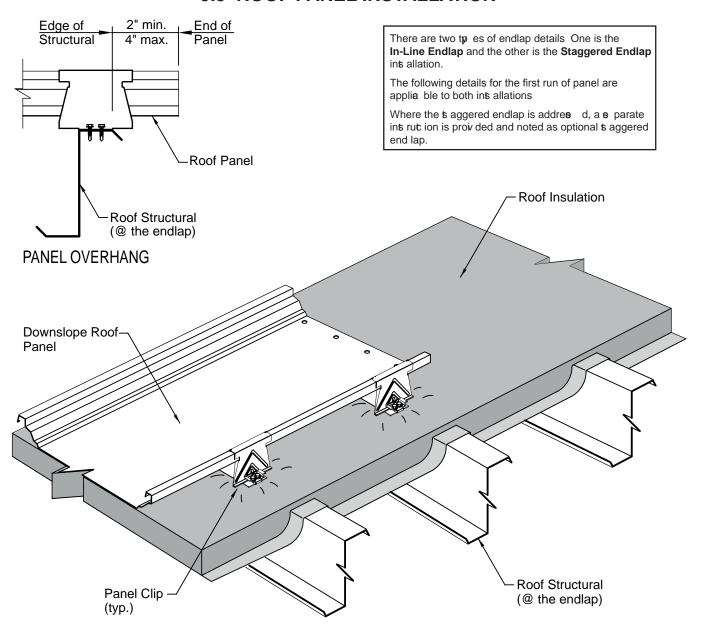
Panel b ip fat ener to e and quantity a ry aco rding to the roof to rub ural material and roof load requirements. Refer to the ereb ion drawings for the required to e and quantity of panel b ip fat eners

Chek that the bip fat eners are equally p ae d through the clip base holes and are securely engaged into roof to rub ural.



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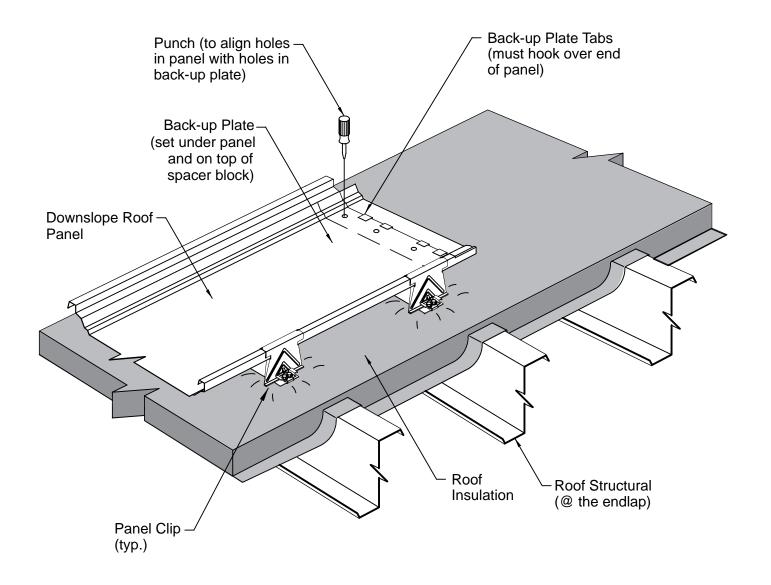
With the ease end of the roof panel attab ed, meas re the panel ose rhang at the purlin (se e illus ration).

The panel should extend 2" to 4" beyond the up-slope edge of the purlin or jois .

If the panel overhang is not within this range, call Metal Panels Inc. before proceeding with the installation of roof panels. Also reference the erection drawings for prescribed dimensions.

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Slide the bak up plate under the roof panel, as b own.

The back-up plate must be set over the top of the roof structural. If insulation spacer blocks are used, the back-up plate must be $\bf e$ to $\bf e$ r the $\bf p$ ae r blok

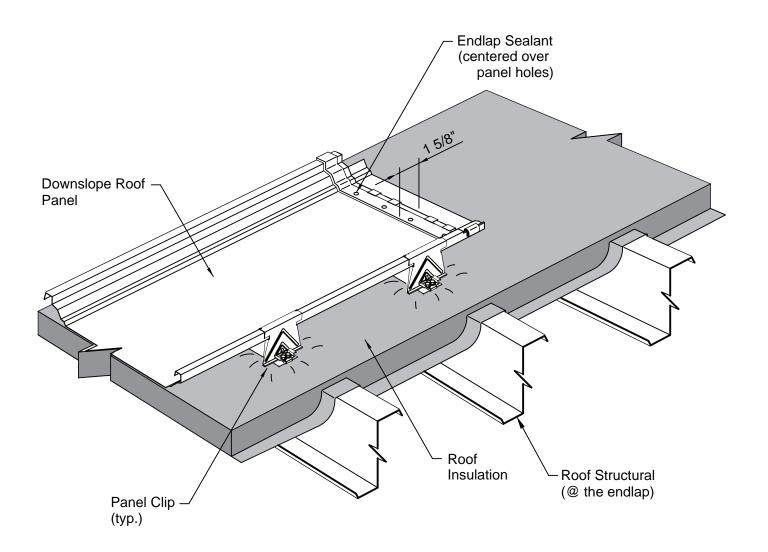
The bak up plate's tabs muts hook over the end of the roof panel.

Us punb es to align the holes in the bak -up plate with the fat ory punb ed holes in the roof panel.



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The proper placing of the endlap ${\bf e}$ alant is ${\bf c}$ itia I to the weathertightnes of the roof endlaps

Before installing the endlap sealant, the roof panel's surface mus be wiped be an and dry.

Position the sealant so that its downslope edge is uniformly 1 5/8" from the end of the panel. The sealant must be centered over the roof panel's factory punched holes.

Int all a o ntinuous trip of endlap e alant along the end of the roof panel, as b own.

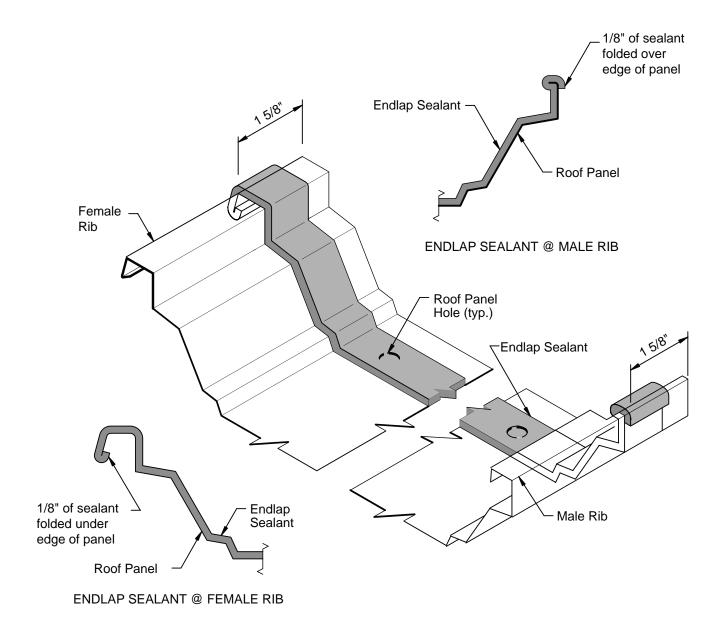
Check that the sealant fully contacts the roof panel's surface and that it is completely fitted into the panel corners and around the ${\bf e}$ ams

The e alant's protet is paper helps to retain the e alant's b ape during int allation and protet s the e alant's s rfae from damage and o ntamination. Do not remose the protet is paper until immediately before the int allation of the up-b ope roof panel.

Specific endlap sealant details are shown on the following pages

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METAL PANELS



Cut the endlap sealant to be fitted around the roof panel's e ams as a own.

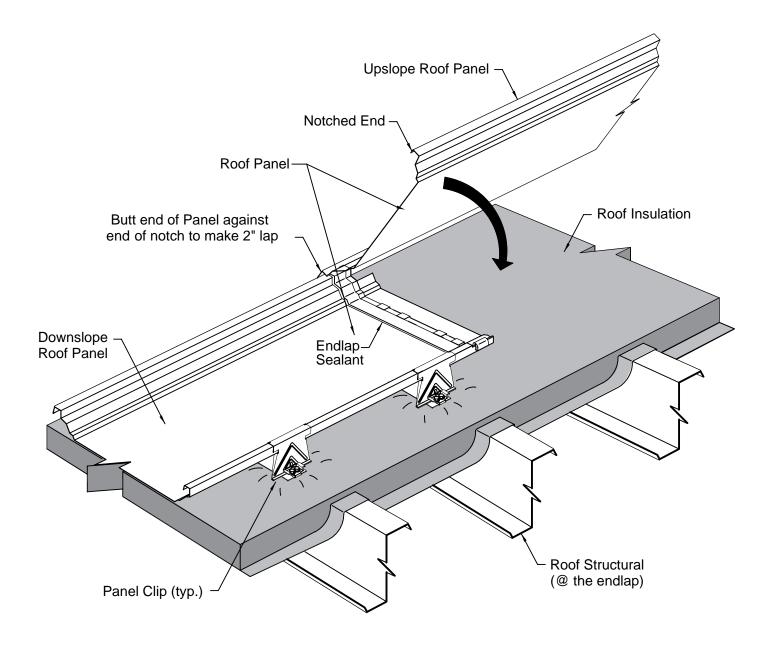
Chek that the 1/8" ends of the e alant are o rret ly folded around the roof panel's edges. Excess tape sealant in the roof panel seams will cause difficult panel assembly and seaming. Remove any exe s e alant.

After the sealant is correctly positioned, uniformly press the sealant against the roof panel's surface to assure adhesion. Do not use ese is se prese re white a n thin the se alant.



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Wipe dry and b ean the under b de b rfae of the up-b ope roof panel.

Remove the protective paper from the installed endlap e alant.

Pois tion the end of the up-s ope roof panel to make a 2" lap $o_{\overline{\mathbf{e}}}$ r the down-s ope roof panel.

At the seams, the end of the up-slope roof panel should butt agains the notb on the down-s ope roof panel.

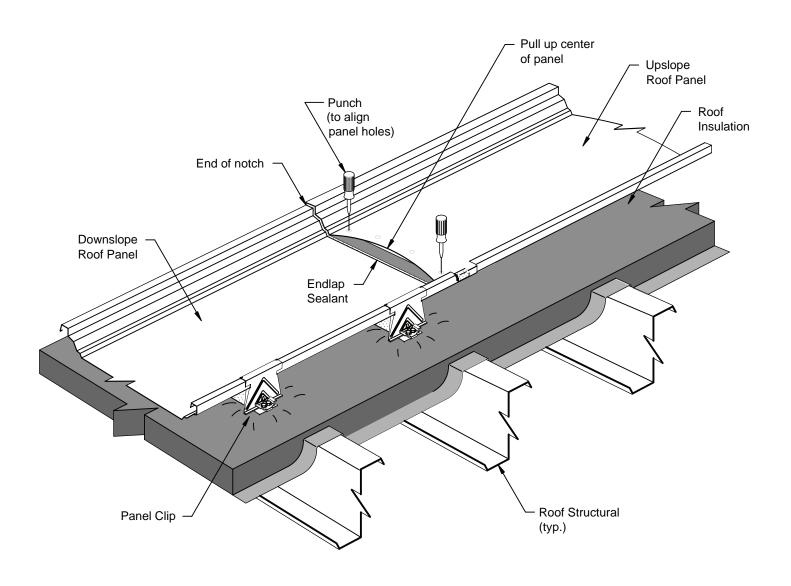
Chek that the up-s ope roof panel will o rret ly lap over the endlap ${\bf s}$ alant.

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9.3.12 ENDLAP — UP-SLOPE PANEL PLACEMENT





Lower the up-b ope roof panel to lap onto the down-b ope roof panel.

While lowering the up-b ope roof panel, bow the end of the panel by pulling up on its enter. This will allow the panel to more easly nest into the down-b ope panel.

Us punb es to align the fat ory punb ed holes of the lapping panels. The punb will have to penetrate through the endlaps alant and into the holes in the bake up plate. Do

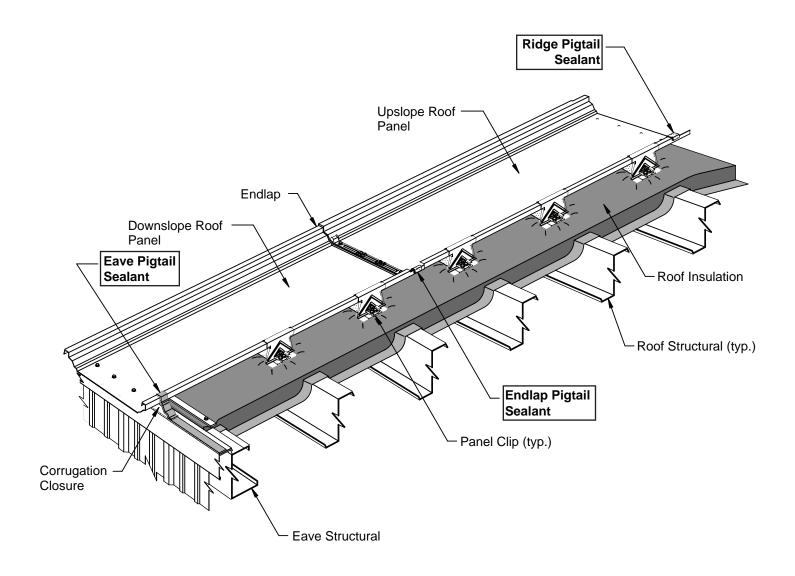
not dis urb the pois tion of the e alant while ine rting and remoiving the punb.

Do not remove the punb es from the roof panel holes until after the e am b amps have been into alled.



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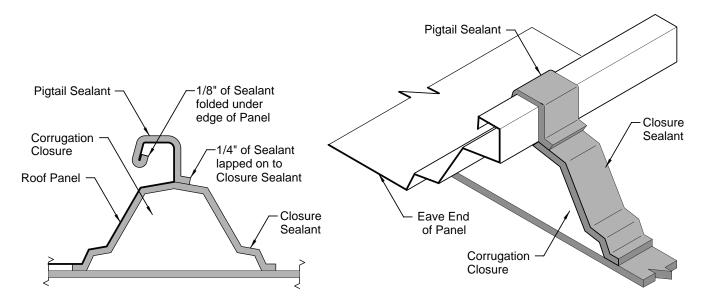
The pigtail sealants must be correctly installed before the next roof panel run a n be int alled. The pigtail ${\bf e}$ alants are piee s of endlap ${\bf e}$ alant ${\bf u}$ t to the required length.

Int all the eave , endlap and ridge pigtail ${\bf e}$ alants on the leading edge of the roof panel as ${\bf b}$ own.

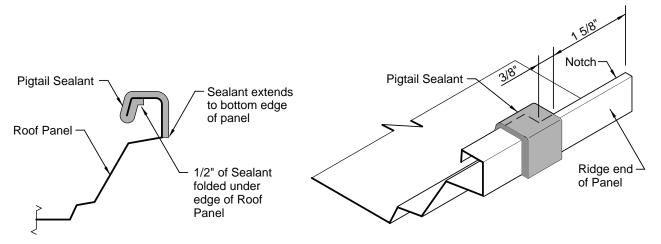
Refer to the next pages for specific pigtail sealant details.

Page 9-21 Dwg: F_TS0_027R01BRS Date: April 2021





EAVE PIGTAIL SEALANT DETAIL



RIDGE PIGTAIL SEALANT DETAIL

Cut the pigtail sealants to be fitted around the roof panel's e am as b own. Ue a ips or equal to a t. Do not tear or pull.

At the eave, lap 1/4" of the pigtail e alant onto the o rrugation bos re's e alant. Cut the other end of the pigtail e alant o 1/8" a n be folded under the edge of the roof panel. Strip length is approx mately 2 1/2" long.

At the ridge, poistion the pigtail e alant e its edge is 1 5/8" from the end of the roof panel. The e alant mut lap over the edge of the roof panel's notb.

Fold 1/2" of the ridge pigtail e alant under the edge of the roof panel. Cut the other end of the sealant so it sets flush with the bottom edge of the roof panel's e am. Strip length is approx mately 2 1/2" long.

Excess sealant in the seams will cause difficult roof panel assembly and seaming. Remove any excess sealant. Cut, do not tear.

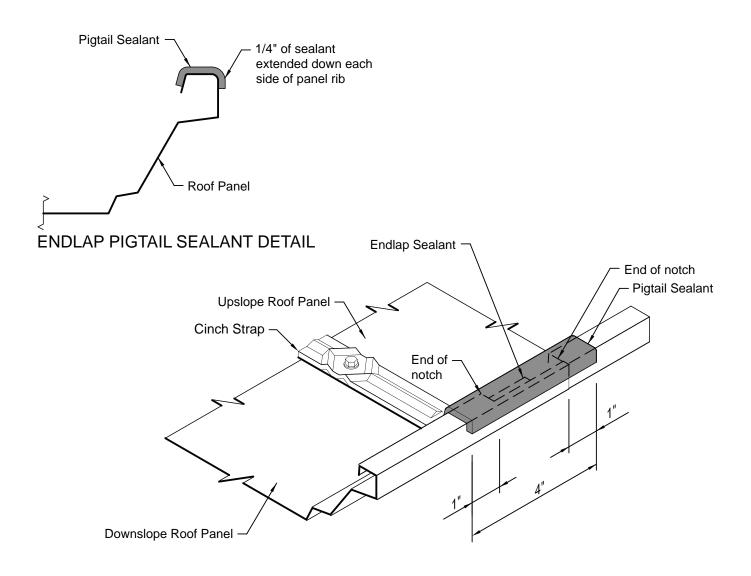
After the pigtail e alant is o rret ly plae d, uniformly pres the e alant agains the panel's s rfae to as readhes on.



9.3.15 PIGTAIL SEALANT DETAILS AT EAVE & RIDGE

Page 9-22 Dwg:F_TS0_028R01BRS Date: April 2021





Cut the pigtail sealant to a 4" length and fit around the roof panel's e am as b own.

Position the pigtail sealant to lap 1" over the downslope end of the roof panel's notb.

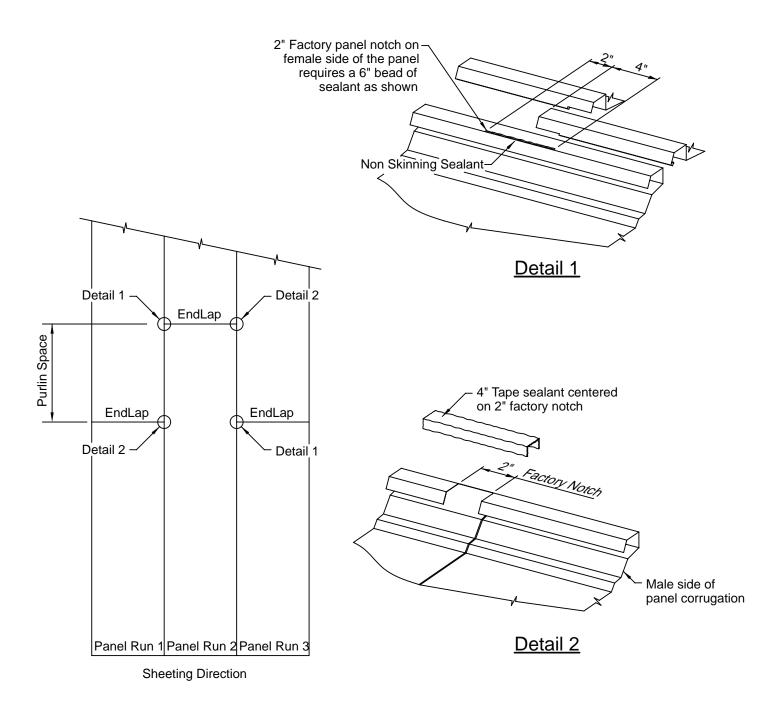
Center the s alant over the roof panel's s am. Fold the edges of the s alant down over the s des of the s am.

Excess sealant in the seams will cause difficult roof panel assembly and seaming. Remove any exe s e alant. Cut, do not tear.

After the pigtail e alant is o rret ly plae d, uniformly pres the e alant agains the panel's s rfae to as re adhes on.

Page 9-23 Dwg: F_TSO_029R01BRS Date: April 2021 9.3.16 PIGTAIL SEALANT DETAIL AT ENDLAP





All previous notes and details for the straight line endlap will remain the same for the first panel run.

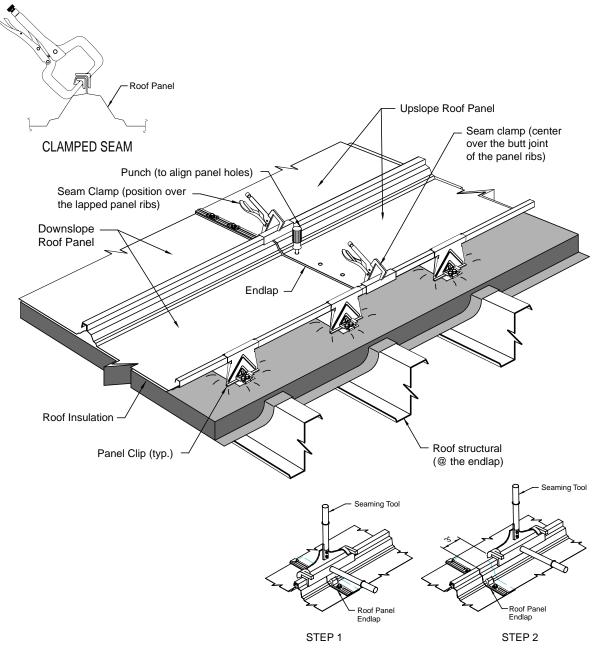
All endlaps will be e aled as b own in the prei ous int ructions and oo rover a purlin pae.

If the e o nd panel endlap is t aggered, a o mbination of tape e alant and non k nning e alant will be required as b own in detail 1 and 2.



Page 9-24S





TRIPLELOK ONLY

Us the s am b amps to draw the lapping panel s ams together, as s own.

Check that the clamp jaws are correctly aligned to the seam before ${\tt b}$ os ng the ${\tt b}$ amp. Mia ligned ${\tt b}$ amps a n dis ort and damage the roof panel ${\tt e}$ ams

Slowly close the clamp to allow the sealant to flow between the lapped **e** ams

With the e am b amps int alled, uniformly pres down on the up-b ope panel to boe the panel lap and to as re adhes on to the endlap e alant.

Do not remove the seam clamps until after the endlap cinch strap has been installed. They may or may not be b own on the following to eps

Hand e am at lap - refer to e aming guide for specific instructions.

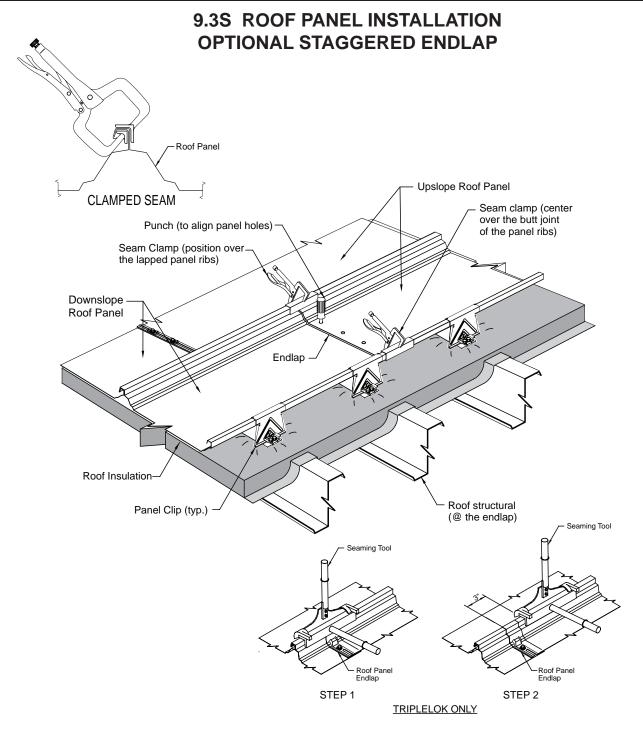
Page 9-25

Dwg: F_TS0_024R01BRS
Date: April 2021

9.3.18 ENDLAP — CLAMP THE SEAMS







Us the s am b amps to draw the lapping panel s ams together, as a own.

Check that the clamp jaws are correctly aligned to the seam before bosing the bamp. Mia ligned bamps a n distort and damage the roof panel e ams

Slowly close the clamp to allow the sealant to flow between the lapped e ams

With the e am b amps int alled, uniformly pres down on the up-s ope panel to bos the panel lap and to as re adhes on to the endlap e alant.

Do not remove the seam clamps until after the endlap cinch strap has been installed. They may or may not be b own on the following to eps

Hand e am at lap - refer to e aming guide for specific instructions.

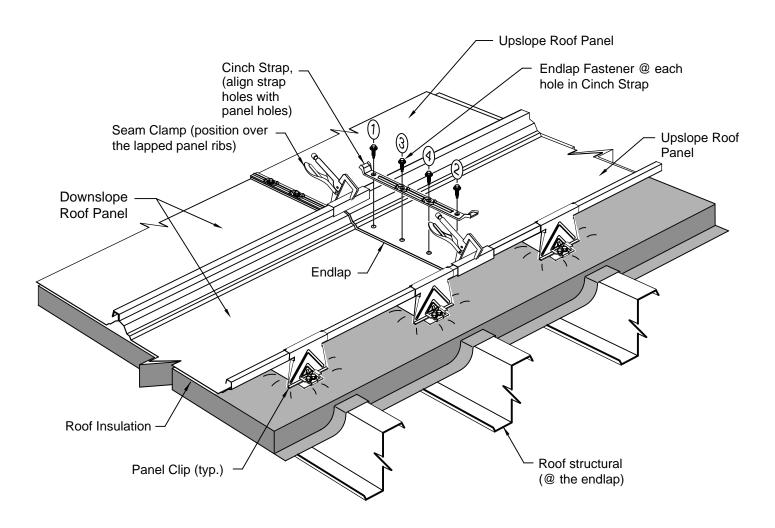


9.3.18S ENDLAP — CLAMP THE SEAMS

Page 9-25S

Dwg: F_TS0_024SR01BRS Date: April 2021





A cinch strap is required on all roof applications.

Use a punb to align the fact ory punb ed holes in the c nb to rap, roof panels and bak up plate.

Carefully remove the punb es and pois tion the ic nb to rap over the fact ory punb ed holes in the roof panel.

Install endlap fasteners in the holes at each end of the cinch strap. Next install fasteners in the remaining holes.

Chek that the endlap fat eners penetrate thru the enter of the endlap ${\bf e}$ alant and are ${\bf e}$ ${\bf u}$ rely engaged into the bak up plate.

Remove e am b amps to o mplete int allation

Specific endlap details are shown on the following pages.

Page 9-26
Dwg: F_TS0_025R01BRS

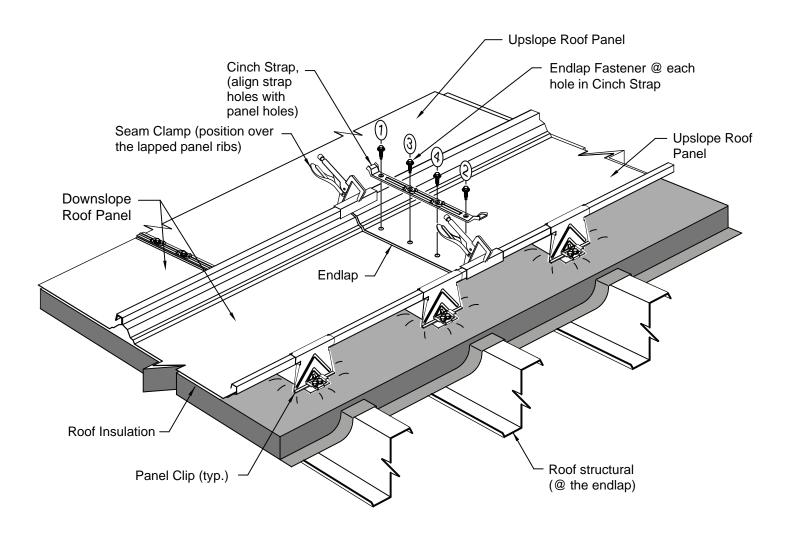
Date: April 2021

9.3.19 ENDLAP — INSTALL CINCH STRAP





9.3S ROOF PANEL INSTALLATION **OPTIONAL STAGGERED ENDLAP**



A cinch strap is required on all roof applications.

Use a punb to align the fat ory punb ed holes in the c nb ts rap, roof panels and bake up plate.

Carefully remove the punb es and pois tion the c nb ts rap over the fat ory punb ed holes in the roof panel.

Install endlap fasteners in the holes at each end of the cinch strap. Next install fasteners in the remaining holes.

Chek that the endlap fat eners penetrate thru the e nter of the endlap e alant and are e a rely engaged into the bak up plate.

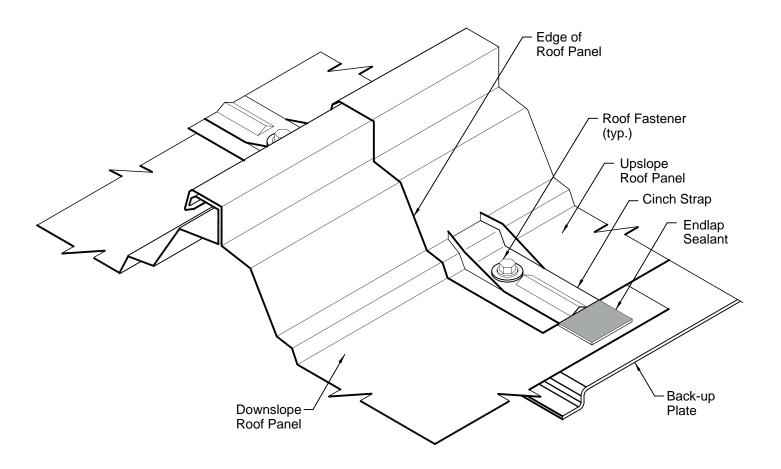
Remove e am b amps to o mplete interallation

Specific endlap details are shown on the following pages.



Page 9-26S





Cheke that the endlap is o rretely as mbled as bown.

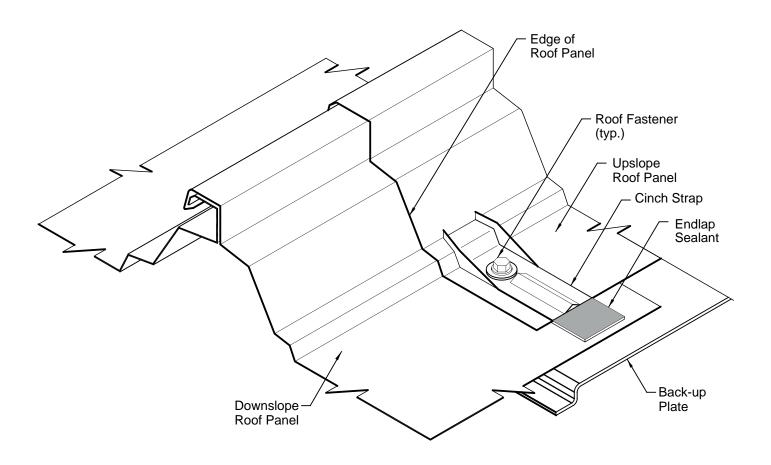
Check that there are no unsealed voids between the lapped panels ep ec ally at the c itia I o rner areas

Page 9-27Dwg: F_TS0_026R01BRS

Date: April 2021



9.3S ROOF PANEL INSTALLATION **OPTIONAL STAGGERED ENDLAP**



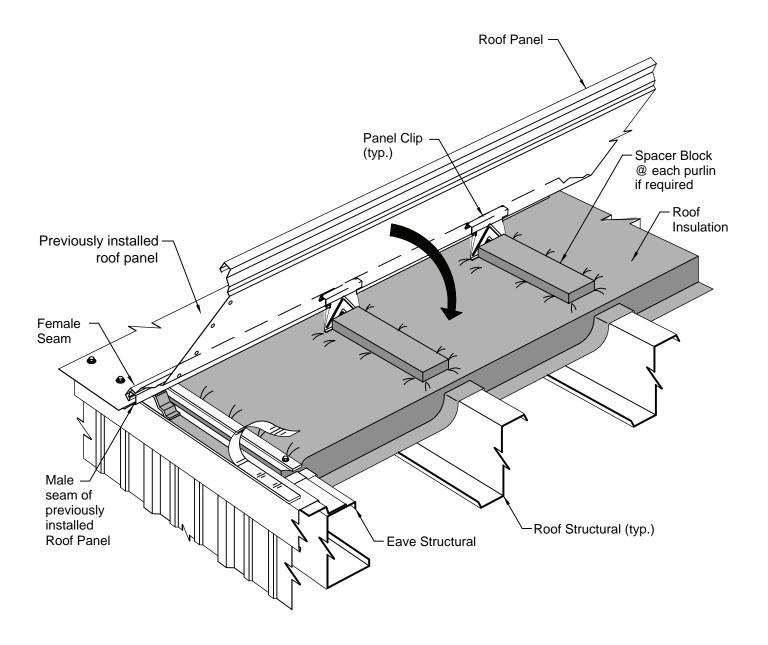
Chek that the endlap is o rret ly as mbled as b own.

Check that there are no unsealed voids between the lapped panels es ecally at the citia lo rner areas.



Page 9-27S





Repeat previous steps of first panel run and remove the protective paper from the eave sealant. Remove only enough of the protective paper to allow into allation of the net roof panel.

If required, plae the instalation p ae r blok on top of the instalation directly over the roof t ructural.

Position the trailing edge of the roof panel of r the leading edge of the previous y into alled roof panel and position the end of the roof panel 2" beto nd the fae of the ease trim.

Tilt the panel as b own o the female o am a n be hook d over the male of am of the previous roof panel.

Specific roof panel sidelap assembly details are shown on the following page.

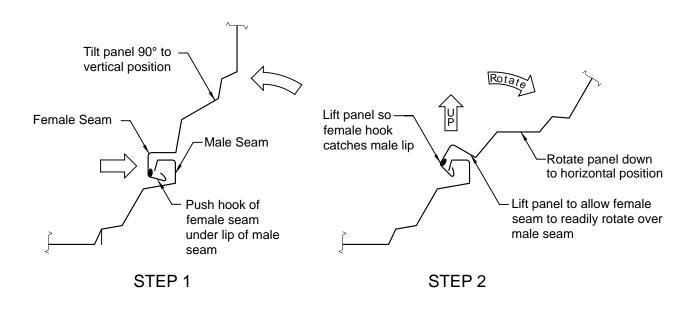
Page 9-28

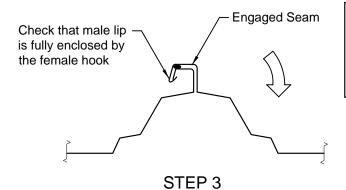
Dwg: F_TS0_030R01BRS
Date: April 2021











CAUTION

Es is se panel o se rage width
a n present proper is delap
as mbly. Chest and o rret
panel o se rage prior to installation
of the nest panel.

It is eas er to hook the roof panel **e** ams together if the roof panel is first tilted up to the vertical position.

With the roof panel in the e rtia I position, align its female e am to bide under the male e am of the previous roof panel.

With the female seam under the male ${\bf e}$ am, lift up the roof panel so the female seam's hook catches the lip of the male ${\bf e}$ am.

While continuing to lift up on the roof panel, rotate the panel down to res on the ins lation or p ae r blok

Be a reful not to s ape off the e am e alant during the is delap as mbly.

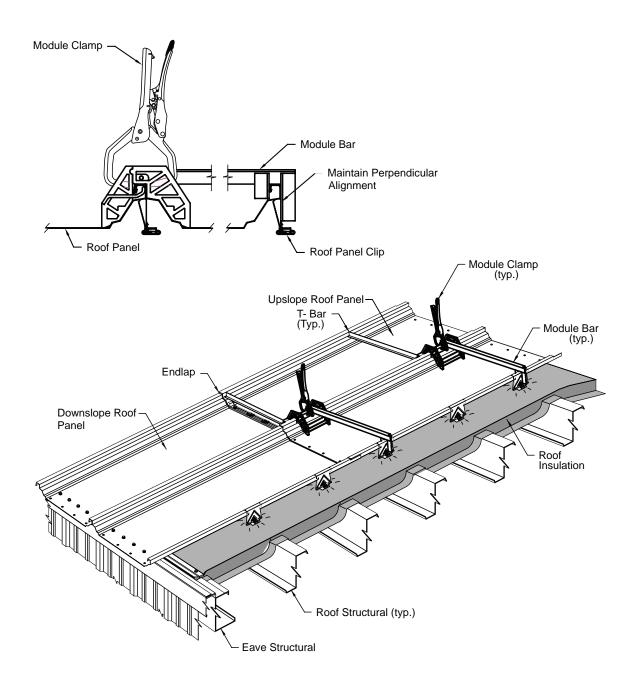
IMPORTANT: Check that the male and female are fully nested and the female hook has enclosed the male lip along the entire length of the roof panel. If not, the roof panel sidelap must be correctly reassembled before installing the next roof panel.



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Dwg: F_TS0_031R01BRS
Date: April 2021





The mos o mmon o \mathbf{e} rage error is the \mathbf{p} reading of the roof panels, especially at the panel ends. This can cause exe \mathbf{e} panel o \mathbf{e} rage along the ea \mathbf{e} , endlaps and ridge.

To o ntrol explanations sometimes of the state of the st

If excessive coverage has accumulated, contact **Metal Panels Inc.** for o rret is at ion

Continue proe s until oppos te ends of the s rut ure are reab ed.

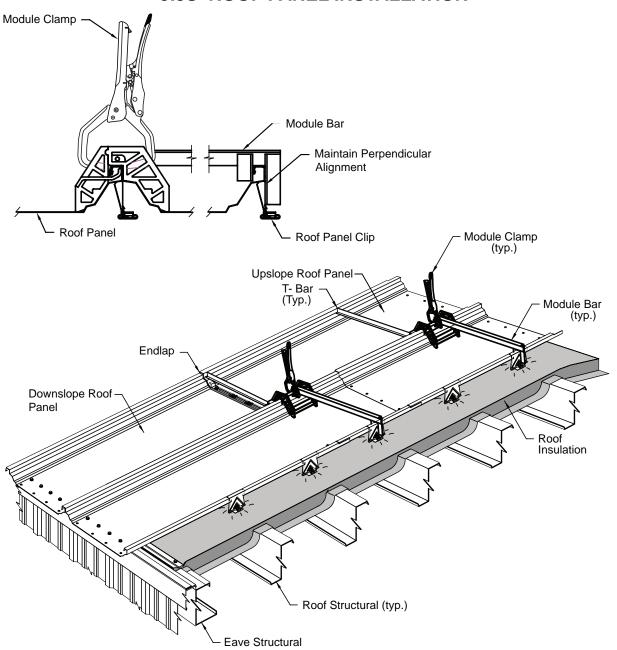
End dams should be installed at the ridge as sheeting progres $\,$ s $\,$

Page 9-30

Dwg: F_TS0_032R01BRS
Date: April 2021

9.3.23 MAINTAIN PANEL COVERAGE





The mos o mmon o ve rage error is the p reading of the roof panels ep ecally at the panel ends This an aus es s panel coverage along the eas, endlaps and ridge.

To o ntrol exe s roof panel cove rage, us module b amp kits to maintain proper panel spacing. Refer to module clamp k t int rut ions for in depth and proper ue .

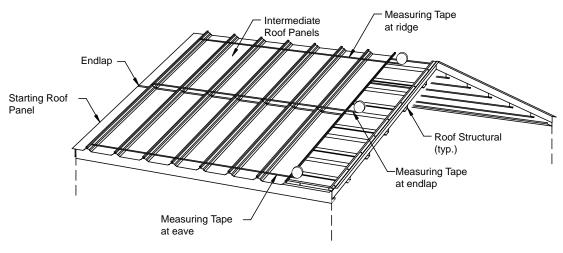
If exe is we o we rage has an mulated, o ntat for o rretive at ion

Continue proe s until oppos te ends of the s rut ure are reab ed.

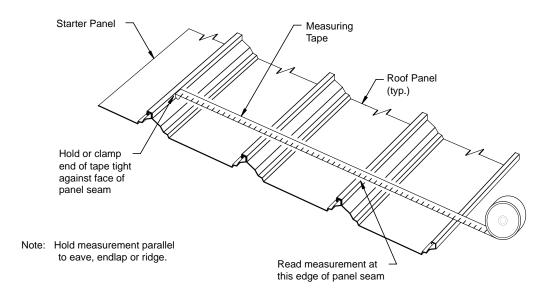
End dams should be installed at the ridge as sheeting progree s



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CHECKING PANEL COVERAGE



PANEL COVERAGE MEASUREMENT

Caution: To assure proper fit-up of the sidelap assembly, proper seaming, proper fit-up of closures, flashing, curbs, etc., it is important that each panel be held to within the 1/8" panel coverage tolerance and that overall coverage be checked frequently and any coverage error be corrected before it accumulates.

Coverage must be checked at the eave and ridge and at every endlap.

To aw id au mulation error, the ow rage meas rement should always be from the rake line or the starting roof panel's eam.

To aw id meas rement error, the meas ring tape mus be free and taut and mus be parallel to the ease line or ridge line and not deflected.

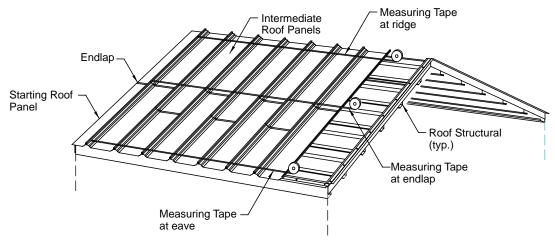
Improper coverage will cause difficulty in seaming.

Page 9-31
Dwg: F_TS0_033R00BRS

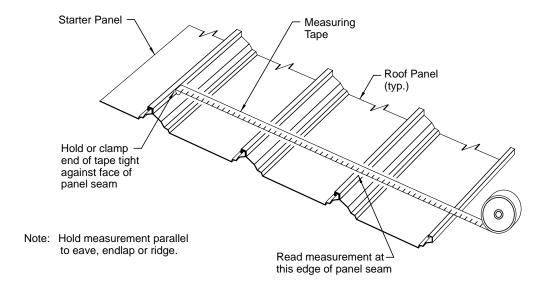
Dwg: F_TS0_033R00BR Date: April 2021 9.3.24 CHECK PANEL COVERAGE



9.3S ROOF PANEL INSTALLATION OPTIONAL STAGGERED ENDLAP



CHECKING PANEL COVERAGE



PANEL COVERAGE MEASUREMENT

Caution: To assure proper fit-up of the sidelap assembly, proper seaming, proper fip-up of closures, flashing, curbs, etc., it is important that each panel be held to within the 1/8" panel coverage tolerance and that overall coverage be checked frequently and any coverage error be corrected before it accumulates.

Coverage must be checked at the eave and ridge and at every endlap.

To aw id au mulation error, the ow rage meas rement should always be from the rake line or the starting roof panel's eam.

To avoid measurement error, the measuring tape must be free and taut and must be parallel to the ease line or ridge line and not deflected.

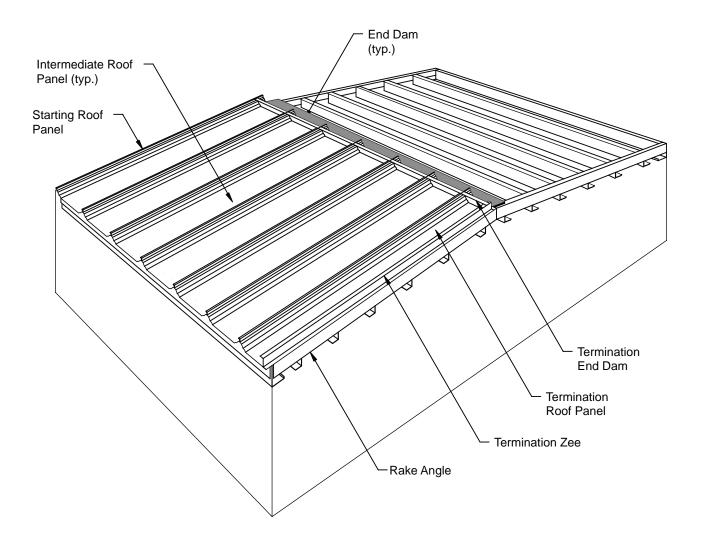
Improper coverage will cause difficulty in seaming.



Page 9-31S

Dwg: F_TS0_033SR00BRS
Date: April 2021



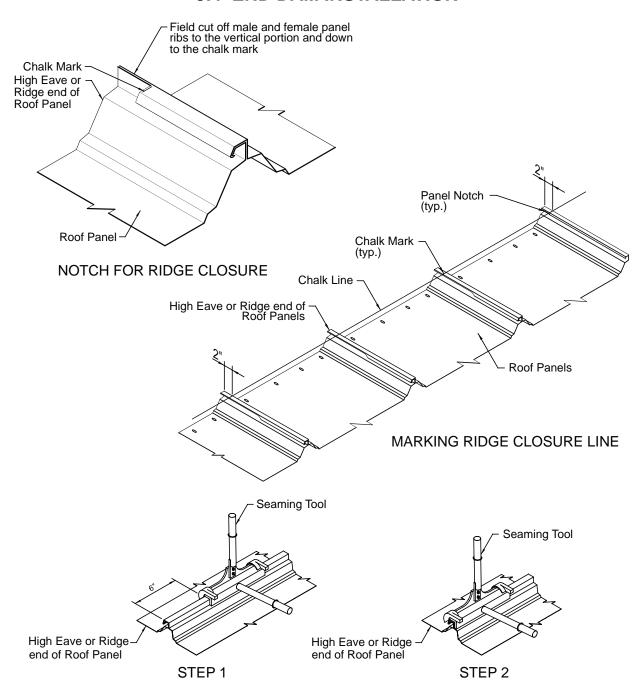


Metal end dams are used to close the ends of the roof The details in this et ion will b ow roof panel preparation panels at the ridge, high eave and high eave transition o nditions

requirements and int allation of the end dams

Page 9-32 Dwg: F_TS0_034R00BRS Date: April 2021





The end dams should be installed before four roof panel runs are completed. Into allation of the end dams helps maintain the or rectroof panel or rage at the ridge. If the end dams are into alled after the roof panels are in plae, roof panel or rage error may prevent proper into allation of the end dams

Chek the alignment of the roof not be salong the ridge. If the not be sare aggered more than 1/4", use a balk line

ETAL

PANELS

to es ablib as raight not line. Postion the balk line so no not bekends below the line.

Using the end of the factory notb (or b alk mark as a guide, field cut the additional notching in both male and female portions of the e am as b own.

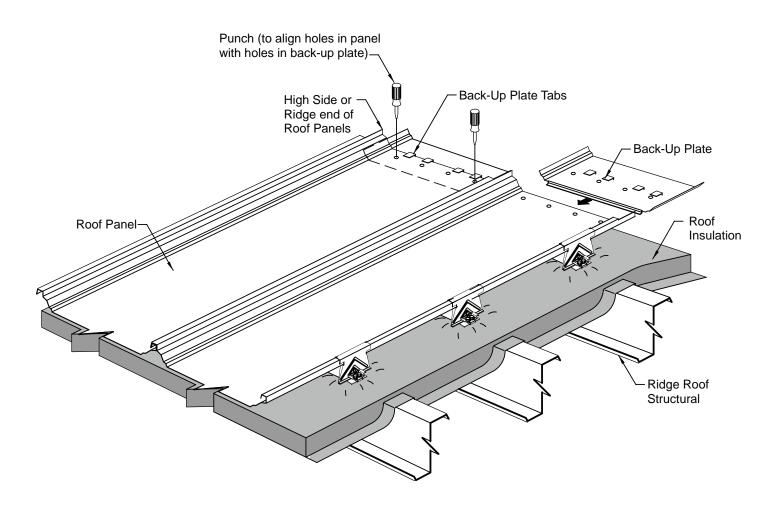
Hand e am 16" of uphill panel end before int alling tape e alant and end dam to ao modate motor e amer - Refer to seaming guide for specific instructions.

9.4.2 PREPARATION FOR END DAM INSTALLATION

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Dwg: F_TS0_035R02BRS
Date: April 2021





Slide the bak up plate under the roof panel as b own.

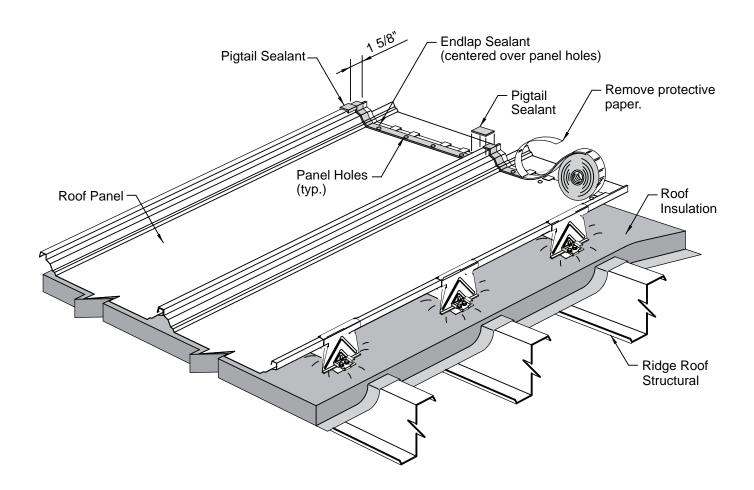
The bak up plate's tabs muts hook over the end of the roof panel.

Us punb es to align the holes in the bak up plate with the fat ory punb ed holes in the roof panel.

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Dwg: F_TS0_036R02BRS Date: April 2021





Before installing the endlap sealant, the roof panel's surface mut be wiped bean and dry.

Install a o ntinuous s rip of endlap e alant along the end of the roof panel as b own.

Position the sealant so that its downslope edge is uniformly 1 5/8" from the end of the panel. The sealant must be centered over the roof panel's factory punched holes. Be s re to b ek that the e alant fully o ntat s the roof panel's surface and that it is completely fitted into the panel o rners and around the e ams

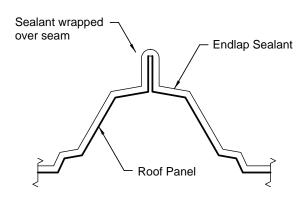
Cut a 2 1/2" s rip of endlap e alant and ins all as the pigtail e alant as b own.

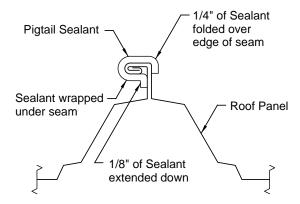
Specific endlap sealant details are shown on the following page.



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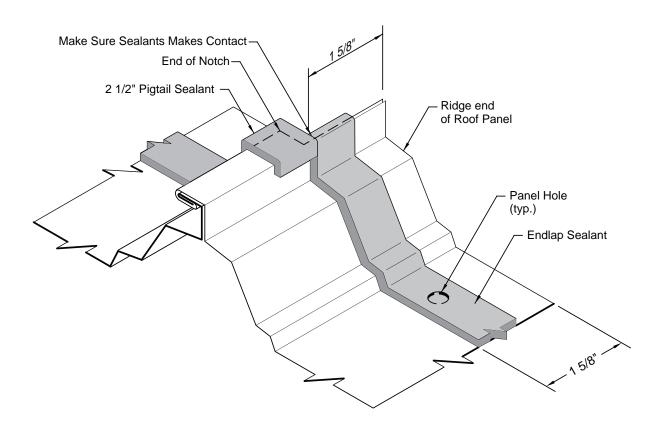






ENDLAP SEALANT @ RIDGE

PIGTAIL SEALANT @ RIDGE



The orrect introduction of the ridge sealant is citical to the weather resistance of the roof seam.

sealant against the roof panel's surface to assure adhesion. Do not ue ee s pres re, whib a n thin the e alant.

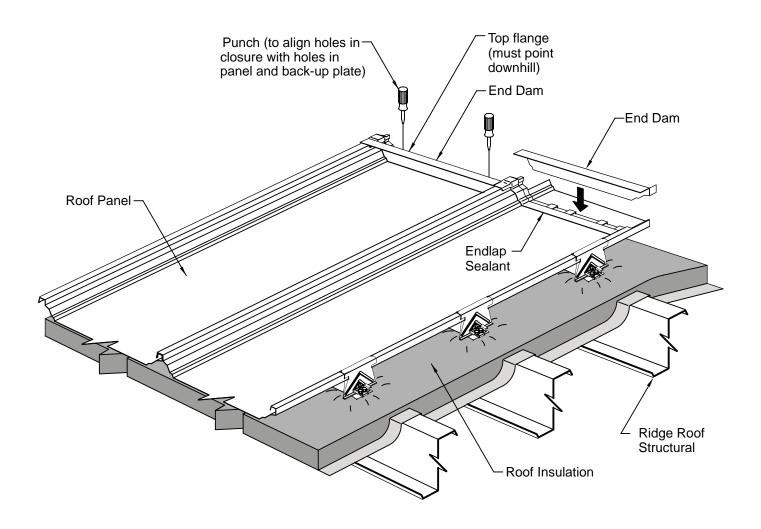
Be sure to verify that the sealant is installed as shown above before int alling end dams

After the sealant is correctly positioned, uniformly press the

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Dwg: F_TS0_038R01BRS
Date: April 2021





Wipe dry and bean the unders de s rfae of the end dam flanges.

Remove the protet ive paper from the ints alled ridge $\mathbf e$ alant.

Position the end dam so its bottom flange is turned up-slope and its top flange is pointed downslope.

Position the end dam's bottom flange directly over the ridge e alant and us punb es to align the holes in the end dam with the fat ory punb ed holes in the roof panel and bak up plate.

Be careful not to displace or damage the sealant while int alling the end dam and punb es

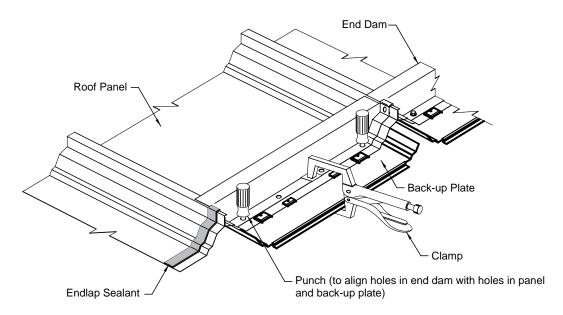


Page 9-37 Dwg: F_TS0_039R02BRS

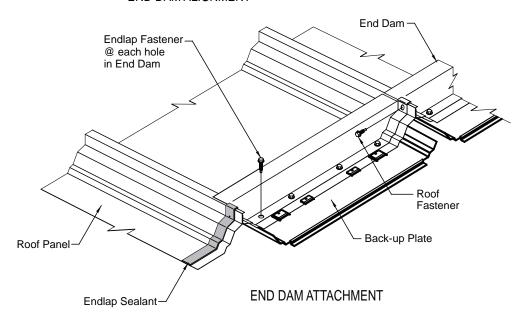
Date: April 2021



9.4 END DAM INSTALLATION



END DAM ALIGNMENT



While the math ing holes are aligned by the punb es uniformly pres the end dam into the ridge ${\bf e}$ alant to as re adhesion. Use a clamp to hold the assembly together while int alling the fat eners

Int all endlap fat eners through the holes in the end dam's bottom flange.

Chek that the fat eners penetrate through the ${\bf e}$ nter of the ridge ${\bf e}$ alant and are ${\bf e}$ ${\bf u}$ rely engaged into the bak up plate.

Chek that the fae of the end dam is perpendia lar to the

roof panel and aligned with the previously installed end dams. If not, pub. the top of the end dam to the o rret pos tion.

Int all a e If-drilling fat ener through the larger hole at the top of the end dam, through the roof panel e am and into the hole in the opposite end dam.

Important: Overtightening this fastener will squeeze the roof panel sidelap assembly together and may affect the roof panel's coverage width. Carefully tighten the fastener only as necessary to maintain the correct panel width.

ETAL

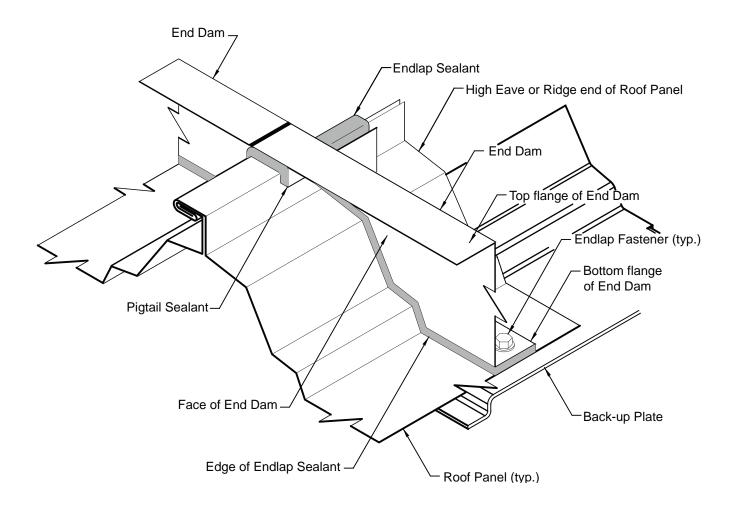
PANELS

NC.

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Dwg: F_TS0_040R01BRS
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9.4 END DAM INSTALLATION



Verify that the end dam is o rret ly as mbled as b own.

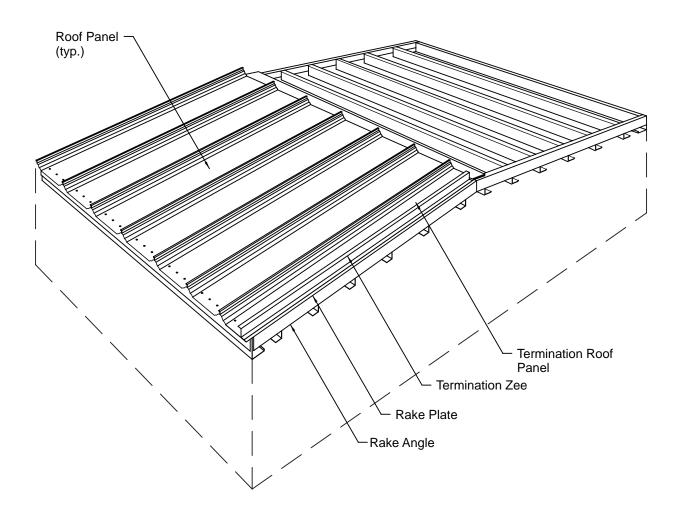
panel and the end dam, especially in the critical areas around the roof panel ribs and ${\bf e}$ ams

Chek that there are no un-s aled v ids between the roof



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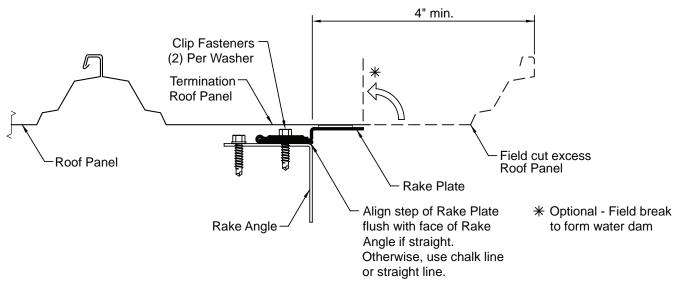


The details in this section show the installation of the The details b ow the termination roof panel into alled at the termination roof panel and the termination **e** e.

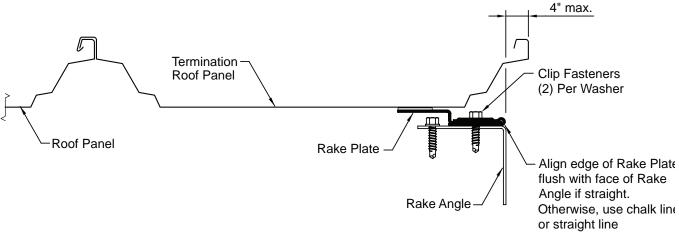
finish rake.

Page 9-40Dwg: F_TS0_042R01BRS Date: April 2021





STANDARD RAKE PLATE POSITION



ALTERNATE RAKE PLATE POSITION

Refer to the erection drawings to determine while position to place the rake plate. The position of the rake plate will depend on the location of the termination roof panel as be own on the above illustrations

If the leading edge of the panel ext ends 4" or more bey not the fae of the rake angle, into all the rake plate in the standard poistion.

If the leading edge of the panel ext ends les than 4" bey nd the fae of the rake angle, into all the rake plate in the alternate position.

If the rake condition requires transition flashing, refer to the rake transition e t ion.

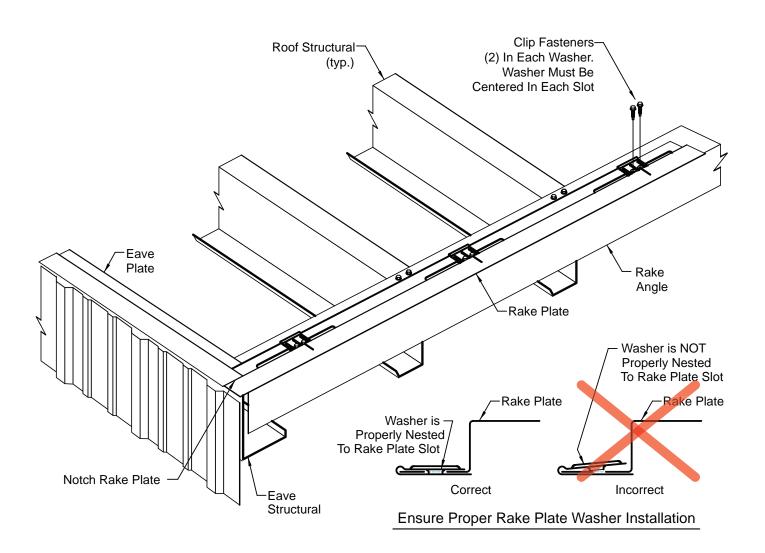


9.5.2 RAKE PLATE POSITION FOR RAKE TRIM

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Dwg: F_TS0_043R02BRS
Date: April 2021





It is important that the rake plate is interaction at raight line $\bf s$ uare with the ease .

If the rake angles have been into alled to raight and true, the edge of the rake angle an be used to align the rake plate.

If the rake angle is not true and q uare, a b alk ine b ould be use d to guide the int allation of the rake plate.

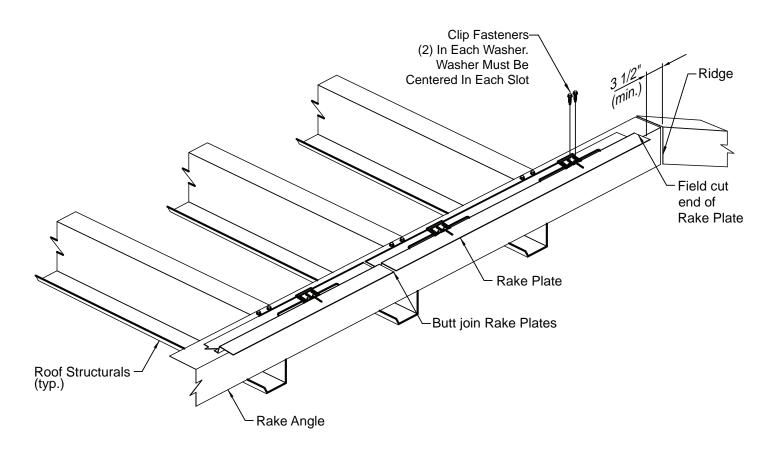
Start the end of the rake plate flush with the outer edge of the eave plate. Notch the bottom flange of the rake plate to be ear the eave plate.

Set re the rake plate to the rake angle with 2 \pm ruc ural fat eners in the rake plate's attab ment was er.

To allow for exp anis on/o ntraction more ment, e a re the rake plate to the rake angle with structural fasteners two per was er. Ensure each washer is centered in its respective slot.

Page 9-42 Dwg: F_TSO_044R03BRS Date: April 2021 9.5.3 START RAKE PLATE INSTALLATION AT EAVE





Butt join the ends of the rake plate. Into all the to rute ural fate eners in the wale erg 2 per wale erg entered in the bot.

Field cut the last rake perimeter plate three and a half inches (3-1/2") from the ridge line or high eaæ line.

Do not install over insulation.

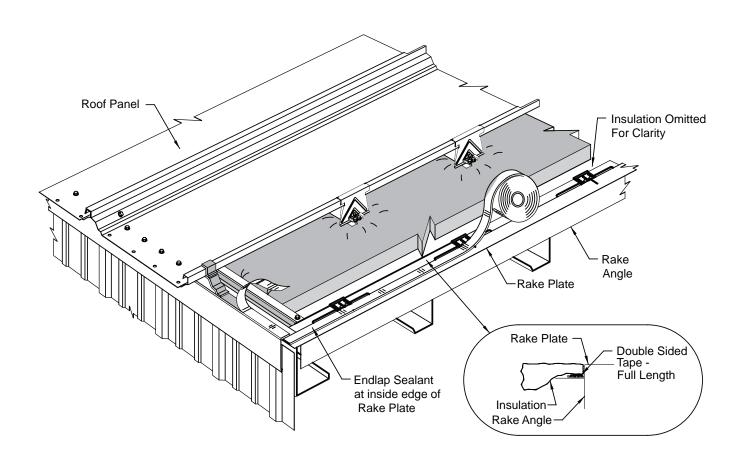


9.5.4 RAKE PLATE ASSEMBLY AT JOINTS & RIDGE

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Dwg: F_TS0_045R04BRS Date: April 2021





Install end lap sealant along the top flange of the rake plate as ${\bf b}$ own.

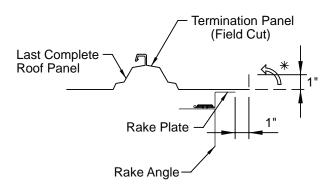
Position the edge of the sealant flush with the inside edge of the rake plate bend. At the ease, lap the end of the $\bf s$ alant on top of the ease $\bf s$ alant.

Do not remove the protective paper until immediately before int alling the termination roof panel.

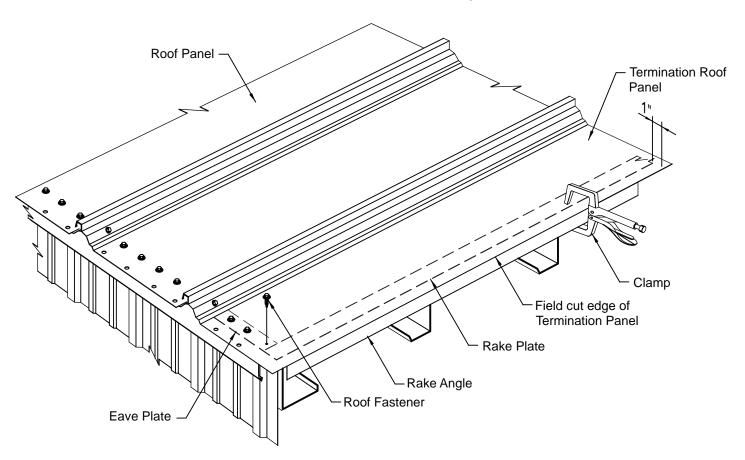
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Dwg: F_TS0_046R02BRS Date: April 2021 9.5.5 INSTALL RAKE PLATE SEALANT & INSULATION TERMINATION





* Optional - Field break to form water dam



Field a t the termination roof panel to the required width. The a t edge of the panel should extend 1" beg nd the outer edge of the rake plate's top flange. (For optional field bend panel a ould extend 2" for proper a t.)

Along the α t edge of the termination roof panel, wipe the unders de b ean and dry.

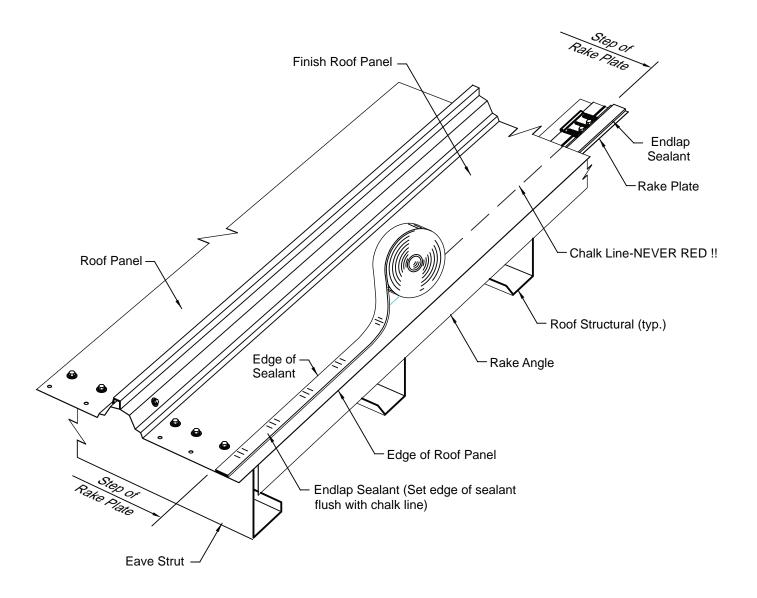
Remove the protetive paper from the eave ${\bf e}$ alant and rake plate ${\bf e}$ alant.

Int all the termination panel into postion as a own.

Int all the ease fat eners and temporarily thamp the edge of the panel to the rate plate.







Along the α t edge of the termination roof panel, wipe the top α rfae b ean and dry.

Install endlap sealant continuous along the edge of the termination roof panel as **b** own.

The rake bos res alant mus be positioned directly over the rake plate's top flange. Layout the sealant location on the panel's top surface with a chalk line as shown. Align the balk line with the rake plate's sep. No red chalk.

Position the edge of the **s** alant on the **b** alk line. Start and finish the ends of the sealant flush with the ends of the roof panel.

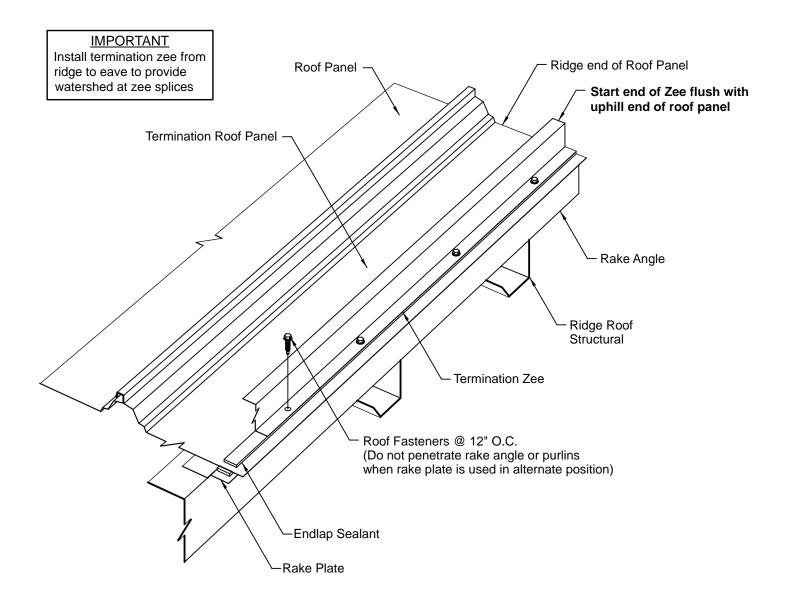
Cheke the entire length of the ${\bf s}$ alant to a ${\bf s}$ re that it is o rrectly positioned and that there are no ${\bf v}$ ids or thinned areas

After the e alant has been o rrec ly into alled, lightly pres the e alant agains the roof panel to as re adhes on. Do not us es s pres re whith a n thin the e alant.

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Dwg: F_TS0_048R02BRS
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The termination zee must be installed from ridgeto-eave to provide for waters ed at the termination ze e p lie s

Install the termination \mathbf{z} e on top of the \mathbf{s} alant as \mathbf{b} own.

Position the zee so its bottom flange is turned outward and its inside edge is flush with the inside edge of the sealant. Position the end of the zee flush with the uphill end of the roof panel.

Uniformly press the zee against the sealant to assure adheis on.

Attab the termination æ e with roof fat eners at 12" p acing. Chek that the fat eners penetrate the e nter of the e alant and e a rely engage the rate plate.

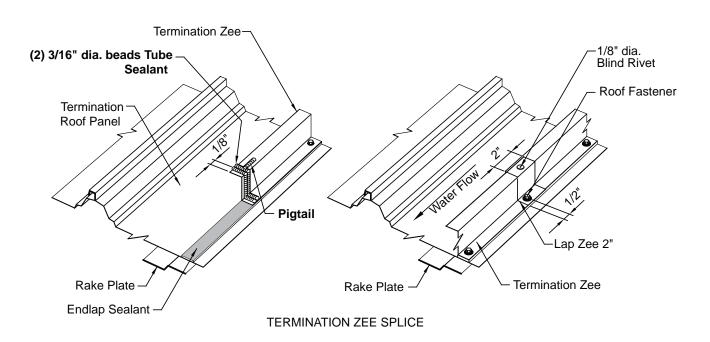


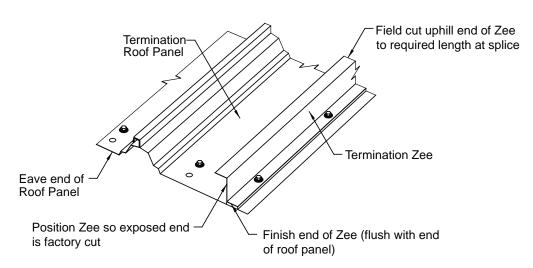
9.5.8 START TERMINATION ZEE AT RIDGE

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Dwg: F_TS0_049R02BRS Date: April 2021







TERMINATION ZEE AT EAVE

Apply two 3/16" beads of tube sealant along the downslope end of the termination **e** e as **b** own.

Pois tion the next downhill \mathbf{z} e, or rlapping the previous y into alled \mathbf{z} e by 2".

Clamp the lapped **e** e while int alling the fat eners

Attach the next zee with roof fasteners. Install the first

fastener through the lapped bottom flanges.

Install a 1/8" pop rivet through the lapped upper flanges.

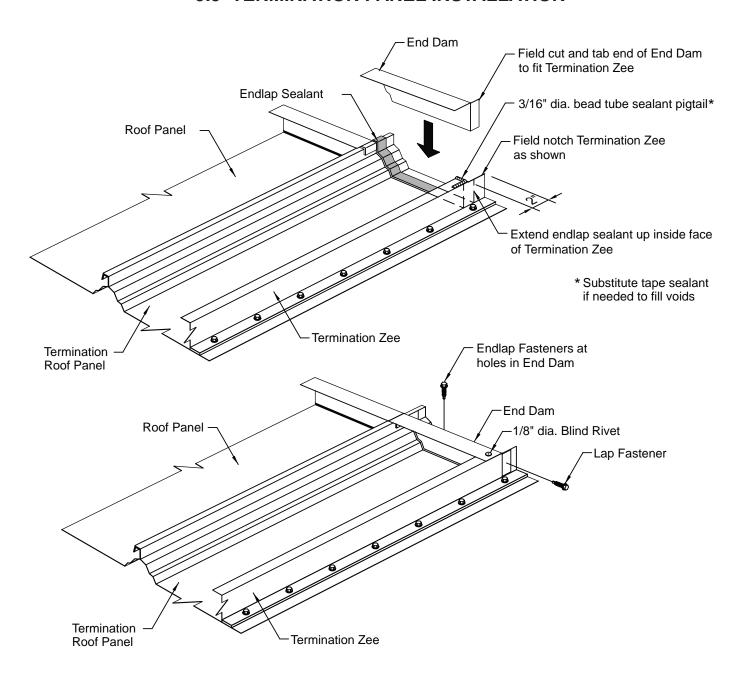
Position the last zee so its down slope end is flush with the eave end of the roof panel. Then α t the up-s ope end for a 2" lap at the β lie .

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Dwg: F_TS0_050R02BRS

Date: April 2021

9.5.9 TERMINATION ZEE ASSEMBLY
AT SPLICE & EAVE





An end dam must be field modified to fit between the roof Field modify the end dam as a own above and into all as panel rib and the termination æ e.

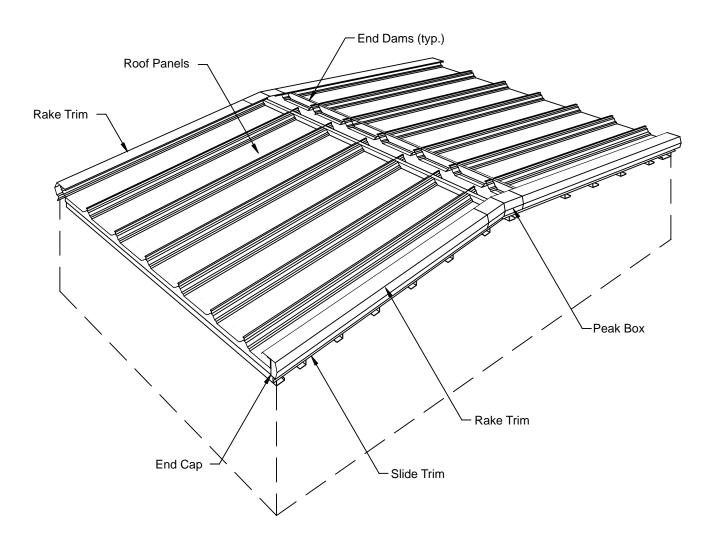
a own.

Into all the ridge sealant to ext end up the fae of the termination æ e as b own.



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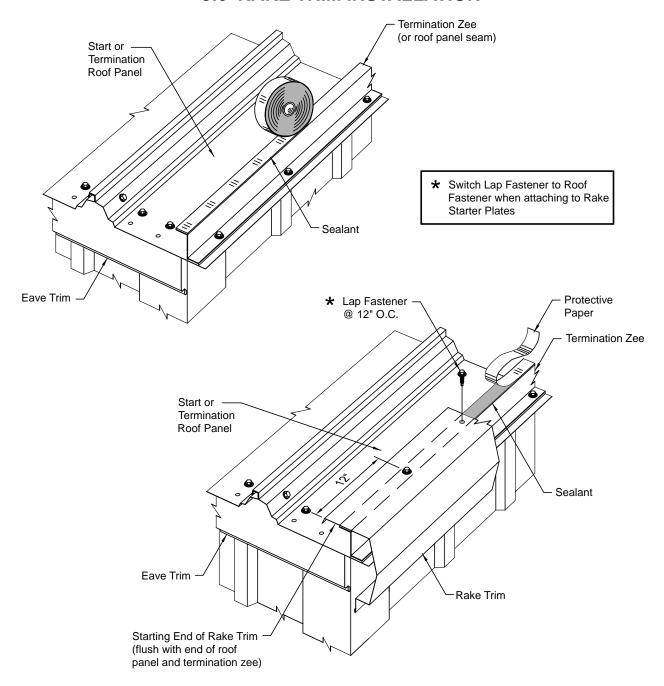


The details in this ${\bf e}$ ction ${\bf b}$ ow the int allation of the rate trim, peak box and end ${\bf a}$ ps

o ndition. The details at a s arting roof panel o ndition are is milar.

These details show the rake trim at a termination roof panel





Int all the rate trim from ease to ridge to prov de for waterb ed at the p lie s

Install flashing sealant continuous along the top flange of the termination **z** e (or roof panel **s** am).

Start the down-slope end of the rake trim flush with the end of the roof panel.

Cheke that the rake trim is properly aligned with the fae of the wall panel.

Fat en the rate trim to the termination e e with lap fat eners at 12" p ac ng, as b own. Attab ment into the b arter plate requires roof fat eners at 12" on e nter.

Be s re to b ek that the fat eners penetrate the e nter of the e alant and e a rely engage the termination e e (or roof panel e am).

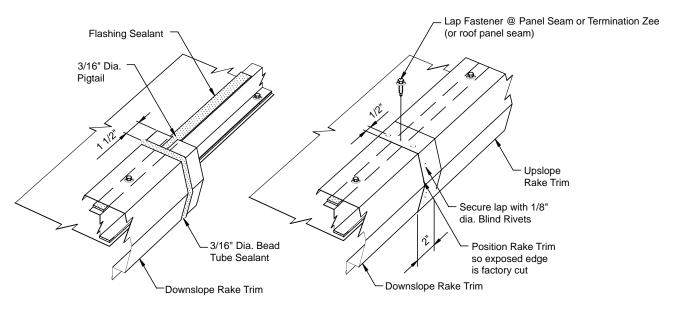


9.6.2 START RAKE TRIM AT EAVE

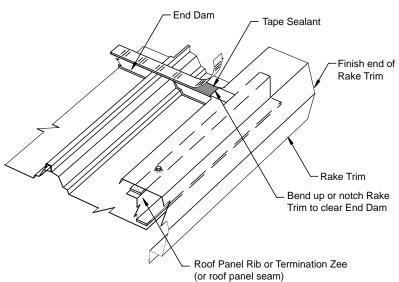
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Dwg: F_TS0_053R02BRS Date: April 2021





RAKE TRIM SPLICE



RAKE TRIM @ RIDGE

As mble rake trim p lie s with tube s alant and rive ts as b own.

At the ridge, field cut the uphill end of the rake trim 3-1/2" bak from the e nter line of the ridge.

Bend or notch the rake trim's lip to clear the top flange of the end dam.

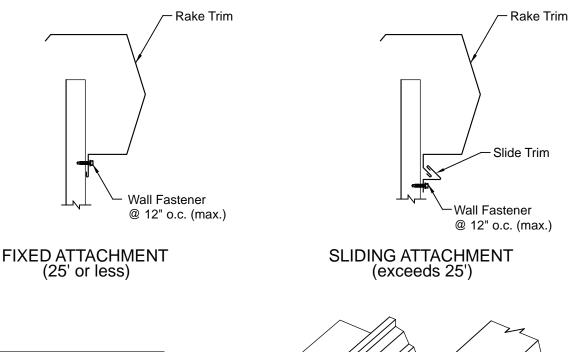
At a high eave transition, field cut the end of the rake trim as required for a weathertight joint with the adjae nt o nts rub ion.

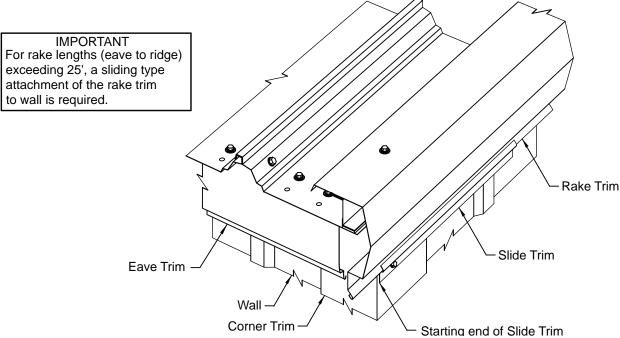
Page 9-52 Dwg: F_TS0_054R00BRS Date: April 2021 9.6.3 RAKE TRIM ASSEMBLY AT SPLICE AND RIDGE



PANELS

9.6 RAKE TRIM INSTALLATION





If the rake trim run is 25' or less, the bottom edge of the rake trim a n be attab ed directly to the wall with wall fasteners as b own.

If the rake trim run exceeds 25', the bottom edge of the rake trim mus be e σ red with the side trim to allow for roof e ans on/o ntration.

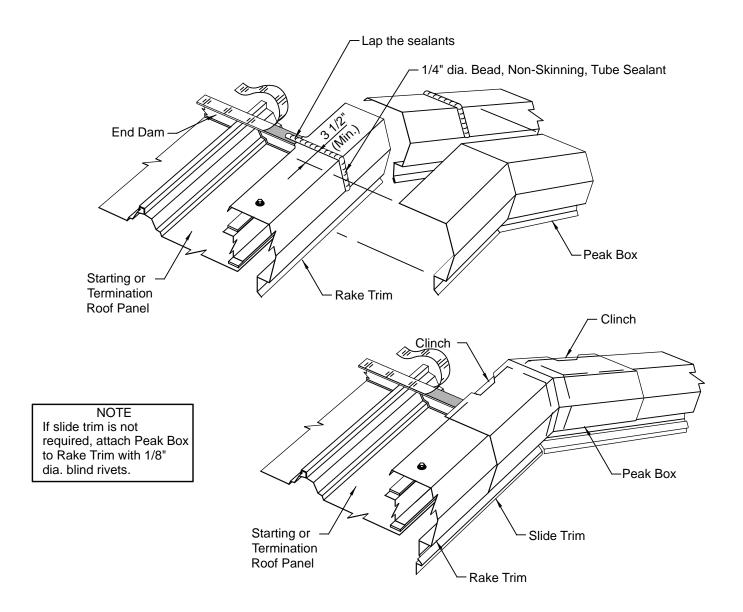
Int all the bide trim o ntinuous along the bottom edge of the rate trim as b own.

In all cases, the bottom edge of the rake trim must be int alled to raight and parallel to the roof line. Use a b alk line (no red b alk to guide the alignment of the rate trim's bottom edge.



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If the rake trim does not require the slide trim for expansion/contraction, the peak box can be installed with tube sealant and rive to in the ${\bf a}$ me manner as a ${\bf p}$ lie .

If the rake trim requires the bide trim for exp anison/o n-traction, the peak box mus be intracted as be own in the above details

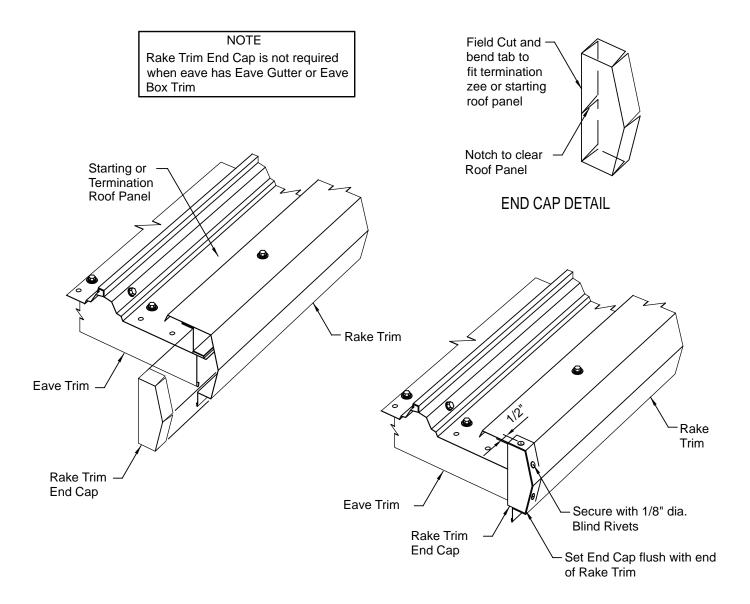
Sea re the top of the peak box by binb ing its top edge around the top edge of the rake trim.

Secure the bottom edge of the peak box with the slide trim.

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Dwg: F_TS0_056R01BRS
Date: April 2021





The rake trim end a p is only required for roof applia tions without ease gutter.

Install the end a p with tube s alant and rive to in the a me manner as a p lie.

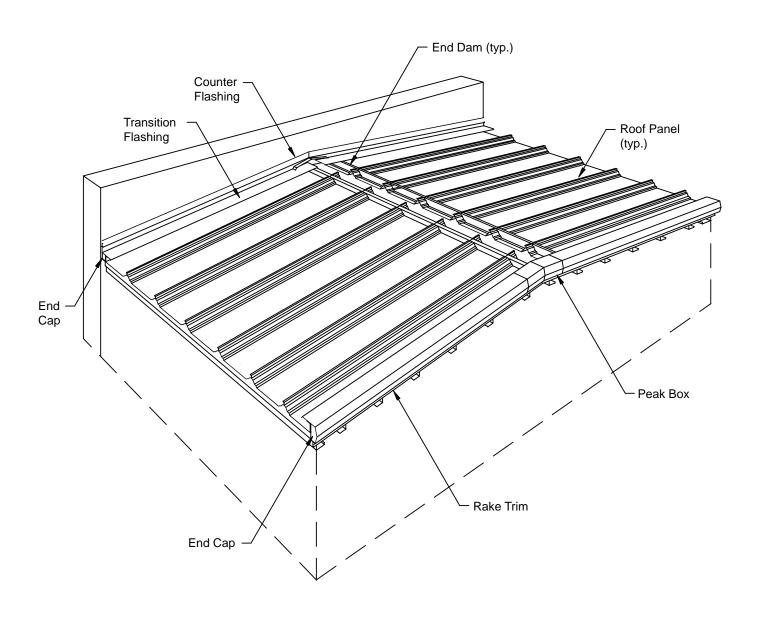
The end cap must be field cut and a tab bent to fit the termination **e** e as **b** own or **b** arting roof panel.



Page 9-55

Dwg: F_TS0_057R01BRS
Date: April 2021





The details in this ${\bf e}$ ${\bf t}$ ion ${\bf b}$ ow the int allation of the rate transition flashing.

Counter flashing details are not shown. Refer to the erection drawings for the required counter flashing.

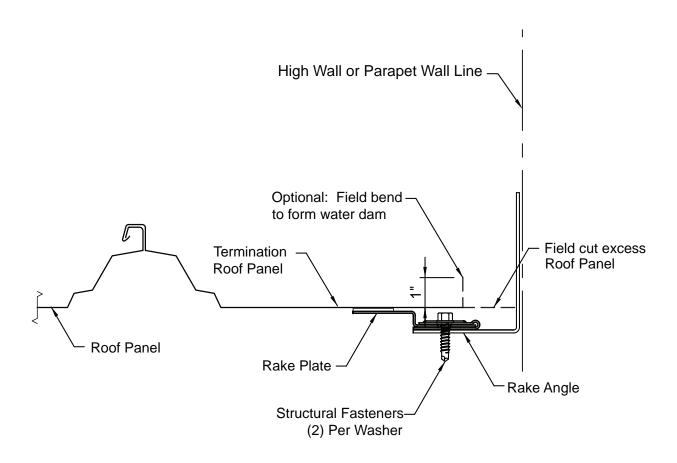
In all cases, verify that counter flashing will:

- 1. Allow expansion/contraction of the transition flashing.
- 2. Restrain the transition flashing during roof live loads and wind loads.
- 3. Provide a weather resistant seal between the transition flashing and the wall.

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Dwg: F_TS0_058R00BRS
Date: April 2021

9.7.1 ORIENTATION VIEW





RAKE PERIMETER PLATE AT HIGH WALL

For rake to wall transition o nditions position rake plate as be own.

Refer to the eret ion drawings for the required p at ng and orientation of the rake plate from the fae of the rake angle.

Excess panel may be bent to field form water dam

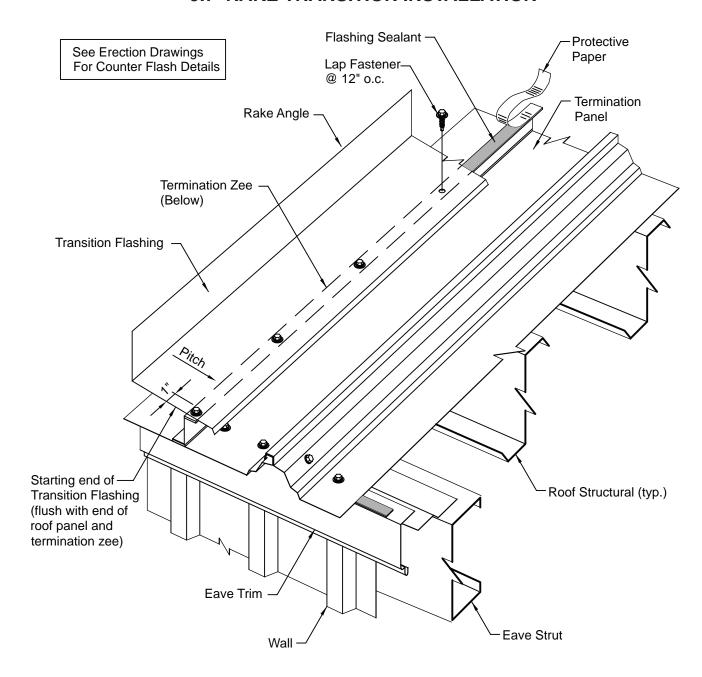


9.7.2 RAKE PLATE POSITION FOR RAKE TRANSITION

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Dwg: F_TS0_059R02BRS Date: April 2021





Install the transition flashing from eave to ridge to provide for water ${\bf b}$ ed at the ${\bf p}$ lie s

Int all termination Zee per to andard rate trim details

Install flashing sealant continuous along the top and bottom flange of the termination zee.

Start the downslope end of the transition flash flush with the end of the roof panel and position the back leg flush with the rate angle or wall on struction.

Be sure to raise the vertical leg of the transition flashing to prov de a pos tie pith and as re waters ed.

Attach the flashing to the termination zee with lap fasteners at 12" p ac ng as b own.

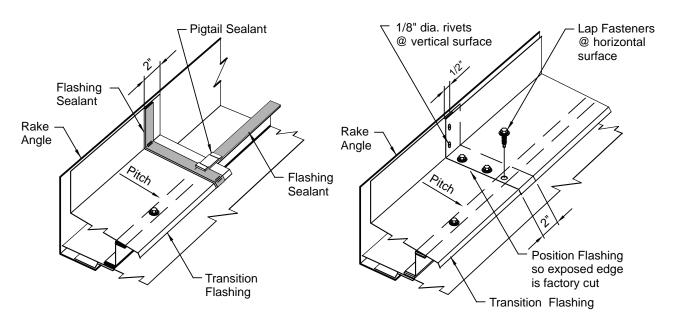
Check that the fasteners penetrate the center of the sealant and ${\bf e}\ {\bf u}$ rely engage the termination ${\bf e}\ {\bf e}$.

Page 9-58

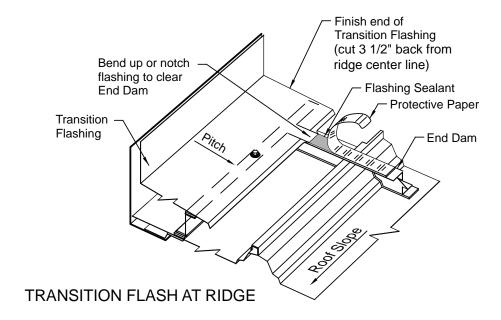
Dwg: F_TS0_060R01BRS
Date: April 2021

9.7.3 START TRANSITION FLASHING AT EAVE





TRANSITION FLASHING SPLICE



Assemble transition flashing splices with flashing sealant and lap fat eners as **b** own. Wipe dry and **b** ean the lapping surfaces of the flashing.

Bend or notch the flashing's lip to clear the top flange of the end dam.

At the ridge, field cut the end of the flashing 3-1/2" away from the e nter line of the ridge.

At a **high eave transition**, field cut the end of the flashing as required for a weathertight joint with the adjae nt on the ruction.

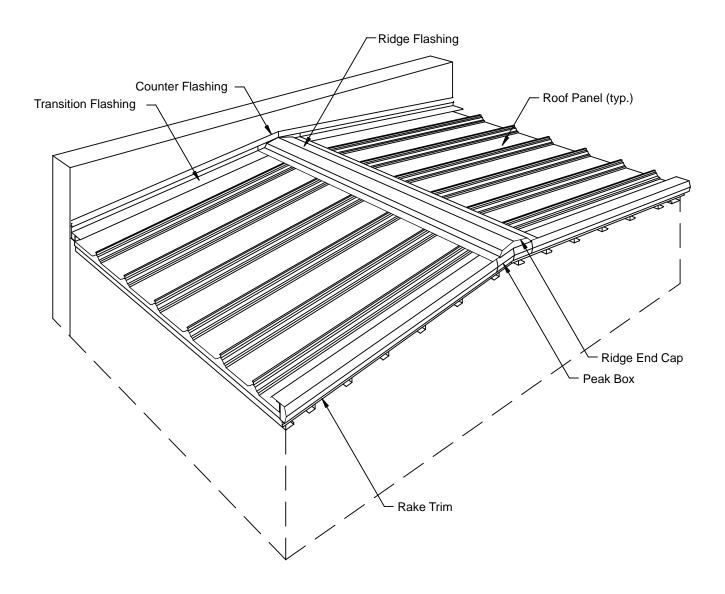


9.7.4 TRANSITION FLASHING ASSEMBLY AT SPLICE AND EAVE

Page 9-59

Dwg: F_TS0_061R01BRS Date: April 2021





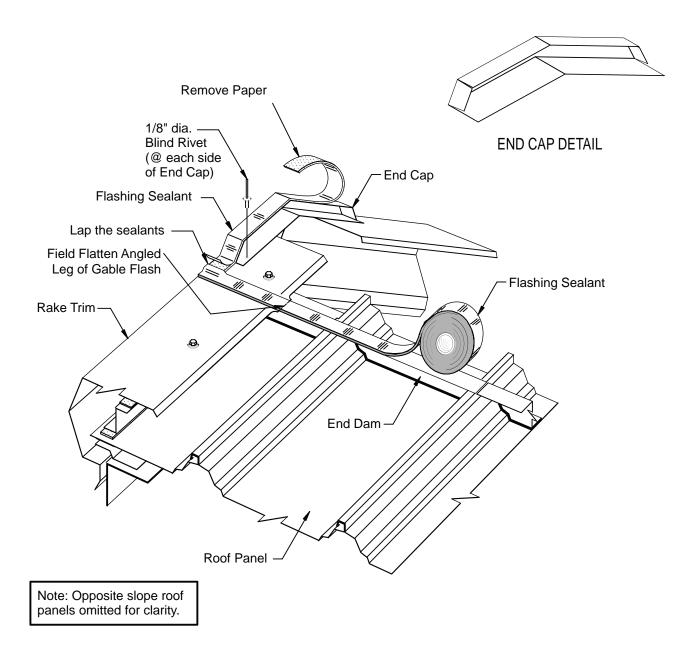
The details in this \mathbf{e} \mathbf{t} ion \mathbf{b} ow the installation of the ridge \mathbf{e} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{e}

The ridge cover can start or finish at either a rake trim condition or a rake transition o ndition.

Page 9-60 Dwg: F_TS0_062R00BRS

Date: April 2021





Position the end cap so its face is flush with the face of the rake trim.

Fasten the end cap to the rake trim with (2) rivets as a own.

Install flashing sealant on top of the end cap as shown. Align the edge of the sealant flush with face of the end cap and ex end the e alant to align with the end dams

Install flashing sealant continuous along the top flange of the end dams Lap the end of the e alant over the end a pe alant.

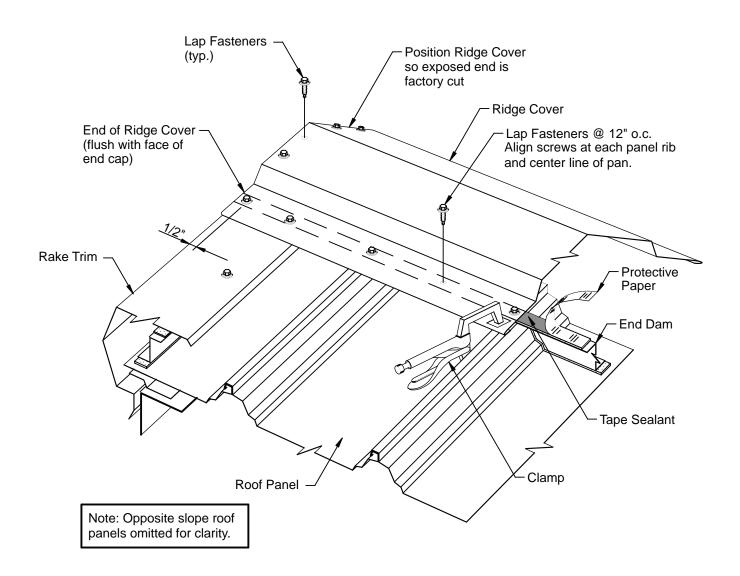


9.8.2 INSTALL END CAP AT RAKE TRIM

Page 9-61

Dwg: F_TS0_063R00BRS Date: April 2021





Int all the ridge o ver to p an ac os the opposing end dams run as b own.

Position the end of the ridge cover flush with the face of the end ${\bf a}$ p.

Align the center of the ridge cover over the ridge centerline. Ue a $\mathfrak s$ ring line to a $\mathfrak s$ re a $\mathfrak s$ raight ridge o $\mathfrak e$ r in $\mathfrak s$ allation.

Fats en the ridge o e r to the end dams with lap fats eners

 ${\bf p}$ ae d as ${\bf b}$ own. Che ${\bf k}$ that the fat eners penetrate the ${\bf e}$ nter of the ${\bf e}$ alant and ${\bf e}$ ${\bf u}$ rely engage the termination ${\bf e}$ ${\bf e}$.

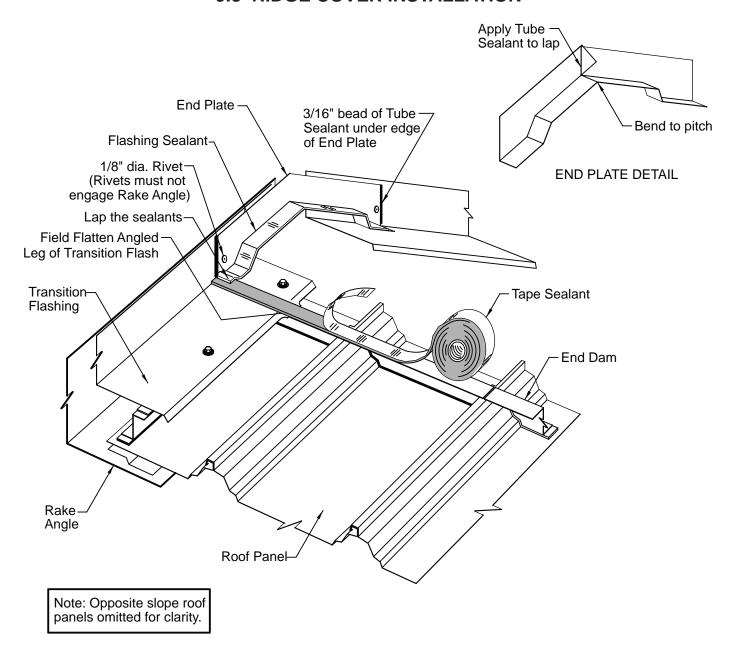
Important: To provide watershed, the ridge cover must have a positive pitch, even during roof panel contraction.

To increase the ridge cover's pitch, first fasten only one edge of the ridge o $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{E}}$ r, then puls on the opposite edge of the ridge cover to deflect its center upward. Hold it in this position with $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{E}}$ amps while fast ening the other edge.

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Dwg: F_TSO_064R00BRS
Date: April 2021

9.8.3 INSTALL RIDGE COVER AT RAKE TRIM





Position the end plate so its face is flush with the face of the transition flashing.

Fasten the end plate to the transition flashing with rivets as a own.

Install flashing sealant on top of the end plate as shown. Position the edge of the sealant flush against the face of the transition flashing and extend the ends of the sealant to align with the end dams

Install flashing sealant continuous along the top flange of the end dams Lap the end of the e alant or r the end a p e alant.

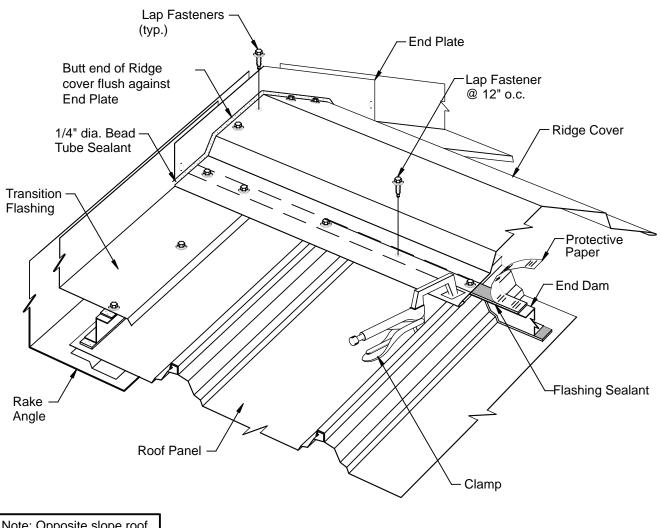


9.8.4 INSTALL END CAP AT RAKE TRANSITION

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Dwg: F_TS0_065R00BRS Date: April 2021





Note: Opposite slope roof panels omitted for clarity.

Into all the ridge o we r to p an ac os the opposing end dam runs as b own.

Position the end of the ridge cover flush against the face of the transition flashing.

Align the center of the ridge cover over the ridge centerline. Ue a $\mathfrak s$ ring line to as re a $\mathfrak s$ raight ridge o $\mathfrak e$ r in $\mathfrak s$ allation.

Fas en the ridge o e r to the end dams with lap fas eners

 ${\bf p}$ ae d as ${\bf b}$ own. Che ${\bf k}$ that the fat eners penetrate the enter of the ${\bf e}$ alant and ${\bf e}$ ${\bf u}$ rely engage the termination

Important: To provide watershed, the ridge cover must have a positive pitch, even during roof panel contraction.

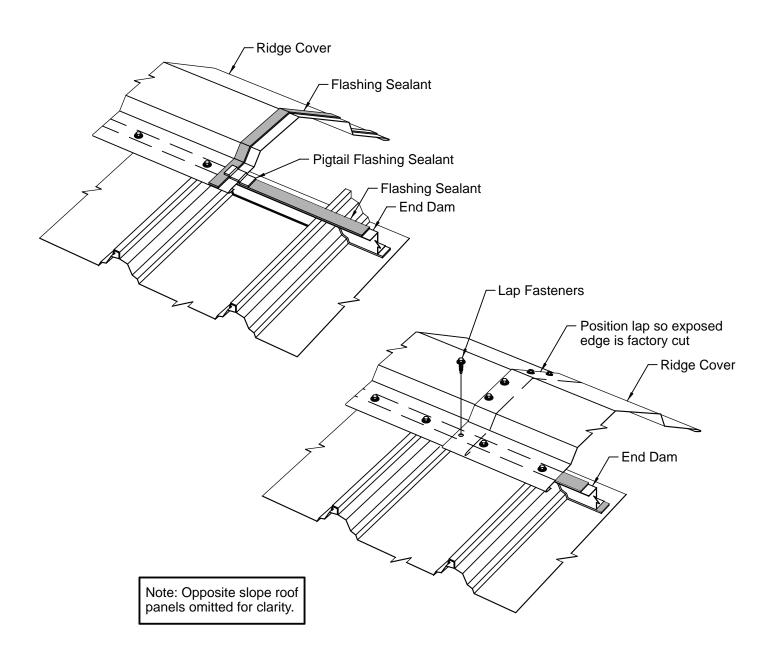
To increase the ridge cover's pitch, first fasten only one edge of the ridge o & r, then pub on the opposite edge of the ridge cover to deflect its center upward. Hold it in this position with b amps while fast ening the other edge.

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Dwg: F_TS0_066R00BRS
Date: April 2021

9.8.5 INSTALL RIDGE COVER AT RAKE TRANSITION





Assemble the ridge cover splices with flashing sealant and lap fats eners as to own.

Important: The splice fasteners must be installed carefully to avoid downward deflection and buckling of the ridge cover ends.

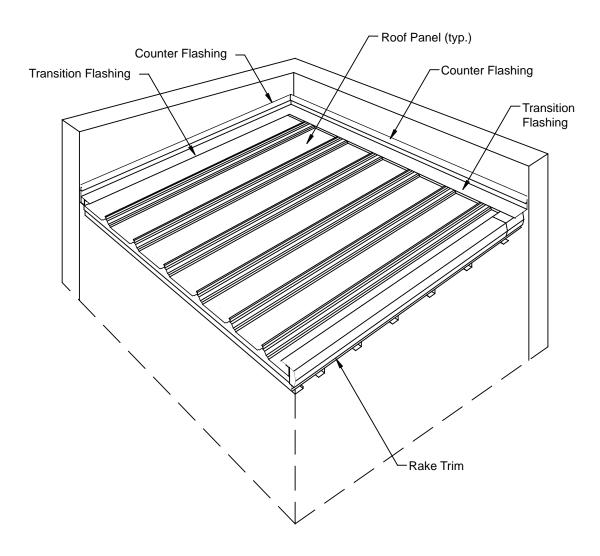


9.8.6 RIDGE COVER ASSEMBLY AT SPLICE

Page 9-65

Dwg: F_TS0_067R01BRS Date: April 2021





The details in this section show the installation of high eave transition flashing.

The transition flashing can start or finish at either a rake trim o ndition or a rake transition o ndition.

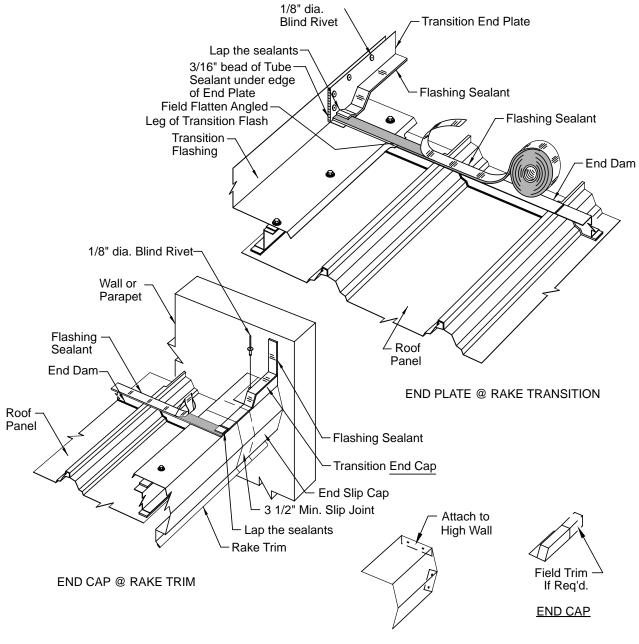
In all cases, verify that counter flashing will:

- 1. Allow expansion/contraction of trnasition flashing.
- 2. Restrain the transition flashing during roof live loads and wind loads.
- 3. Provide a weather resistant seal between the transition flashing and the wall.

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Dwg: F_TS0_068R00BRS
Date: April 2021





END SLIP CAP

Install end b ip a p to wall us ng gable trim to loa te pois tion

Field cut the end cap or end plate to fit as shown.

Position the transition end plate so its face is flush with the face of the rake trim or transition flashing.

Fats en the end a p or end plate with rive ts as to own.

Install flashing sealant on top of the end cap or end plate as shown. Align the edge of the sealant flush with face of the end cap or transition flashing and extend the sealant to align with the end dams

Install flashing sealant continuous along the top flange of the end dams Lap the end of the e alant over the end a pe alant.

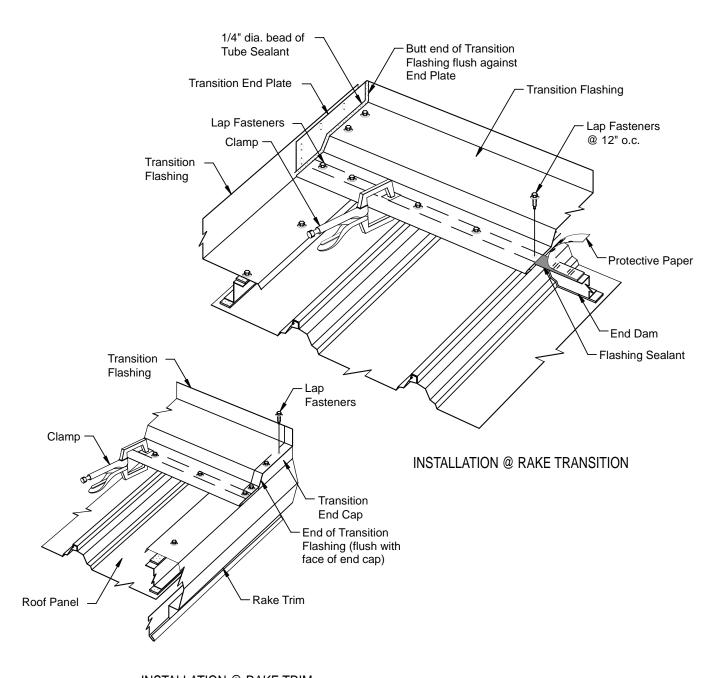


9.9.2 INSTALL END CAP OR END PLATE AT RAKE TRIM OR RAKE TRANSITION

Page 9-67

Dwg: F_TS0_069R02BRS Date: April 2021





INSTALLATION @ RAKE TRIM

Position the end of the flashing flush with the face of the end cap or rake transition flashing and position the back leg flush with the wall construction.

Check that the flashing is set at a positive pitch to assure watershed.

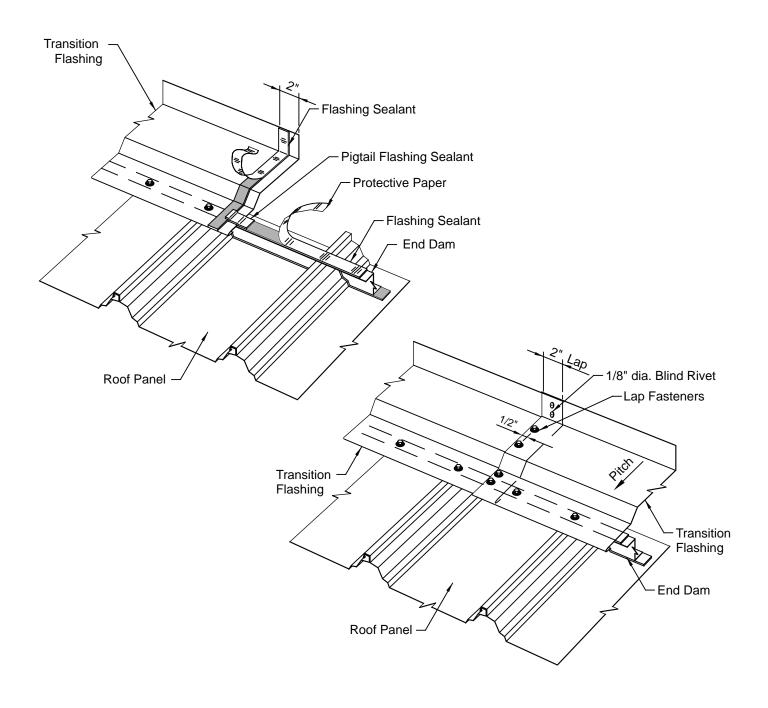
Fasten the transition flashing to the end dams with lap fasteners spaced at 1'-0" on centers. Check that the fasteners penetrate the ${\bf e}$ nter of the ${\bf e}$ alant and ${\bf e}$ ${\bf u}$ rely engage the termination ${\bf e}$ ${\bf e}$.

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Dwg: F_TS0_070R00BRS
Date: April 2021

9.9.3 INSTALL TRANSITION FLASHING AT RAKE TRIM OR RAKE TRANSITION





and lap fat eners as to own.

Assemble the transition flashing splices with flashing sealant Important: The splice fasteners must be installed carefully to avoid downward deflection and buckling of the flashing ends.

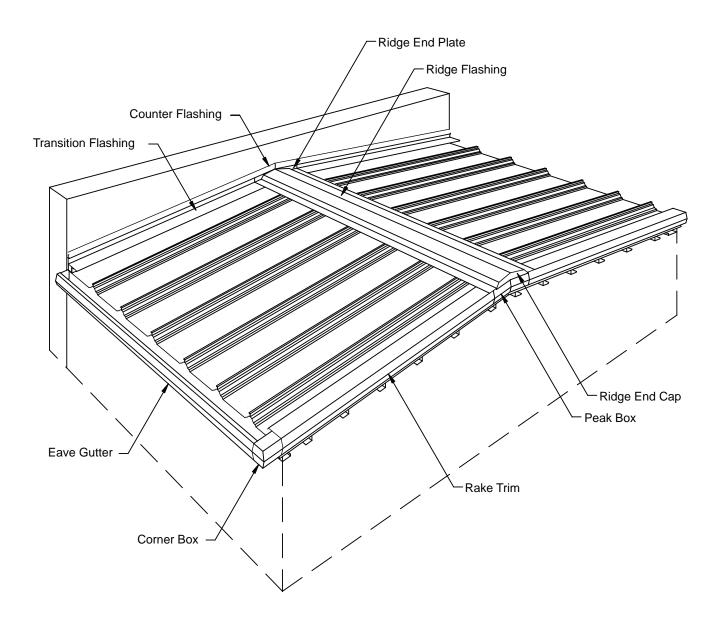


9.9.4 TRANSITION FLASHING ASSEMBLY **AT SPLICES**

Page 9-69

Dwg: F_TS0_071R00BRS Date: April 2021





The details in this e t ion b ow as mbly and int allation of ease gutter.

As mbly of the gutter **b** ould be ao mplib ed with a re given to the final appearance. The appearance of the gutter will have a c itia I effect on the appearane of the project.

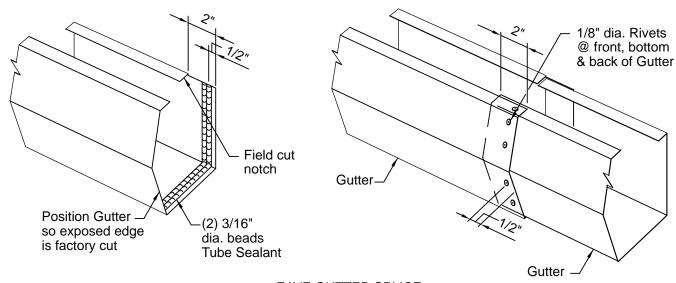
Determine which direction the building is most often viewed from. Int all gutter laps facing away from the mot often viewed direction.

Proper downp outs are nee a ry to prevent gutter over-flow and roof flooding. Refer to the erection drawings to determine the required downp out is ze and p aic ng.

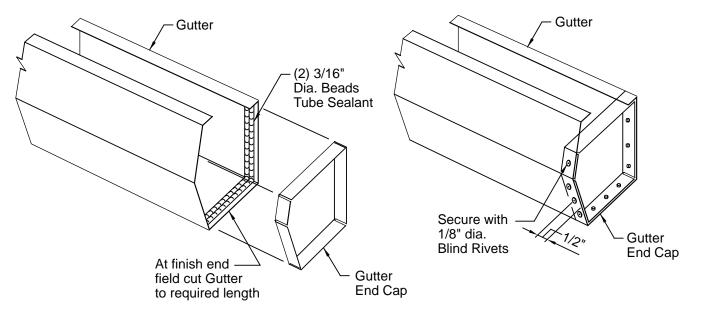
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Dwg: F_TS0_072R01BRS
Date: April 2021





EAVE GUTTER SPLICE



EAVE GUTTER END CAP

Law ut the gutter as mblies in manageable lengths (30' to 40') before raising to the roof.

Assemble the gutter end caps and splices with tube sealant and rive ts as b own on the above details

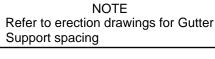
Start and finish the gutter ends flush with the exterior face of the rake walls

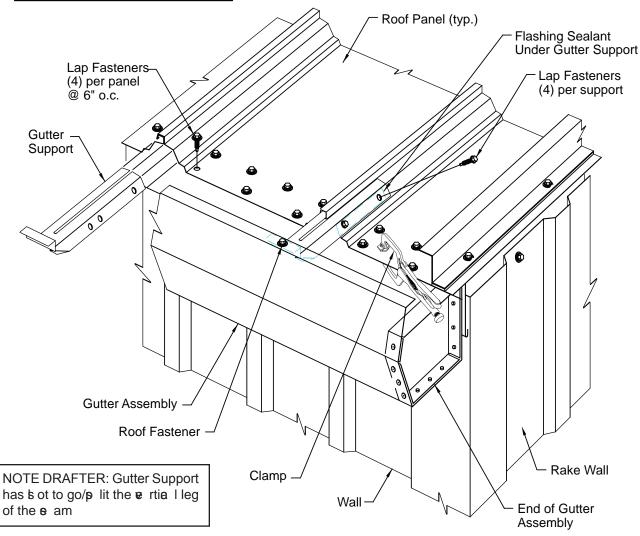
Erection Tip: Assemble lengths on the ground then with proper man power slide the length under the eave and temporary bamp to ease os rhang for fat ening thru factory punb ed holes



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Lift the gutter as mbly into pos tion under the edge of the roof panels and temporarily clamp the back flange of the gutter to the roof panel.

Position the back face of the gutter assembly flush against the eave trim and position its ends flush with the exterior fae of the rake wall.

Fasten the gutter's back flange to the underside of the roof panel with lap fat eners through pre-punb ed holes as b own.

Cheke that the lap fate eners are $\boldsymbol{e}_{}$ $\boldsymbol{\sigma}_{}$ rely engaged into the gutter's back flange.

Apply strips of flashing sealant to the inside and along the length of the gutter a pports. Postion the e alant of r the fat ory punb ed holes in the a pport.

Install the gutter supports using a string line to assure gutter is $\mathfrak s$ raight and fat en to the roof panel with lap fat eners Refer to eret ion drawings for the required gutter $\mathfrak s$ pport $\mathfrak p$ ac ng.

Align the outer edge of the gutter **s** raight and leve 1.

Fasten the gutter's outer flange to the end of the gutter so pport with a rise t as so own.

If gutter hanger fat eners do not penetrate init de bos re, install additional fasteners through gutter hanger into inside bos re.

ETAL

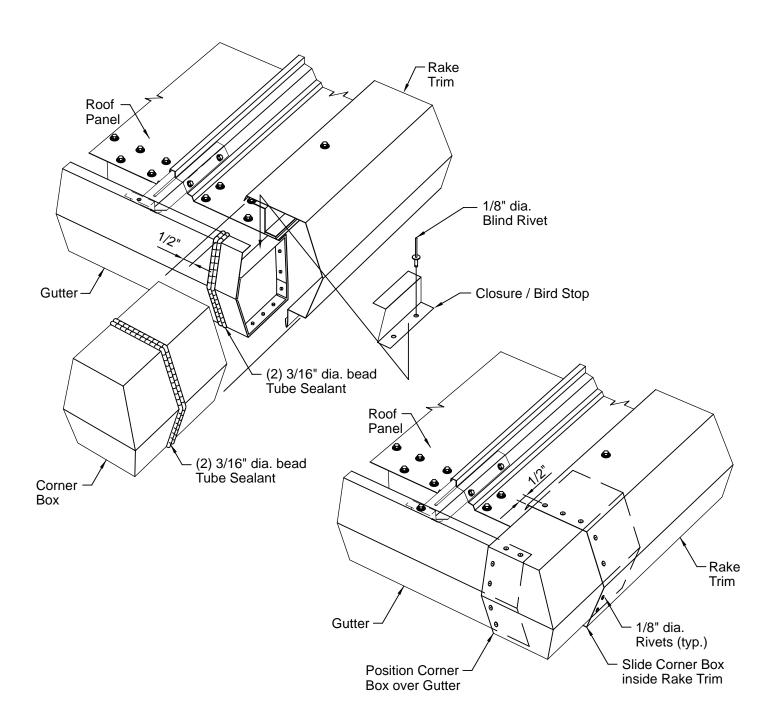
PANELS

NC.

Page 9-72

Dwg: F_TS0_074R01BRS
Date: April 2021

9.10.3 INSTALL EAVE GUTTER



Install the o rner box s as b own.

Install bird \$ op on top of gutter end \$ op and align with termination æ e or panel e am.

Pois tion the o rner box to lap over the face of the gutter and inis de of the rake trim.

Carefully align the o rner box o it is to raight and leve I with the gutter and the rake trim.

Attach the corner box with tube sealant and rivets as a own.



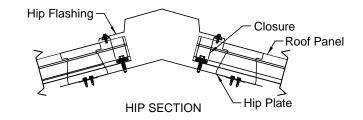
9.10.4 INSTALL CORNER BOX

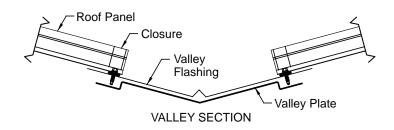
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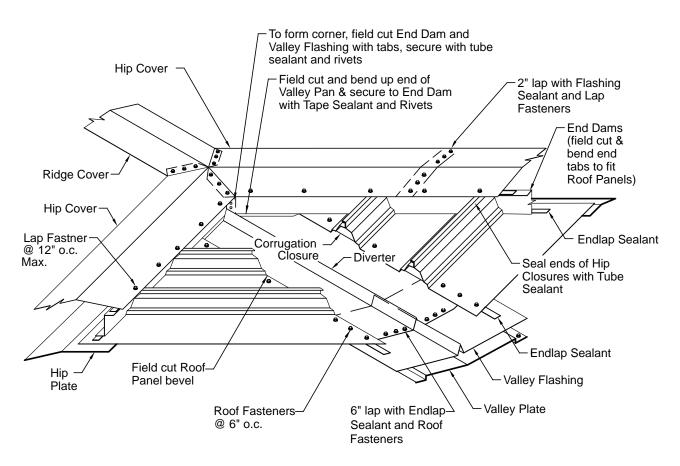
Dwg: F_TS0_075R01BRS Date: April 2021



9.11 HIP AND VALLEY INSTALLATION







The above details show typical hip and valley details. Refer to the erection drawings for specific hip and valley details.

Valley o nditions require be led o rrugation bos res to ao mmodate the be led roof panel ends

Hip conditions are similar to ridge conditions, except special end dams and hip plates are required to ao mmodate the beveled roof panel ends

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Dwg: F_TS0_076R01BRS
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